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東京帝國大學法學部研究室

R.A.F. Battles Weather To Reach Targets In Germany

Many Objectives Attained Despite "Almost Impossible Conditions"

London, Oct. 13.

DETAILS of how British pilots had to combat almost "impossible" weather conditions as well as Nazi defences in carrying out widespread raids on Germany and German-occupied areas Friday night were today released by the Air Ministry.

Heavy British bombers, the Air Ministry communique stated, encountered what one pilot described as "impossible weather" both on their way home and en route to their targets.

Near the Dutch coast the sky was completely overcast and below the depth of thick clouds dense fogs and rain storms hid the land and sea, the communique said.

In addition, severe icing conditions handicapped the pilots.

"Docks at Kiel and Wilhelmshaven, however, were again attacked, aerodromes in the Frisian Islands provided other targets," the communique continued.

"Bombers which attacked Wilhelmshaven found a patch of clear weather over the target, although a ground haze prevented detailed observations.

Enormous Explosion

"An enormous white explosion followed the release of a very heavy bomb on the dock area and fires were seen after the attacks from other aircraft.

"Bremen was attacked at the same time as Kiel and a series of explosions were observed after the raid and three fires were blazing.

"Docks and the Deutsche Petroleum works at Hamburg were also bombed and fires were started in the early stage of our attack.

"Several aerodromes on the islands strung along the Dutch and German coasts suffered severely, among them were De Kooy, Texel, Norderney, Wangeroog and Sylt.

Enemy Fighter Downed

"During the attack on De Koony, where fires and explosions were observed, a heavy bomber was attacked by two enemy fighters. The R.A.F. rear gunner fired three long bursts at 150 yards. At once an enemy fighter went down and disappeared in the swish of the water. The other enemy aircraft immediately wheeled off.

"At Den Helder one pilot came down to 5,000 feet in order to attack the shipping along the quayside. Five fires followed and from the observers' report it is evident that ships and sheds were hit. Other bombs were known to have fallen on the jetty.

"Invasion ports were again attacked, including Antwerp, Ostend, Calais, Boulogne and le Treport. One of the results observed was a large explosion and fires in the inner harbour of Boulogne. At Ostend bombs fell on the outer harbour and fires were started in several bases," the communique concluded.—United Press.

British Continue Hammering

Dover, Oct. 13.

Huge squadrons of British bombers intensified their attacks against German invasion bases along the French coast last night, following up the joint naval and air attack on Cherbourg last week.

Earth-rocking explosions, which even rattled house windows on the English side of the Channel, could be heard rumbling across the sea from the French shore as early as 7 p.m.

Although a heavy mist covered the Channel when the raids began, making it impossible to see the extent of the British action, by 9 p.m. the weather had cleared and the explosion of scores of British bombs along the French coast could be seen from here.

The British attack at that time was centered on a sector east of Boulogne. The bombardment was still so intense that windows here rattled louder than in the early evening.

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

Libya Ports Again Raided by R.A.F.

Ship Set Afire Alongside Breakwater; Tobruk Quay, Shipping Bombed

Cairo, Oct. 13.

The Royal Air Force continued raids on Libyan ports yesterday. Attacking in waves the raiders caused great damage without suffering loss. A ship moored alongside a breakwater received a direct hit and was set on fire. The fire could be seen for miles.

On Friday evening British bombers again attacked Tobruk. Bombs were seen to burst on the quay and others fell close to the stern of a large ship. Direct hits were scored on another ship despite heavy anti-aircraft fire. Extensive reconnaissance flights also were carried out.

A communique states that Asmara in Eritrea was again raided, bombs falling among hangars and buildings. Gura in Abyssinia was raided on Thursday and Friday. On Thursday three fires were started. On Friday Adaga also was raided, all bombs falling in the target area.

Aircraft of the South African Air Force were again active in Abyssinia and Italian Somaliland. For the fifth time heavy bombs were dropped on aerodrome buildings and direct hits were scored. Considerable damage was done to Italian motor transport in this area. For the fourth time, Birikau in Somaliland was bombed. Other aircraft carried out normal reconnaissances.

Italian planes attempted to raid Wajir and Lodwar regions on Thursday. These attempts were unsuccessful, there were no damage or casualties. From all the operations British aircraft returned safely.

Another clash between a British mechanized patrol and Italian troops is revealed in an official communique. The clash occurred on October 9 at Gebelgamal, in the Sudan. Eighteen of the enemy were killed. British casualties were one killed, one wounded. Other fronts remain quiet. —Reuter.

Train Wrecked by Wheel-Barrow

Five Killed, 50 Injured In Freak Accident

London, Oct. 13.

Five persons were killed and fifty others were injured yesterday in a freak accident which derailed a passenger train while it was approaching the London area.

The train was derailed by a wheelbarrow which fell from a station platform, was dragged along by the train engine until it became wedged between the tracks and a switch, and then derailed the engine.

The engine overturned, burying several persons standing near the track. Passenger coaches behind the engine telescoped into each other and a few of them turned over.

A few rails were torn up and rammed through the railway cars. Lights were extinguished in the train and the passengers were thrown from their seats by the sudden jolt.—United Press.

U.S. Will Appease Nobody, Declares Mr. Willkie

Republican Candidate Determined to Keep U.S. Out of War, But Will Protect Democracy

Lawrence, Mass., Oct. 13.

MR. Wendell Willkie, Republican candidate for the Presidency, announced in a campaign speech here yesterday that the American people would appease no nation on earth and stood ready to give their lives to protect their Democratic institutions.

Mr. Willkie, however, expressed his firm determination to keep the United States out of war and said that if elected, he would not undertake to "fight anybody else's war."

"The next Administration," Mr. Willkie said, "will bear the awful responsibility of keeping us at peace. We can have peace, but we must know how to preserve it.

"Our Boys Shall Stay Out"

"We will not undertake to fight anybody else's war. Our boys shall stay out of the European War. But by the same token, we shall appease no one. We will stand for our Democratic institutions, and stand ready to defend them with our lives if necessary.

"How then shall we stay out of war and avoid appeasement? There is only one way. We must become strong. We must build ourselves an air force, army and navy so strong that no dictator will dare tamper with our commerce, interests and rights. That is the defence programme we must have."—United Press.

Attacks New Deal

Albany, N.Y., Oct. 13.

Another attack on the alleged failure of the Roosevelt Administration to provide the United States with adequate defence facilities was delivered here last night in a campaign speech by Mr. Wendell Willkie, Republican Presidential candidate.

Mr. Willkie said that "although it has been talking about national defence for almost five years, the New Deal has failed to make use of our potential strength."

"We all know," Mr. Willkie said, "what happened to the French Army because of its lack of sufficient weapons for use against tanks.

"Our Army manœuvres at Pittsburg in 1939 disclosed that our National Guard also had no such weapons."—United Press.

Portuguese President Sees British Envoy

London, Oct. 13.

General Antonio Oscar de Fragoso Carmona, President of Portugal, yesterday received the British Ambassador, Sir Walford Harmood Montagne Selby, and the President of the British Policy Society in Oporto.

The President also received the Rumanian Minister, M. Jean Pangal, who has been called home.—Reuter.

Fierce Fights Mark London's 200th Raid

Breakfast Deliveries as Usual Made Within Few Minutes of "All Clear"

London, Oct. 13.

London yesterday had its 200th air raid alert since the beginning of the war, when the third of Saturday's five daylight warnings was given. Fierce battles were fought in the clouds near the south-east coast, when raiders attempting to reach London were intercepted by Hurricanes and Spitfires.

One or two enemy fighter-bombers managed to get through and dropped bombs blindly from a great height. Some houses and shops were destroyed and there were several casualties but a few minutes after the bombs fell, local milkmen and bakers were delivering their wares as usual.

Among provincial areas attacked was a south-east coast town where a single raider dropped six bombs. Five fell harmlessly, the sixth struck a private hotel but the occupants were unhurt. Bombs were dropped on Hastings.

Bullets As Souvenirs

After a peaceful Sunday morning, Londoners had the first alert in which a few lone raiders, profiting by clouds, dropped a couple of bombs and disappeared.

A Messerschmitt fighter machine-gunned the seafront of a town on the south-east coast. People scrambled for bullets as souvenirs. One man was injured.

An underground station was struck by a bomb when some damage was done during Saturday night's air raids on London. Although there were some casualties these were fortunately much fewer than at first feared. Some houses and other buildings were destroyed or damaged, but throughout the London area casualties, although including a number of fatalities, were not heavy.

The most heaviest activity took place before midnight and ceased altogether by the early hours of the morning, says an Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security communique.—Reuter.

Convent Bombed

Nazi plane targets on Friday night included a century-old convent which was showered with incendiary bombs followed by two high explosives. Despite the danger the Mother Superior and members of her staff climbed to high part of the building and fought the flames with hand extinguishers until it was impossible for them to remain longer.

The convent buildings were almost completely gutted or blown to pieces. A valuable library and many pictures were destroyed. The roof of the chapel was badly damaged. None of the nuns was hurt.

"This is mad destruction and God in his good time will take vengeance on the perpetrators," declared the Reverend Mother.

Casualties Said Few

After the all clear was sounded earlier than usual on Friday night the London area had more daylight warnings yesterday. A communique stated that enemy fighter-bombers dropped bombs from a great height at several points in the London area yesterday morning. A few were also dropped in Kent and Sussex. Casualties and damage were not heavy. Four enemy aircraft are known to have been destroyed. One British fighter was lost but the pilot is safe.

Five thousand men of the auxiliary military pioneer corps will start work on Monday on clearance and salvage of debris resulting from air raids in the London area.

In explaining arrangements made for the work Sir Warren Fisher, special commissioner responsible for coordinating the work of restoring damaged roads and public services and organizing clearance of debris in the London region, said the most heavily bombed areas in the east and south-east would be dealt with first.

Bricks to Be Recovered

Five hundred lorries will be used. Good bricks recovered will be used for building shelters and other A.R.P. works. Suitable timber will be used for bunks in shelters and for repairing houses. Personal property salvaged from wrecked dwellings will be cared for by borough councils until it is claimed by owners.

Unusable debris will be dumped in holes or put on Essex marshes. If necessary it will be taken out in hoppers and dumped in the sea.

The civilian labour army alongside whom troops will work will include unemployed skilled men who will be mobilized by the Ministry of Labour. The London County Council and councils of other Home Counties will organize clearance plans, the cost of which will be borne by the Government. A special commissioner who will exercise general direction aims at helping local councils and not superceding those which already are making satisfactory and in some cases rapid progress in clearing up arrears.

When the accumulation is cleared it is hoped that local authorities will be able to clear future wreckage as it occurs.—Reuter.

Midlands Battered

London, Oct. 13.

The German air blitz against London died down last night with only

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

Training Officers for the Tanks

Tanks descending a rough hill during exercises for cadets of the Officers' Cadet Training Unit in the south of England.

Turkish Efforts to Cement Alliance with Soviet Seen

Significance Attached to Despatch of Ankara Envoy to Moscow Following Rumanian Invasion

Moscow, Oct. 13.

WITH friction expected to increase between the Axis Powers and the Soviet Union over the "bloodless" German invasion of the Balkans, the Turkish Ambassador to Russia, Dr. Haidar Aktay, returned to Moscow last night after a two months' leave in Ankara.

The Turkish diplomat's return to Moscow was seen here as the beginning of Turkish efforts to form a united front with Russia to confront the southward expansion of Germany through the Balkans and the threatened Italian invasion of Greece and Yugoslavia.—United Press.

Roof of St. Paul's Rendered Unsafe

Use of Cathedral Organ Prohibited Until Full Repairs are Made

London, Oct. 13.

The roof of St. Paul's Cathedral was rendered unsafe when the cathedral was hit recently by German bombs, it was learned last night.

Cathedral authorities decided yesterday to have work started immediately to render the roof secure. Experts said the roof would have to be lifted and then replaced to render it safe again.

Playing of the cathedral organ has been prohibited for fear that the vibration will bring the roof down.—United Press.

Adm. Yarnell Warns Of Axis Threat

South America Endangered By Drive on Africa

Utica, N.Y., Oct. 13.

Admiral Harry E. Yarnell, former commander-in-chief of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet, warned Americans here yesterday that if the Axis Powers get control of Africa, the United States will not be able to defend South America.

Admiral Yarnell said that a victory by Germany, Italy and Japan would be a threat to civilization. He added that the solution of post-war economic problems would necessitate a "union of nations" to agree on problems of trade, currency and tariffs.

Admiral Yarnell was guest speaker at the local Columbus Day celebration yesterday.—United Press.

Turkey Said Not Anxious About Rumania

Istanbul, Oct. 13.

While the Turks see a potential threat to their security in the German occupation of Rumania, they are not disposed to be unduly anxious until the strength of the occupying forces is known. Germany is believed to be perturbed at the uncertainties of Soviet policy and desires to forestall possible incursions by the Red Army into Rumania and the possible loss of oil wells vital for her campaign against Great Britain.—Reuter.

London, Oct. 13.

The Turkish Ambassador to Russia, Dr. Haidar Aktay, who suddenly returned to Moscow from Ankara, will immediately seek to determine Russia's attitude toward the invasion of the Balkans by the Axis Powers, usually well informed quarters reported here last night.

Reliable quarters in London said Dr. Aktay carried instructions to ascertain Russia's policy in the event Turkey decides to give armed assistance to Greece against a possible Italian invasion.

Russians' Assurance

British circles said present indications are that Russia will refrain from making any commitments to Turkey, but it was believed possible here that Russia may assure Turkey that the Red Army will not attack Turkey if the latter decides to aid Greece.

In view of the entry of German forces into Rumania, British circles believe it is certain that Dr. Aktay's conversations in Moscow will seek to clarify Russia's position toward the establishment of German power in the Black Sea with its consequent threat to the Dardanelles, Bulgaria and ultimately Turkey, Iran and Iraq.—United Press.

New Soviet Envoy at Ankara

Ankara, Oct. 13.

The Turkish Premier, Dr. Refix Saydam, yesterday conferred at length with the new Russian Ambassador to Turkey, M. Vinigradov, whose arrival here coincided with the return to Moscow of the Turkish Ambassador to Russia.

No official indication has been given as to the nature of the conversation between the Premier and the Russian Ambassador, but it was believed they were reviewing the possible consequences of the Axis invasion of the Balkans.—United Press.

South Americans Enter Canadian Air Force

Group Enlisted by Buenos Aires Volunteers

Ottawa, Oct. 13.

The first group of sixteen South American volunteers for the Royal Canadian Air Force will arrive in New York tomorrow aboard the liner Uruguay en route to Ottawa, it was learned here last night.

The South American pilots will come to Ottawa from New York by train .They will be assigned immediately as instructors under the Air Training Command.

The South Americans enrolled in the Canadian Air Force in Buenos Aires, where a volunteer sub-committee is accepting enlistments.—United Press.

French Warned by Nazis to Cheer New Films "At The Right Time"

Stern Threat Issued After Applause at Scenes Of Destruction Caused by R.A.F. in Germany

Vichy, Oct. 13.

Paris Radio yesterday broadcast a warning from German army officials that all motion picture theatres in France might be closed down unless Frenchmen learned to applaude "at the right time."

The announcement said there should be no repetition of recent demonstrations in which French audiences applauded scenes of air raid destruction in Germany during the showing of German propaganda news reels.

The German announcement warned Frenchmen that the German Army considered applause "at the wrong time" during motion pictures an "act of hostility" toward Germany.

If such a demonstration was repeated by even a single outburst of applause anywhere in France "at the wrong time," all motion picture theatres would be closed, the German announcement said.

The Paris radio at the same time announced that representatives of the German and Italian armistice committees were touring unoccupied areas of France to check up on the Vichy Government's observance of the armistice terms.

The Vichy Government last night confirmed that German and Italian agents had arrived in unoccupied areas of France, but added that these agents "have no rights in the free zone." Frenchmen in unoccupied France were advised not to submit to requisitions by the German and Italian agents.—United Press.

Aeroplanes ! ! !

The monthly list of the Voluntary War Contribution Fund closes on October 15, and will be published on October 17. The sum of £3,000 is required to bring the monthly quota up to the standard of £10,000 which Britons in Shanghai have already set themselves.

HAVE YOU DONE YOUR BIT THIS MONTH? If not now is the time to decide what you can afford monthly and sent it in to either the

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation
or the
Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China.

Axis Defied by Mr. Roosevelt

Hemispheric Doctrine of Unity is Proclaimed in Assurance to Britain

Dayton, Ohio, Oct. 13.

President Roosevelt proclaimed a Western Hemisphere doctrine of "All For One and One For All" here last night and defied the new military alliance between Japan and the Axis Powers.

Mr. Roosevelt announced that the United States was determined to continue its military aid to the British people "whose heroic fight now holds aggression far from our shores."

"No combination of the dictator countries of Europe and Asia will stop the help we are giving to almost the last free people in the world besides us. The British are fighting to hold these dictator nations at bay."

"The Whole Hemisphere"

President Roosevelt said the United States rearmament programme has been desgined for the defence of the United States "and, in cooperation with the other American Republics, to help defend the whole Western Hemisphere."

"Unprecedented dangers," the President said, "have caused the United States to undertake the building of a Navy and an air force sufficient to defend all the coasts of America against any combination of hostile Powers."

New Bases Acquired

President Roosevelt declared that the United States has acquired eight new naval and air bases from Britain in the Western Hemisphere "not for the protection of the United States alone."

"They were acquired," Mr. Roosevelt said, "for the protection of the whole Western Hemisphere. They have been opened by the United States to other American Republics for cooperative use."

Mr. Roosevelt affirmed the intention of the United States to do its utmost to continue its "traditional peaceful use of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans." He emphasized that for years he had done his utmost to prevent the involvement of the United States or any of the American Republics in any of the world's wars.—United Press.

Confidence Expressed By Gen. de Gaulle

Message Sent to Premier From Cameroons

London, Oct. 13.

Complete confidence is expressed by General Charles de Gaulle in a telegram to the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, from Duala, in the French Cameroons. The message states:

"From French soil over which the enemy has no control I send to you and to the valiant peoples of the British Empire an expression of complete confidenco and faithful friendship from 14,000,000 Frenchmen or French subjects already bound to me for prosecution of the war by the side of the Allies until final victory."

Mr. Churchill replied: "I received your telegram with great pleasure and send my best wishes to you and all other Frenchmen who are resolved to fight on with us. We shall stand resolutely together until all obstacles have been overcome and we share in the triumph of our cause."—Reuter.

Two Liners Being Sent To Evacuate Far East

ss. Washington Being Prepared to Sail for Shanghai on Thursday; Manhattan Expected To Be Ready for Departure This Week

Washington, Oct. 13.

THE Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, announced yesterday that the large liners Manhattan and Washington were being overhauled preparatory to making an emergency dash to the Far East to aid in the evacuation of Americans from China, the Japanese Empire, Manchoukuo, Hongkong and French Indo-China.

Reports from New York said the Washington had received orders to sail for Shanghai next Thursday, the date on which Britain will reopen the Burma Road, for shipment, of war supplies to Chungking.

The sailing date for the Manhattan has not yet been disclosed, but it was believed the liner probably would get under way on the emergency mission before the end of this week.

Officials of the United States Lines, owners of the Washington, declined to comment on the order for the preparation of the vessel for sailing.

The order was received late last night from Washington, where Mr. John M. Franklin, president of the U. S. Lines, conferred with officials of the U. S. Maritime Commission.

Tonnage Available

The United States will place sufficient tonnage in the Pacific to take care of approximately 15,000 Americans in the Far East who are expected to respond to the State Department's "suggestion" for immediate evacuation.

Negotiations Proceed

The Washington will sail Thursday or earlier if workmen are able to accelerate the task of placing extra sleeping facilities in public rooms.

Maritime Commission officials yesterday revealed that negotiations were progressing with the United States Lines for the purpose of using the largest liners in the American merchant marine for evacuating Americans from the Far East if an emergency should arise.

Shipping quarters pointed out that the newly-completed liner America also is available for emergency use.

In the event of an extreme emergency, U. S. Navy and Army transport vessels could be pressed into service for the purpose of speeding the evacuation, shipping quarters said. —United Press.

Rome Press Starts Threats Again

British Air Force Said Saved by U.S. Aid

Rome, Oct. 13.

The Italian press yesterday threatened Britain with intensified German air raids and said the British air force would have been knocked out of action now if it had not been reinforced by planes from the United States.

The semi-official weekly magazine, "International Relations," meanwhile said the results of the recent Brenner Pass meeting between Chancellor Adolf Hitler and Premier Benito Mussolini would soon be disclosed.

The magazine predicted increased German air raids on Britain and the beginning of a new Italian offensive in Egypt as a result of the Brenner Pass meeting between the two dictators.

Sig. Mario Appelius, mouthpiece of Premier Mussolini, said yesterday to Il Duce's Milan newspaper, "Popolo d'Italia," that the German bombardment of the British Isles will be one of the "deciding factors in the Axis plans to smash the British Empire."

The writer claimed that without the aid of the United States, the British air force "would have ceased to exist long ago."—United Press.

U.S. Labour Backs Blockade

New York, Oct. 13.

Mr. William Green, President of the American Federation of Labour, has telegraphed Mr. Herbert Hoover, former President, saying that he is opposed to lifting the British blockade to feed people in Europe.—Reuter.

Siamese Threat to Burma Rd. Seen

French Report Thailand To Co-operate with Axis Against Chinese

Vichy, Oct. 13.

French reports received here from Bangkok last night predicted that Thailand would aid Japan in attempting to keep the Burma Highway closed after it is reopened by the British Government on October 17.

One French dispatch quoted the Thailand Foreign Minister as having declared that Thailand had decided to co-operate with the Axis Powers internationally, and threatening to precipitate "troublesome events" on the southern Asia peninsula a few days before Britain reopens the Burma Highway.

French reports pointed out that Thailand's position, between French Indo-China and Burma, and directly north of Singapore and the Dutch East Indies, makes Thailand a convenient base for military operations if the Axis Powers decide to interrupt supplies intended for Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's armies.

More Bombers Than Indo-China

Thailand, it was pointed out, has 100 modern American bombers and fighter planes, twice the air strength now possessed by French Indo-China. The Japanese air force, it was pointed out, also can concentrate in Tonkin province of Indo-China within striking distance of the Burma Highway.

"Thailand, however, offers even more advantageous bases for a repressive action against convoys going from Rangoon through Mandalay and up the Burma Road," one report said.

French newspapers reported yesterday that tension between Thailand and French Indo-China had abated following the designation of a mixed commission to settle the Mekong River boundary dispute.—United Press.

Chinese Official at Lashio

Lashio, Oct. 13.

The Chinese Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. T. K. Tsen, arrived here from Chungking yesterday to inspect preparations for the reopening of the Burma Highway next Thursday.

Unconfirmed reports circulated here yesterday said that China might restrict the Burma Highway to the transportation of war materials for the first months after the road is opened.—United Press.

Four Killed When British Ship Bombed

Madrid, Oct. 13.

Four persons were killed and seven were injured yesterday when an unidentified plane attacked the armed British merchant ship Star ing eight miles outside Cadiz harbour, according to reports received here.—United Press.

U.S. to Protect Philippines, Says Services Journal

Fresh Embargoes Against Japan Foreseen to Match Britain's Reopening of Burma Road

Washington, Oct. 13.

THE United States has no intention of evading its responsibility for protecting the Philippine Islands in the event of war in the Pacific, the unofficial but authoritative "Army and Navy Journal" reported here yesterday.

The publication, although published by private business interests, usually reflects the opinion of high Administration circles on government policies of defence.

The "Journal" said assurances that the United States will protect the Philippines have been reiterated "not only in Manila, but also in London and elsewhere."

"Mr. Francis B. Sayre, High Commissioner for the Philippines, implied as much and more when he said publicly in Manila this week that the United States is preparing for all eventualities in the Far East," the journal said.

"If the Filipino militia is mobilized for training, the United States will supply ammunition and training facilities as requested by Filipino officials recently."

The journal added, however, that American plans to defend the Philippines do not mean that the United States will depart from present plans for the defence of other vital areas.

"Washington, however, is keeping in closer touch with developments in the Philippines than at any time in recent years," the journal said. —United Press.

Burma Road Opening Backed

Washington, Oct. 13.

The United States may match Britain's reopening of the Burma Highway this month by imposing further embargoes against Japan and by ordering American warships to proceed to Singapore, the journal reported.

The journal said that "the next ten days will be important in determining the extent to which the war will spread and in determining whether the United States will be brought closer to the brink of hostilities."

When Britain reopens the Burma Road on October 17, the journal said, the United States will reiterate its approval of the British action.

This approval, the journal predicted, might come in the form of more than an official statement.

"It may be signalized by a step such as the imposition of further embargoes against Japan or by the arrival of American warships in Singapore."

The journal's editorial on the Far Eastern situation coincided with the State Department's announcement that two large American liners would begin an emergnecy dash to the Orient this week to speed up the evacuation of American nationals, observers here pointed out. Developments of the week have strengthened the belief here that the Administration plans further concrete steps in the Far East in the near future.—United Press.

Deadliness of Attack on Cherbourg Described

American Correspondent Declares Port Out of Action for "Some Time" as Result of Offensive

With British Fleet at Bombardment of Cherboug, Oct. 11. (Delayed).

"I WAS aboard one of the British warships which last night carried out a successful bombardment of Cherbourg, one of the most important German invasion bases," cables Edmund Allen, staff correspondent of the United Press.

"I think it was a magnificent party,' was the opinion of the captain of the ship on which I participated in the Cherbourg bombardment."

"We just caught old Jerry bending over and gave him hell.

"Being aboard one of the British warships participating in the Cherbourg attack, I was able to see the deadliness of the British Fleet when it goes into action.

"The British warships which participated in the Cherbourg attack all escaped unscathed after causing such havoc in the German invasion base that Cherbourg probably will be useless to the Germans for some time to come.

Announcement Cheered

"Before our ship steamed out of a British port en route to Cherbourg, the captain informed his men where they were going and what would be expected of them. His announcement was met by loud cheers from the other officers and men who were in the highest spirits and anxious for action.

"The captain raised a roar of laughter as he addressed some new recruits.

"'You'll be sorry you joined the Navy,' he advised them. After the bombardment he congratulated them on their fine showing in their first real "action."

"As our ship cleared harbour from a south-west port, the air raid warning sounded. We could see the flashes of British anti-aircraft batteries in action along the coast and occasionally we heard the explosion of German bombs as we sailed down the English Channel.

"German raiders appeared to be busy over a wide area along the British coast, because we could see anti-aircraft batteries in action for miles.

R.A.F. Attack Watched

"Meanwhile, however, squadrons of R.A.F. bombers attacked German invasion bases along the French coast, dumping tons of heavy explosives and incendiary bombs on German positions.

"The night was clear and the moon bright, so we were for a time able to witness, from the middle of the Channel, both the German and British aerial attacks.

"The sea was smooth and our fleet was completely blacked out. Although German planes passed overhead on many occasions, they apparently did not see us.

"Within a few hours we had concentrated quietly outside Cherbourg where the bombardment suddenly began. Thousands of shells were hurled into the German concentration point at Cherbourg and in the midst of the bombardment large squadrons of R.A.F. planes passed overhead and soon were dumping scores of bombs on the battered German invasion preparations.

French Coast Ablaze

"As we approached Cherbourg before the bombardment, the French coast was a blaze of light from bursting British bombbs, exploding German anti-aircraft guns and scores of German searchlights.

"German 'flaming onions' of all the colours of the rainbow streamed aloft, giving the appearance of a fireworks demonstration, and then streamed down in all directions.

"Finally the order to fire was given the British warships. A gong sounded and from where I stood on the bridge of one of the ships, I was blinded and shaken by the sudden blast of our forward guns.

"Steaming at a speed of about 18 knots, our guns fired rapidly, discharging 120 rounds within a few minutes. The target was soon illuminated by a tremendous blaze started by incendiary shells and the flash of exploding British shells could be seen clearly.

Attack Succeeds

"The British bombardment was obviously highly successful, despite the fact that the attack lasted only fifteen minutes. We were already steaming back toward England before the first flashes of the German shore batteries were seen.

"The Germans appeared to have been taken by complete surprise, although their searchlights continued to sweep the skies and their anti-aircraft batteries remained in action throughout the attack. Apparently for the first ten minutes of the attack they believed our shells were bombs being dropped by British bombers overhead.

"As we sailed back toward England, I watched the German shore batteries fire and wondered where and when their shells would hit. The German shells began falling everywhere, sometimes so near that we could hear them scream as they plunged into the sea and exploded. But none of the German shells hit near enough to do us any harm.

"Never Got Our Range"

"The Germans never really got our range and before they could get it we had begun to lay down a smoke screen, change our course and scatter.

"The Germans, however, used one battery against us which fired until we were fifteen miles at sea. Its shells fell wide of their mark and we were soon well out of range.

"The first rays of the morning sun broke as we neared the English coast. A British lieutenant who asked my opinion of the attack received the reply that 'I think it was fine—now that it is all over.'

"The attack was so well organized and was carried out so perfectly that it could almost have been carried out without a single signal being given."—United Press.

New Spy Scare in Japanese Empire

"Nichi Nichi" Urges Tightening Up of Anti-Espionage Laws

Tokyo, Oct. 13.

In view of the growingly critical international situation, especially in the Far East, demands are reported to be pouring into Tokyo for a considerable tightening-up of anti-espionage laws.

The importance of anti-espionage measures, says the "Nichi Nichi" in a leading article, is being recognized fully by the general public in Japan as a result of the outbreak of many cases of suspected espionage. At the same time, it adds, the people realise that existing measures have many loopholes.

With the innovation of total warfare, in which not only soldiers and arms all men and materials are devoted to prosecution of war, espionage activities are directed not only toward learning about military activities of a country but to its political, economic, diplomatic and cultural activities as well, says the "Nichi Nichi."

Invisible Spies

Many people in Japan, therefore, are said to believe that existing anti-espionage measures should be revised so that Japan will be able to hide important secrets regarding military, political, diplomatic, cultural and economic affairs from the eyes of invisible spies, who are supposed to be working day and night almost everywhere in the country.

The paper continues by saying that the conclusion of an alliance by Japan with the Axis Powers has made relations between Japan and Europe closer, as a result of which this country should expect espionage activities against Japan to become increasingly intensified in the future.

To meet this situation, the "Nichi Nichi" suggests that anti-espionage legislation be strengthened as soon as possible.—Reuter.

Tokyo Celebrates Axis Pact

Premier Calls on Nation To Great Effort; Peace Said Aim of Treaty

Tokyo, Oct. 13.

The capital broke out in a rash of Japanese, Italian and German flags yesterday as the authorities lifted a two-year ban on public demonstrations on the occasion of the formal establishment of the National Service Association.

The demonstration also celebrated the conclusion of the tripartite pact. Mass meetings were held in six places in the capital. Flag parades followed. Marchers converged on the plaza in front of the Imperial Palace. It is estimated that more than 100,000 people participated.—Reuter.

Premier's Message

Tokyo, Oct. 13.

The Premier, Prince Fumimaro Konoye, in a message read by the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, on behalf of the Premier, called upon the Japanese people to "realize their duties as subjects by serving and assisting the Throne," at a mass meeting at Hibiya Park at 9 o'clock this morning as the nation enthusiastically celebrated the establishment of the new National Service Association and the conclusion of the Three-Power Pact.

The world is now "facing an unprecedented period of change as the old shell is being discarded for the new border," Prince Konoye declared.

The Premier asserted that Japan "held as its ideal the early termination of the present catastrophic world unrest," and had therefore concluded the tripartite pact with Germany and Italy "which shared our sentiments."

Prince Konoye was unable to attend the giant celebration owing to slight illness and Mr. Matsuoka therefore read his address to the public.—Domei.

How Nazis Deceive German People

Facts of Air Raid Losses Suppressed in Reich

London, Oct. 13.

One interesting feature of indignant comment in German news services on the Air Ministry communique of October 9, which exposed the technique of German High Command communiques of admitting each day only a fraction of Germany's heavy air losses over Britain, has not passed unnoticed here.

The British communique in question published exceptionally by way of refutation of German assertions the names of members of crews and details of types of German machines destroyed over Britain the previous day. Germany has since assailed this communique, but it is observed that this unconvincing reply to a plain statement of an incontrovertible fact, although it received much attention in foreign broadcasts, finds no place in German news services relayed for home consumption.

In order presumably to check any tendency that might be shown there to the question of accuracy of the High Command communique the topic has been withheld from the German public, which remains in ignorance of the extent of German air losses in attacks on Britain.—British Official Wireless.

★Fierce Fights Mark London's 200th Raid

(Continued from page 1)

occasional German planes reaching the London area up to 1 a.m.

One Midlands town, however, experienced its heaviest raid of the war. Six high explosive bombs fell on the town before the air alarm had sounded. They were believed to have been dropped by a plane which cut its motor some miles from the town and glided in quietly.

Immediately after the air alarm was sounded, a heavy shower of incendiary bombs fell on the town, starting a number of fires. Houses and shops also were damaged by time bombs dropped in several sections of the town.

One unusually heavy high explosive bomb fell on a famous London street intersection late last night and carved a huge crater in the roadway. There was virtually no other damage inflicted by the bomb, however. An historic monument standing only 30 yards away escaped damage.

London Surprised

German bombers surprised London last night at the beginning of their regular night attack on the capital by arriving over the city just as the air raid warning was sounding.

While residents of the city rushed for shelter, British anti-aircraft batteries sent up a thunderous barrage of shells whose bursts mingled with the air raid sirens which were still wailing.

The German night attack began at 7.30 p.m. following five daylight raids on London. A number of persons were killed and fairly extensive property damage inflicted during the daylight raids.

The German planes flew at high altitudes during the daylight raids, usually being hidden from observers on the ground by low-hanging cloud banks.

Two Killed, Ten Injured

During the second air raid alarm yesterday one German bomb killed two persons and wounded ten on a London street. During the fourth alarm two bombs scored direct hits on a bakery and a private house which were demolished.

Another bomb which fell during the second raid fore up a huge crater in a London street and shattered shop and office windows within a large radius. A number of persons were killed and wounded in this area.

Five bombs dropped on the outskirts of the capital during the same raid destroyed two houses and damaged several others.

The Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security said in a joint communique last night that up to 8.30 p.m. eleven German planes had been shot down over the British Isles yesterday. Ten British fighters also were lost or missing, but the pilots of five are safe, the communique said.

Raiders Scattered

During the third air raid alarm yesterday only twenty of sixty German raiders who started for London succeeded in reaching the capital. The remaining forty German planes were scattered by British fighter squadrons.

During the fourth alarm bombs were dropped on one area of London following a running air battle which began over the English Channel, extended over the inland areas and finally reached its climax directly over London.

Two Messerschmitt planes were shot down during the afternoon near Sittingbourne, Kent. One German pilot baled out in his parachute and was captured. He was discovered to have been wounded during his clash with British planes. The pilot of the second German raider died when his plane crashed.

Air Ministry Communique

The Air Ministry said last night that only a few German raiders succeeded in reaching the London area yesterday in comparison with the number of planes which crossed the coast en route to London.

The Air Ministry communique said that only a few bombs were dropped on London yesterday and that scattered bombs fell on towns along the south coast, in Kent and Surrey. Several houses were demolished by German bombs dropped on Hastings, but a fire started there was quickly brought under control, the communique said.

Damage and casualties everywhere yesterday were described as "slight" up to 8.30 p.m.—United Press.

★R.A.F. Braves Storm To Reach Targets

(Continued from page 1)

A terrific barrage of German anti-aircraft shells could be seen bursting in the moonlit sky throughout the British raids.—United Press.

Berlin Reports

Berlin, Oct. 13.

British planes last night attacked Berlin and dropped bombs in the vicinity of the capital causing the anti-aircraft batteries here to go into action.

"A few British planes attacked Berlin and its vicinity and dropped incendiary and explosive bombs," the High Command announced in a communique today.—Reuter.

Berlin Again Attacked

London, Oct. 13.

Bombers of the Royal Air Force were again busy last night over Berlin. According to the Air Ministry, the capital was bombed in addition to military objectives and communications elsewhere in Germany and Channel ports in enemy occupation.—Reuter.

Hamburg Havoc

Istanbul, Oct. 13.

Travellers reaching here who describe the havoc caused by R.A.F. bombings in Germany, comment particularly on the "uncanny precision" with which British bombs find their targets.

It is declared that following one attack on Hamburg five mercnant ships were sunk in the harbour which, owing to enormous damage, is now practically unusable, although the city itself is hardly touched.

Oil tanks there are said to be burning continuously.

At Hanover, travellers add, Yugoslav workers have asked to be repatriated because they are unable to endure any longer the nightly inferno of the Royal Air Force.—Reuter.

French Suspend Assemblies

Vichy, Oct. 13.

It was decided yesterday to suspend the yearly sessions of the departmental "general councils" which were usually held in October. The decision was motivated by the Government's desire to avoid any unnecessary political agitation in the present circumstance.—Havas.

Interest to Be Paid On Gold Loan

Chungking, Oct. 13.

The first payment of interest on the first issue of the 1940 Reconstruction Gold Bonds will be made on October 31, according to an announcement by the Ministry of Finance. The payment will total £125,000 and US$625,000.

Payment will be made by the Central Bank or its agents within a period of three years. —Reuter.

French Hospital in Chengtu Hit

Catholic Mission Bombed In Japanese Raid; Matang Said Captured by Chinese

Chungking, Oct. 13.

Twenty-seven Japanese bombers raided residential quarters in the western district of Chengtu, capital of Szechuen, early yesterday afternoon, badly damaging the French Catholic hospital and church, says a Chinese dispatch from that city.

The raiders, it adds, were greeted with heavy anti-aircraft fire.—Reuter.

Financial Area Attacked

A Japanese Naval Airbase In China, Oct. 13.

The financial centre of Chengtu, capital of Szechuen Province, where the headquarters of Anti-Japanese economic agencies are located, was subjected to an intense combardment by Japanese naval aircraft yesterday afternoon.

Despite heavy cloud banks shadowing the entire province, Japanese raiders found a clearing above Chengtu which permitted accurate bombin-g of the area west of the Szechuen University campus.

Naval aircraft also raided Lukow, an armament manufacturing centre, 50 miles south of Changsha, in central Hunan province.—Domei.

Anhwei Offensive

Somewhere in Central China, Oct. 13.

Attacking along a 300 kilometre front, straddling Anwhei, on the Chekiang provincial border, from banks along the Yangtze to Chientang River, Japanese forces yesterday morning launched a general offensive against 20 Chungking divisions in the Chinese Third War Zone, West of Taihu Lake.

Operations were launched simultaneously on Otcober 3 from Wuhu on the Yangtze and Hangchow, on mouth the Chientang River, but were apparently not connected until today when the Japanese formed consolidated positions whereby Chinese troops found themselves encircled within double Japanese lines. Differing from the classical horseshoe shaped trap, this encirclement forms a net of reinforced undulating lines, according to Japanese officers.

The army, navy and air forces, as well as naval craft are co-operating in the offensive which is "developing favourably," the communique stated. —Domei.

Chinese Claim Matang

Chungking, Oct. 13.

Chinese are jubilant over the news of the recapture of Matang, a strategic town on the Yangtze River about halfway between Shanghai and Hankow, resulting in "interruption of communications on the Yangtze between Shanghai and Hankow."

Chinese field dispatches claim that Chinese forces in north-eastern Kiangsi launched a general offensive on Matang on the night of October 11 and completely occupied the strategic point at 4 a.m. yesterday morning.

Matang, it is stated, was heavily garrisoned by the Japanese. Chinese occupation of the town after a few hours of fighting is hailed as an "important and significant achievement."

In a leading article on the subject, the "Central Daily News," official organ of the Government, this morning declared that Japanese river and land communications in central China would be seriously affected by the recapture of Matang.—Reuter.

Italy Loses Three Ships Off Malta

Rome Message Announces Sinking of Two Torpedo Boats, One Destroyer

London, Oct. 13.

A naval battle off Malta, in which the Italians admit the loss of a destroyer and two torpedo-boats, is reported in today's Italian war communique, according to the Rome Radio.

The battle, says the communique, took place on Friday night when "Italian destroyers patrolling the channel of Sicily daringly attacked British naval forces off Malta."

The communique continues: "One enemy cruiser, probably of the Neptune class, was sunk. Further serious damage was caused to other British units which made off. Italian losses are two torpedo-boats of 600 tons and one destroyer of 1,400 tons. The greater part of the Italian crews was saved."

On the following morning, the communique adds, Italian air formations carried out an intense bombardment of British units, claiming to have hit an aircraft-carrier and a heavy cruiser.—Reuter.

Raiders Fail On Malta

Malta, Oct. 13.

Malta had two air-raid alarms yesterday, but the enemy machines turned back before reaching the city.

British fighters were ready for them but did not get a chance of engaging them.—Reuter.

Red Journal Sees Aid to China Through Burma

Chungking, Oct. 13.

Reopening of the Burma road will firstly intensify the conflict between Japan and Great Britain and the United States, thereby affecting Japan's strength in China, and secondly result in possible further aid to China on the part of Britain and the United States, declares the "Hsin Hua Jih Pao," official organ of the Chinese Communist Party.—Reuter.

Moral of British Workers Praised by Mr. Bevin

Minister of Labour Calls for Increase in Production as Contribution to War Effort

London, Oct. 13.

A TRIBUTE to the way in which Londoners are facing up to the air raids ordeal formed part of a speech broadcast to the nation last night by Mr. Ernest Bevin, Minister of Labour.

"We have had to face the indiscriminate and brutal bombing of our cities and countryside," he said. "London can be said to have been in the trenches, and well have the people of the great metropolis stood the strain."

To workers of the nation in general, Mr. Bevin said: "We called on you to increase production, submit to regulations and in a variety of ways to contribute to the tremendous war effort. When the full story can be told it will represent a complete vindication of democracy and be a demonstration that a free people can do better and achieve more formidable results than the Nazi-driven race.

"As a result of this effort, our confidence has increased and the cocksureness of our enemies has given place to doubts. This utilization of the forces of the country and the fighting quality of our men have been of such a character that they have produced respect among those who, up to the moment, have not fully assisted the cause of liberty, and among the millions of people in the countries that have been overthrown, have recreated hope for final overthrow of the invader of their lands.

"We Cannot Rest"

"But this does not mean that we can rest or for a moment 'let up' in our effort to bring this terrific struggle to a successful conclusion.

"In fact, time has now come when in the most cold-blooded and determined manner we must intensify our efforts."

Regarding an invasion, Mr. Bevin said: "The danger is not past and will not pass until the enemy is driven from the countries he has ravaged. He may try to lull us into a false position by turning in another direction, but we must keep our eyes open and our ears to the ground, ever waiting and watchful, and with the whole of our forces well equipped, be ready to pounce upon him immediately he makes a move.

"By these means we shall keep inviolate this country. The speedy and final triumph in this war depends not only on the Government, but upon every manager, scientist and worker in every workshop, bufiding, dock, transport concern and laboratory in the country.

Supreme Effort Asked

"My task tonight is to try to inspire the people of this country in the industrial field to the most tremendous, supreme effort of production that has ever been made, so that when a town or district is attacked the guns are ready—you have made them; as the enemy throws his challenge in the air we have an abundance of aeroplanes and pilots to meet it; as a sea raider or U-boat or even the enemy fleet itself challenges us, our men in the Navy will not be short of a single shell or the necessary steel or equipment they require.

"As our merchantmen sail the sea to bring us our food, raw materials and equipment, and demand greater protection from the convoys, the Navy should be supplied with the ships to do it. As material is provided for shelters we must build them as fast as we can. Where the enemy has damaged the homes of our people we must set forth as speedily as possible to make them habitable and so protect families from the wintry elements.

"All these form a contribution to establishing our supremacy. It will be a mercy to the world if Britain achieves this end, for then the Junkers of Germany and the Nazis will cry off. To no other thing will they ever submit but a superior and overwhelming force. And who can give us that overwhelming force but you, who are engaged in this industrial enterprise of a country."—British Official Wireless.

Britain Seeks U.S. Flying Fortresses

Administration Believed Favourable, Army Objects

Washington, Oct. 13.

The Administration is favourably inclined toward considering the British Purchasing Commission's request for the delivery of some United States "flying fortress" bombers to Britain, but the Army is opposing such a move, authoritative quarters said today.

The Army's opposition was based on the belief that the "flying fortresses," probably the most powerful long-range bombers in the world, could not be spared by the United States in view of the world situation and the fact that only 40 or 50 such craft were on hand.

Authoritative, quarters, however, understood that President Roosevelt would make the final decision.—United Press.

To Be Reconsidered

New York, Oct. 13.

The question of turning over some "flying-fortresses" bombers to Great Britain will soon be reconsidered, says the Washington Correspondent of the "New York Herald-Tribune," quoting well-informed circles.

Great Britain, he adds, is now urgently asking for them, but in any case delivery is not expected before the elections.

The "Herald-Tribune" quotes a report published by one paper stating that 36 fortresses had already been flown to Great Britain, and adds when an official of the War Department was questioned about the report, the reply was "no discussion no confirmation, no denial."—Reuter.

Houses Entered in Small Robberies

Two small armed robberies, involving a total of about $400, took place between 6 and 7.30 p.m. yesterday. At 6 p.m. house at 53 Kiaochow Road was entered by two men, one armed with a pistol, who stole money and clothing valued at $250. Later on, at 7.30 six men, four of whom were armed, entered a house at 116 Connaught Road, and held up the occupants, taking $60 in cash, a wrist watch, and some clothing, altogether worth about $100.

Japan Must Assist Axis in Defeat

Mr. Matsuoka Pledges Aid To Nazis, Fascists If War Turns Against Them

Tokyo, Oct. 13.

Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, Foreign Minister, today said that he believed Germany and Italy will win the war, but added that Japan must be ready to help them if they found the war turned against them.

At the same time he admitted that Japan desired an early peace with China but he emphasized that it must an honourable peace. "We want peace as soon as possible, but it must be an honourable peace," he said.

"If the Japanese people be tired of the China affair they are unfit to belong to the principle of Hako Ichui and I regret to say then the days of our nation's future are limited."

Japan Must Assist

Addressing more than 50,000 persons at a mass meeting in Tokyo's Hibiya Park in celebration of the conclusion of the tripartite pact, Mr. Matsuoka said, "I think Germany and Italy will win the war. However, in the event war turns unfavourable against them, Japan must be prepared to assist them.

"We must be prepared to fight together with Germany and Italy. I do not think there are any Japanese favouring the alliance because I think Germany and Italy will win the war."

The Foreign Minister said that Japan had concluded the alliance because Germany and Italy recognize the Japanese nation's guiding principle since 2,600 years ago and known as "Hako Ichiu," which has been translated as:

"Eight corners or directions of the universe under one roof—to make the whole world appear as one family."

He added that "we three nations—Japan, Germany and Italy—are very glad to welcome any other Powers, whether it be the United States, should they desire to join the spirit of Hako Ichiu.

"However, we are firmly determined to eliminate any nation which will obstruct Hako Ichiu."

Diplomacy "Too Weak"

Asserting that Japanese diplomacy in the past has been "too weak," he said that since the withdrawal from the League of Nations by Japan, Germany and Italy it was inevitable that these three nations should co-operate.

He said that the alliance was made for peace and to prevent the present neutral nations from becoming involved in the European and Sino-Japanese hostilities.

The pact, he added, was also made to enable every nation to find its proper place.

He emphasized, however, that the signatories were firmly determined to fight any power attacking either Germany, Italy or Japan.

The German and Italian Ambassadors to Japan, Major-General Eugen Ott and Baron Mario Indelli respectively, also made speeches, felicitating Japan upon the conclusion of the alliance with their countries.—United Press.

"Japan Advertiser" Ends Existence

Tokyo, Oct. 13.

Seventeen days before it was to celebrate its 50th anniversary, the "Japan Advertiser," American-owned English language daily, went out of existence as a separate paper yesterday, being merged with the "Japan Times," English language evening daily.

Mr. Benjamin Wilfrid Fleisher, publisher of the paper since 1908 in an announcement revealing the property's sale, pointed ou that "at best separation from a cause to which one has devoted himself for 32 years would be sad but it is specially associated during these years and to whom I am deeply grateful have striven to make the paper a constructive factor in building international good will and particularly so between the United States and Japan."—Reuter.

U.S. Missionaries Stay in Japan

Will Not Evacuate Though Activities Unwelcome to Japanese Authorities

Tokyo, Oct. 13.

Most American missionaries at present in Japan were remaining pending further clarification of the Japanese attitude toward missions, but between 50 and 100 other Americans planned to leave Tokyo as soon as possible, it was learned today.

The American Consulate has informed the U.S. State Department of the decision of the Americans who desired to leave.

The majority of those, however, planned to depart before the announcement of the State Department's evacuation suggestion. The suggestion, however, decided those who were wavering between going and staying.

There are about 900 Americans residing in the Tokyo and Yokohama districts.

Evacuation reports from Korea said that the missionaries there also were planning to remain. There was evidence recently, however, that their continued activities there might not be welcomed, the reports said.

Because of this, the United States Consulate here is somewhat concerned since evacuation of Americans from Korea in an emergency would be most difficult.

The American community is calm and some were even departing for Shanghai on vacation. Others continued to indulge in their usual week-end sports and sojourns in Nikko, Miyanoshita and other popular resorts.—United Press.

Japanese in Hanoi Feel at Home

Appear in Stylish Hotel in Undershirts, Suspenders

The occupation of Indo-China areas by the Japanese is continuing smoothly without any resistance and the Japanese are behaving exceptionally well, although Japanese officers are making themselves at home and today appeared in the dining room of the stylish Metropole Hotel wearing undershirts and suspenders.

Many Japanese bombers flew over Hanoi this morning, presumably bound for the north.

The Annamites are showing a friendly attitude, although the Annamite troops showed some surprise upon learning that the Japanese forces are learning Japanese military insignias, for they have eben ordered to salute Japanese officers.

There is no evidence of a Japanese drive on Yunnan, although 2,000 Japanese horses are being quartered in Haiphong for some purpose.

Interest is growing here regarding Thailand's territorial demands.—United Press.

Tom Mix Killed In Car Crash

Veteran Screen Actor Dies Shortly After Road Accident

Florence, Ariz., Oct. 13.

Tom Mix, famous motion picture cowboy, died here last night after being fatally wounded in an automobile accident near here yesterday.

The hero of thousands of children apparently lost control of his car while driving from Tucson to Florence. His automobile turned over, pinning him beneath the wreckage.

Passing motorists discovered the wreckage and summoned a highway patrolman who pulled Mix from the wreckage and immediately identified him. He was rushed to a local hospital, but died within a few hours without regaining consciouness.—United Press.

Air Shelters Built In Kowloon

Hongkong, Oct. 12.

Two large air raid shelters, which will accommodate 1,000 persons each, are being constructed near King's Park at Kowloon according to the "Hongkong Daily Press."

These shelters, which are in reality tunnels, will be among the safest and most up to date of their kind. Two entrances will be provided for each.

The tunnels are six feet in width and protected by about 100 feet of rock over them.

Several more shelters of this type are expected to be built later.—Havas.

To remove heat-marks from polished wood surfaces, apply spirits of camphor.

CHANGE OF SEASON HEALTH TROUBLES

As the summer passes and the nights grow cooler, it is easy to catch a chill causing digestive upsets. In such cases

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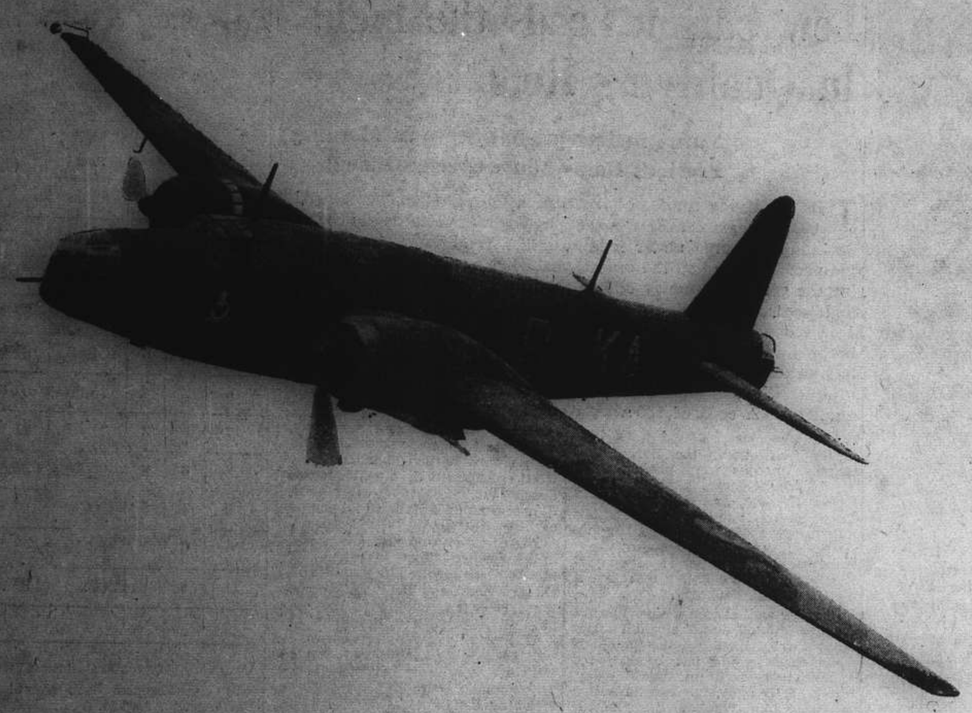

A Vickers-Wellington long-range bomber of the type which regularly flies over Germany, and has even penetrated as far as Italy.

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From all parts of the Empire the greatest Crusade gathers way. A terrific Air-force will soon command the skies as our Navy commands the seas, a great Army is on guard. These mighty forces are not for defence alone. They are prepared to avenge, to repay in kind, and a hundred-fold, for all the misery and the suffering that has come to the peoples of the earth.

Have *you* contributed anything to these or other British planes which are fighting for you in the skies? Make up your mind *now* to send the largest amount you can afford and to become a monthly contributor to the *Voluntary War Contribution Fund*, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank or Chartered Bank, Shanghai.

THE SPORTS PAGE

Tung Wha Set Back J.R.C. 4-3 In Opening League Encounter

Questionable Tactics Detract from Good Match; Three Jewish Players Warned for Rough Play

By F. C. Hale

At the Canidrome yesterday morning in brilliant sun-shine Tung Hwa met the newly promoted J.R.C. in a first league encounter before a crowd of about 4,000 spectators. The result being a win for Tung Hwa with a score of 4-3.

Tung Hwa, who are expected to play a prominent part in the league this season, contrary to expectations only fielded one ex-Lido player, K. C. Huang. Tai, who has previously been captain, gave way to Eugene Chong, who won the toss for his side and elected to defend the Western goal.

The match as a whole was fast and exciting with the fortunes of play fluctuating from side to side for practically the entire duration of the game. Unfortunately this was marred by the questionable tactics of some of the players and the referee had occasion, in the second period, to caution three of the Jewish players.

The Jewish started play with the "W" formation and undoubtedly had Tung Hwa defence all at sea for the first 25 minutes of play. Had they kept these tactics up they unquestionably could have finished with a larger proportion of goals to their credit. As it was, at one period in the first half they were leading 2-0, but had to be content at half time with a score of 2-1 in their favour. Sommer, of the Jewish team, who started play as right wing and then had to drop back to left back, was undoubtedly the star of the Jewish team. He played a brilliant game as back and without doubt saved his team on many occasions.

Tung Wha Weak in Defence

The weakness of the Tung Hwa lay in their defence as the backs were inclined to play too square—at least until they got used to the tactics of the Jewish forwards. As a team for the first 25 minutes of the game they were at least one yard slower than the J.R.C. In the 2nd half the Chinese presented quite another picture as they seemed to have got used to the Jewish methods and confined play to the J.R.C's half of the field for at least 75 per cent. of the 45 mins, and had half the shots that were fired at the J.R.C. goal received their just desserts—the score would have been 5-3. As it was one goal was scored a fraction of time after the final whistle and, of course, was disallowed.

The teams were:—

Tung Hwa:—Zing, Chong, Lee, Hang, Tshah, Liang, Fei, Woo, Tai, Huang, Van.

J.R.C.:—Kohn, Kramer, Reisberg, Donath, L. Meyer, Levy Friedlander, Arbeif, Rosenzweig, Sommer, Jacobs.

Referee: S. E. Burt, Linesmen: H. Ha, S. U. Woo.

J.R.C. Attack Vigorously

Before the Referee blew the initial whistle to start the game, he rightly had to request the Jewish goalkeeper to change his shirt as he was wearing the same colours as the rest of his teammates.

From the kick off the Jewish attacked and took a shot at goal which the Tung Wha goalie was fortunate to clear. Play was then transferred to the Jewish goalmouth where Liang took a shot, only to see it sail over for a goal kick. From the goal kick the right wing of the Jews was sent away down his wing to pass it to Rosenzweig who headed it into the top corner of the goal, giving the Tung Wha goalie no chance of stopping it and so putting the Jewish up one goal after only three minutes of play.

From the following kick-off the Jewish regained possession of the ball, again took it down the right wing and passed it to the centre-forward who muffed a splendid opportunity to put his side further ahead by firing it straight into the goalkeeper's hands. Tung Hwa now had their turn but their movement was spoilt by an off-side; from this point on the Tung Wha seem to be having it all their own way but were unable to finish off owing to the stubborn defence of the Jewish backs, who were at this period playing an inspired game.

Jewish Lead by 2 Goals

Woo of the Tung Wha put in a good shot, only to see it just go by the post for a goal-kick, and after a little of midfield play the ball was taken to the J.R.C. goal where from a scrimmage with the goalie out of position, it appeared that a goal was certain when a Jewish back kicked the ball from off the goal-line between the sticks. The Jewish side managed to break away and from a lovely pass down the centre of the field Jacobs scored a good goal bringing the score to 2-0 after twelve minutes of play.

From this point on the Tung Wha team seemed to have got wise to the tactics of their opponents and the play improved in consequence. Woo changed positions with Tai and from the kick-off took the ball straight down the field where he then passed to the latter who was now playing at the inside right position. Tai after beating two men took a lovely shot, to see it sail into the goal for the first goal for Tung Wha after fifteen minutes of play making the score now 2-1 against them. At this time Kramer, of the Jewish eleven, had to leave the field owing to an injury sustained in a collision with Huang, and was compelled to remain off for the rest of the first half, while Sommer was taken back to fill the gap at left back and there played a splendid game.

Chinese Goal Disallowed

The play seem to slacken a little at this period and except for a free-kick taken by the Tung Wha which was placed nicely into the Jewish goalmouth for the goalie to clear, the play developed into midfield duel with the edge slightly in favour of Tung Wha. From a hand-ball in the Jewish half of the field by a Jewish player the Tung Wha forwards were sent away and after a nice movement Woo scored only to have his point disallowed by the Referee for off-side, which he undoubtedly was.

From the free-kick Tung Wha regained possession and it was only by the brilliant heading of Sommers that a goal was saved in the next minute and then only at the expense of a corner, the pressure being relieved by a goal-kick. From the free-kick the ball was taken down the field and then passed to Jacobs who was definately off-side, but through an oversight was allowed to go on and had the mortification of seeing his shot go behind the bars for a goal kick. Jacobs soon after this took another fast rising shot at goal which hit the corner of the posts.

Tung Wha Get Ragged

At this period the J.R.C. had many good movements spoilt by their shortsightedness in getting themselves off-side. On three or four occasions their attacks were spoilt through some one or other—usually Jacobs—being the offender.

Tung Wha were at this time inclined to be a bit ragged and were not playing so much as a team but rather as individuals and on one occasion Tai and Woo went through with not another forward within ten or fifteen yards of them. When the ball was taken away from them and sent down the wing to Jacobs, the Tung Wha all stopped play and appealed for off-side but on this occasion he was well on and the Referee rightly allowed play to go on. Jacobs, however, again muffed it by firing straight at the goalie with nobody else to beat.

The half time whistle was blown to the relief of all players at this time, with the score standing at 2-1 in favour of the J.R.C.

Sommers Outstanding

During this half Sommers stood head and shoulders above the rest of his team-mates. His clearances were a picture to watch and he must have saved his side at least six goals, while the team as a whole distributed their attacks very nicely down both wings and also down the centre of the field. The weakness of Tung Wha lay in their defence and owing to the fact that they were not as fit and as fast as their opponents. The game started off at a very fast pace and in fact remained more or less fast throughout, but slowed down slightly after about thirty minutes of play.

At half time the Jewish side left the field for the dressing room and were late in appearing when the Referee blew his whistle to resume the game. Eventually the linesman was called upon to go and request their reappearance on the field.

Upon resumption it was noticeable that Kramer had returned to the field, but had not taken up his old position, going to left inside and leaving Sommer to play out the game as left back—a wise move.

Chinese Level Scores

Tung Wha started this half a new team, attacking from the start in no half-hearted manner, and soon had the Jewish team in difficulties. Again Sommer was to the fore with his clearances, but in spite of his brilliant work the ball did not leave the Jewish half of the field for at least five minutes, and then only after the Referee had awarded a corner against them, from which a Tung Wha player was adjudged off-side. from this off-side kick the ball was taken to the Tung Wha territory for the first time, only to be cleared and brought straight back.

Tung Wha persistantly pressed and it seemed as if a goal must be the result. Huang after beating two of the Jewish players on their own goal line, fired the ball for goal. The goalie got his hands to it but was unable to hold it and on the bounce Tai made no mistake, bringing the score to a tie at 2-2 after only six minutes of play in the second half.

Rough Play Creeps in

From this goal onwards rough play began to creep in, but Referee Burt soon put a check to this and, after three players of the Jewish team were cautioned, there was little of it left—although the previous spirit of the game seemed to have suffered by it.

The Jewish eleven again took a brief turn at the attack, but after Jacobs had taken a shot which the goalkeeper was lucky to save, the play was again transferred to their end of the field, where Woo had the goalkeeper completely out of position and then weakly kicked behind.

During one of these end to end attacks Tai of Tung Wha took one of the finest shots of the match, a beautiful grounder from about twenty-five yards out—only to see it just graze the past and go for a goal kick.

Player Carried Off

Fei, the right wing of Tung Wha, was carried of the field at this time as the result of an accidental kick from one of the Jewish players and was absent for about ten minutes. During this period Freidlander, of the Jewish, seemed to have a sure goal when, he only had the goalie to beat, but at the last moment slipped and allowed the ball to trickle into the goalie's hands. From this the ball was taken to the Jewish end and Reisberg, the right back of the Jewish, in an effort to clear appeared to foul Tai by kneeing him. The Referee promptly blew his whistle and pointed to the spot. Tshah made no mistake about converting it and so placed Tung Wha in the lead for the first time during the game—sixty-eight minutes after its commencement.

From the kick-off the ball was taken to the Tung Wha half for a short time but was soon brought back again and Fei, the right wing, sent Tai a nice forward pass from which he scored a very fine goal, bringing the score in the thirty-second minute of the second half to 4-2 in favour of Tung Wha.

J.R.C. Score Again

After this goal the Jewish team seemed to get a new lease of life, for they attacked with vigour and were able to hold the Tung Wha in their own territory for about eight minutes until Arbiet, of the J.R.C., gained possession and with a fine shot put the score at 4-3-in the fortieth minute.

But from here on they seemed to have shot their bolt after a brilliant fight against a better team, and after this the ball was seldom out of their territory—in fact, the whistle for the end of the game was blown a fraction of a second after the best effort of the match had resulted in the ball being placed between the goalposts of the Jewish. As this happened after the final whistle this goal was rightly disallowed.

The game was very well handled by Referee Burt with the assistance of his two linesmen H. Ho and S. U. Woo.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Sensational Goal That Was Scored After the Final Whistle

In yesterday's opening league game of the season at the Canidrome, Tung Wha took the measure of the J.R.C. by four goals to three after a tough struggle. The encounter was especially interesting in view of the fact that the Jewish side was making its initial appearance in the First Division. Although beaten, they put up a spirited fight and cracked off at a terrific pace, jumping into a 2-0 lead within the first twelve minutes of play. After this, however, the superior tactics of their more seasoned opponents gradually wore them down and won the day. The above photo shows the most brilliant goal of the match being scored. A lone Chinese forward is shown beating three J.R.C. defenders and the goalie, to snap the ball into the net—unfortunately just a fraction of a second after the final whistle had blown.

Cornell Crushes Army by Huge Margin at West Point

Cadets' Worst Defeat in Years; Yale, Harvard Princeton Set Back; Big Ten Champions Beaten

Chicago, Oct. 13.

COACH Carl Snavely's Cornell Big Reds yesterday unleashed a terrific running and aerial assault at West Point before 27,000 gridiron fans to hand Army a neat 45 to 0 beating, the worst defeat the Cadets have suffered in many years.

Playing on a fast field under a cloudless sky the big Reds employed the old powerhouse in the first three quarters and dropped parachute flares in the second half which completed the annihilation of the West Pointers.

Cornell took a 7 to 0 lead in the first quarter by smashing 72 yards to a touchdown and increased the lead to 21 to 0 by drives of 75 and 52 yards respectively.

In the third stanza, the Cadets made a brief flurry but before the period was over the Reds passed from Army's 40-yard stripe for another touchdown. Two long passes and a blocked kick netted the final tallies for Cornell.

At Cambridge, Mass, a 194-pound gunshot, Tom Harmon, who plays half back for the University of Michigan, staged a one-man uprising before thirty thousand Harvard fans to give the wolverines a 26 to 0 win over the johnnies.

At Philadelphia, Yale received its second straight setback when the University of Pennsylvania eleven smothered the old Eli, 50 to 7.

Fifty thousand roaring fans, sweltering in an unusually warm October afternoon, watched the Quakers pile up point after point. Penn's 21 to 0 drive in the first half was featured by a thrilling 71-yard dash by half back Johnny Welsh. Yale made its lone touchdown on a 76-yard drive, scoring on an aerial thrust. But outside of this third quarter rally by Yale, the Quakers scored almost at will.

Other feature games in the east included Columbia's 20 to 6 win over Dartmouth for the Hanover Indians' second straight loss and Navy's 12 to 6 victory over Princeton, avenging last year's 28 to 0 loss suffered by the Middies.

Biggest upset of the day, however, was Northwestern's 6 to 3 victory over Ohio State, 1939 Big Ten Champions.

At Urbana, Southern California, as expected, trimmed Illinois, 13 to 7, while Notre Dame was a touchdown better than Georgia Tech, 26 to 20.

Penn State 17, West Va. 13
Dartmouth 6, Columbia 20
Michigan State 20, Purdue 7
N. Carolina 21, Texas Christian 14
Case 7, Amherst 13
Princeton 6, Navy 12
Lehigh 0, Rutgers 34
Fordham 20, Tulane 7
Williams 27, Buffalo 0
Army 0, Cornell 45
Boston College 33, Temple 20
Springfield 7, Northeastern 12
Harvard 0, Michigan 26
Pennsylvania 50, Yale 7
Ohio U. 20, Kalamazoo 0
Holy Cross 18, Carnegie Tech. 0
New York U. 13, Syracuse 47
Northwestern 6, Ohio State 3
N. Dakota 15, St. Mary (Texas) 7
Knox 0, Grinnell 34
Kansas State 13, Missouri 24
Vanderbilt 7, Kentucky 7
Notre Dame 26, Georgia Tech. 20
Nebraska 13, Indiana 7
Kansas 20, Drake 6
William Mary 20, Virginia Tech. 13
Bucknell 33, Ursinus 7
Mississippi 28, Georgia 14
Franklin Marshall 21, Richmond 0
Illinois 7, U.S.C. 13
Montana 19, Texas Tech. 32
Oregon 0, Washington 10
Utah State 0, Colorado 26
Utah 24, Arizona 0
California 6, W.S.C. 9
Auburn 7, Mississippi State 7
Stanford 7, Santa Clara 6
Texas A.M. 7, U.C.L.A. 0

—United Press.

Lew Carson Leads the Field In Qualifying Rounds

Turns in Exceptional Score in Morning; Previous Rains Make Greens Difficult

THE qualifying rounds of the Shanghai Golf Club "A" and "B" Class Championships were played off yesterday over the Seekingjao Course under ideal weather conditions. The rain of the previous day had the course somewhat on the heavy side making the greens extremely difficult, which accounted for the unusual high scores returned.

A detailed report on the cards was not available last night, but, it was learned that Lew Carson, the Shanghai tennis champion, had an exceptional morning round of 75, followed by an 86 in the afternoon, which placed him at the top of the sixteen players who qualified. A card of 180 was a cinch for the selected group.

At the conclusion of the day's sport prizes won during the Spring and Summer months were presented by Mr. A. H. George, C.M.G., H.B.M. Consul-General, in the presence of a large gathering of members. Mr. Carson was again to the fore, bagging no fewer than three, including vice-Admiral Iwamura's set of ceremonial 'saki' cups for the Bogey tournament played off last Thursday.

In a few well-chosen words Admiral Iwamura hinted that if all the politics were thrashed out on the field of sport there would not be half the trouble there is in the world today. Mr. W. S. Bungey, the Vice-President of the Club, thanked the Consul-General for his presence and with a rip-roaring cheer for the genial 'C.-G.' brought the day's sport to an end.

The list of prize winners follows:—

President's Cup won by Mr. A. B. Davis.
Captain's Cup won by Mr. L. D. Carson.
Club Cup won by Mr. W. W. Jourdin.
Ferrier Cup won by Mr. L. D. Carson.
Singles Tournament won by Mr. F. Cowherd; runner-up: Mr. W. W. Jourdin.
Mixed Foursomes won by Miss M. Ballingall and Mr. R. M. Ballingall.
Gaines Cup won by Mr. J. M. Avent, runner-up: Mr. R. E. Rodger.
Four-Ball Competition won by Mr. J. A. Grubb; runner-up: Mr. H. H. Cameron.
Hong Foursomes won by Mr. H. R. Cleland; runner-up: Mr. D. R. Glass.
Bogey tournament won by Mr. L. D. Carson.

certificate from their respective Clubs with regard to their handicap.

All entries will close on Wednesday, October 16, at 12 noon and an entrance free of $20 is to accompany each application.

The championship last year resulted in a win for Tony Ricketts. The second place resulted in a tie between G. D. Nicholl and R. T. Dwyer, with the former triumphing in the play-off.

This year, however, the competition will be a more keenly-contested one with the possibility that Ricketts will find a much more difficult task in retaining his title.

The threat will come from Dwyer and especially from L.D. Carson, who has been making marked strides in the game during recent competition.

Amateur Championship Set for Next Week-End

The Amateur Open Golf Championship of China will be put up for competition on October 19 and 20. Local golfers are invited to enter the title play but the competition is restricted to players who possess a handicap of 10 or under.

Seventy-two holes medal play will cover the entire contest. with the first 36 holes played over Seekingjao Saturday, October 19, to be followed by the final 36-holes over Hungjao on Sunday, October 20.

Non-members of the Shanghai and Hungjao Golf Clubs, must produce a

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3	4	6	72.40	34.90
4	5	6	176.50	32.10
5	3	6	104.80	81.60
6	2	4	73.90	54.60
7	5	3	71.60	41.70
8	6	2	66.50	35.00
9	4	5	120.30	34.70
10	6	5	83.10	119.50
11	6	2	302.20	91.50
12				

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$2 Course Double Events Races 9/10 dog No. 4-6 Div. $119.50.

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Bitter Struggle for Hongkew Lawn Bowls Championship

Police Cause Major Surprise by Holding Clube Lusitano to 80-80 Deadlock; H.G.C. Beat J.G.C.

THE struggle for the Hongkew Park Lawn Bowls Championship promises to be a bitter one this year, if the preliminary round matches yesterday afternoon were any criterion. Of the two encounters played off, one ended in an 80-80 deadlock between the Clube Lusitano and the Police Recreation Club, thus necessitating a re-play, while the other fixture saw the Hongkew Golf Club eke out a narrow victory by 72-69 at the expense of the Junior Golf Club.

The only decisive result obtained through yesterday's engagements was that the Hongkew golfers are now in the final round. In the meantime, the Lusitano and Police bowlers will probably meet again next Saturday in order to force a decision. This will mean that the date for the final will be delayed, possibly for a fortnight as the Portuguese team, if they defeat the police, will not be able to play on the coming Sunday as they will be holding their closing day ceremony on that day.

Since the championship was inaugurated in 1935, the title has been a monopoly between the Police and Lusitano bowlers. As a matter of fact, it was only last year that the Clube players could break the four-year supremacy of the law-men when they captured the championship for the first time.

Police Play Inspired Game

Owing to the fact that the Clube Lusitano ran away with the Mercury Cup this year, it was not expected that the Police would be supplying them with much opposition. The inspired play, however, of the Police was doubly surprising yesterday as they were just able to escape the cellar position in the league which was recently concluded.

The change from Summer Time caught the bowlers unprepared yesterday as both the matches were completed in the dark. There was so little light left when the Lusitano—Police match ended that the participants decided to call it a day instead of playing an extra end to decide the tie.

Evenly-Contested Matches

Honours were evenly divided in the engagement between the Hongkew and Junior Golf Clubs as each side scored two rinks. C.M. Sequeira's four proved to be the heroes for the H.G.C. as they presented their club with a 14-shot margin by disposing of J.J. Gaffney's quartette. The Junior golfers, however, were equally well served when A. Denton skipped his four to 24-10 victory against the men led by A.M. Gutierrez.

The other two rinks provided much more balanced play with E.C.J. Pereire scoring the second H.G.C. win by outplaying R. Thomson's four by 24-17. More keen competition was seen in the remaining rink as K.L. Swartzell's team went to 20-16 before they could take the measure of J.J. Souza's rink.

Hongkew G.C.		Junior G.C.	
A. M. Gutierrez (skip)	10	A. Benton (skip)	24
C. M. Maher		J. Aquino	
J. Remedios		F. Stebbeds	
A. F. Diniz		E. Blackwood	
J. J. Souza (skip)	16	K. L. Swartzell (skip)	20
A. Leitao		H. Hill	
F. J. Skinner		H. Cranfield	
C. Lopes		C. Fletcher	
C. M. Sequeira (skip)	22	J. J. Gaffney (skip)	3
J. M. O. Sequeira		A. Evans	
P. S. Barradas		N. Beeman	
C. Holmes		T. Barry	
E. C. J. Pereira (skip)	24	R. Thomson (skip)	17
A. H. Corveth		P. Shaw	
L. A. M. Ozorio		W. Watson	
J. A. Riveira		G. Watt	
	72		69

Darkness Defeats Players

It was a dour tussle all the way in the meeting of the Police and the Clube Lusitano team with the darkness on the last few ends making the game an affair of luck. The final result of 80-80, however, was a satisfactory ending for both clubs, who also shared the rinks honours evenly.

On all four rinks, there was little to choose between the two teams with the widest victory being obtained by seven woods; this was registered for the Police when C.J. Bull's four triumped by 25-18 over H.J. Encarnacao's side.

The Clube Lusitano earned substantial retaliation through H.A. Ozorio's four as they vanquished J. Bradley's rink by 25-19. The remaining games resulted in victories by the barest of margins, R. Conduit guiding his four to a single-shot win over J.P. de Campos' four by 17-16, while A.M. Souza and his rink had just as much trouble in ousting M.L. Crowther's quartette by 21-19.

Lusitano		Police	
J. P. de Camps (skip)	16	R. Conduit (skip)	17
J. Sepe		S. Craig	
O. H. Edgren		E. Markland	
A. C. Sequeira		J. Bell	
H. A. Ozorio (skip)	25	J. Bradley (skip)	19
F. Machado		E. Gigarson	
B. F. Marques		F. J. Corish	
J. M. Gutierrez		J. W. Sanbrook	
H. J. Encarnacao (skip)	18	C. J. Bull (skip)	25
S. del Rivero		G. H. Craik	
D. M. P. Gutterres		W. Hutton	
A. M. Souza		W. Dow	
J. E. Medina (skip)	21	M. L. Crowther (skip)	19
C. L. Passos		R. C. Martin	
L. F. Lopes		R. J. Wimsett	
F. M. F. Gutierrez		D. B. Ross	
	80		80

Professional Sport to Disappear in France

Period of Three Years Set For Complete Stop

Vichy, Oct. 11.

That all professional sport must disappear from France was the decision reached today by the Sports Committee, constituted on August 18 this year under the chairmanship of M. Jean Borotra.

Sports will be restricted to amateurs only, the committee decided.

Owing to the impossibility of eradicating professional sports immediately, a period of three years has been set for its disappearance, various transitory measures being gradually instituted in the meanwhile to restrict such professional sports as football, boxing, cycling and hai-alai.

The committee also decided upon the following definition of an amateur: "He who takes part in sports or participates in competition for the love of sport only, without receiving prizes in currency for his participation, and without trying to make a living out of it."

Future athletes will have to take a solemn oath promising to respect the rules of amateurism.

A special jury will be constituted whose task it will be to examine all cases of violation of the rules. The chairman will be M. Borotra himself.

The inculcation of the spirit of sportsmanship upon the French public is one of the main provisions of the new sports charter which is to be published in France shortly.

This charter was drafted by M. Jean Borotra, Commissioner-General of Physical Education.

It will provide for a number of improvements in sports, and co-ordinate sporting activities in the country. Young men will be urged to become all-round athletes rather than to specialize in any definite branch.

Finally, the charter will make it possible for everyone interested in doing so to devote part of his time to sports and games.—Havas.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, Triumph; 2, Harvard. Also ran:—Impudence, Wild Wind, Marble King, Dopey. 4 lengths.—Time, 18.52. Win, $94.20. Forecast 5-4 Div. $82.20. Place, 1st $12.40; 2nd $8.90.

2—300 yd. flat.—1, Golden Rock; 2, Cheerful Mack. Also ran:—Warrenfield, Cute Villain, Spermin Lecitin, Banque Eve. A head.—Time, 17.90. Win, $31.70. Forecast 6-4 Div. $169.90. Place, 1st $18.90; 2nd $15.70. Double Event 1/2 5-6 Div. $160.20.

3—440 yd. flat.—1, Daleson; 2, Le Butin. Also ran:—Juliana, Beaconsfield, ½ length.—Time, 26.80. Oregon Duke, Paddy Boy. Win, $18.50. Forecast 4-6 Div. $72.40. Place, 1st $11.40; 2nd $15.70. Double Event 3/3 4-4 Div. $94.90.

4—440 yd. flat.—1, Yankee Nymph; 2, Sea Scape. Also ran:—Fair Event, Dover Cliffs, Dingle Robber, Village Attorney. A head.—Time, 26.66. Win, $26.30. Forecast 5-6 Div. $176.50. Place, 1st $18.50; 2nd $10. Double Event 3/4 4-5 Div. $32.10.

5—440 yd. flat.—1, Talgai Junior; 2, Yassar. Also ran:—Erin Hero, Our Hope, Ladybird II, Madam Sloan. 4 lengths.—Time, 30.69. Win, $49.30. Forecast 3-6 Div. $104.80. Place, 1st $10.70; 2nd $10.50. Double Event 4/5 5-3 Div. $51.60.

6—300 yd. flat.—1, Sou Mei; 2, Agate. Also ran:—Swanee Our Delight, Future Pat, Wild Harmony. 1½ length.—Time, 30.34. Win, $21.50. Forecast 2-4 Div. $73.90. Place, 1st $12.10; 2nd $9. Double Event 5/6 3-2 Div. $54.60.

7—300 yd. flat.—1, Red Bug; 2, Reckless Muster. Also ran:—Jackie's Lady, Stolen Quibble, Captain Charming, Reckless Miss. A head.—Time, 30.26. Win, $30.40. Forecast 5-3 Div. $71.60. Place, 1st $11.50; 2nd $12.50. Double Event 6/7 2-5 Div. $41.70.

8—300 yd. flat.—1, Chekiang; 2, Starting Price. Also ran:—Erindale, Sapphire, Rough Coat, Cute Vanguard. ½ length.—Time, 30.06. Win, $17.60. Forecast 6-2 Div. $66.50. Price, 1st $8.70; 2nd $12.70. Double Event 7/8 5-6 Div. $35.

9—300 yd. flat.—1, So Far City; 2, So Peaceful. Also ran:—Reckless May, Don't Fret Captain Cook, Candid Attack. 2 lengths.—Time, 30.52. Win, $33.70. Forecast 4-5 Div. $120.30. Place, 1st $15; 2nd $17.50. Double Event 8/9 6-4 Div. $34.70.

10—300 yd. flat.—1, Woodstock Robin; 2, Mentor. Also ran:—Cute Viscount, Mon Affaire, Cordon Vert, Gallant Mayor. Short head.—Time, 29.78. Win, $47.90. Forecast 6-5 Div. $83.10. Place, 1st $15; 2nd $10.40. Double Event 9/10 4-6 Div. $110.50.

11—325 yd. flat.—1, Dusty Miller; 2, Cannon Flash. Also ran:—Cordon Orange, Alton Arab, Alton Classic, Candid Answer. ½ lengths.—Time, 30.52. Win, $49.30. Forecast 6-5 Div. $302.20. Place, 1st $17.50; 2nd $9.90. Double Event 10/11 6-6 Div. $91.50. Cash sweep:—1st dog No. 5; 2nd dog No. 1535; 3rd dog No. 2055. Unplaced:—1158, 2612, 2019.

Rugby League Results

London, Oct. 13.

Following are the results of games played in the Rugby League yesterday:—

Bradford 26, Halifax 7
Castleford 18, Batley 6
Dewsbury 32, Keighley 15
Huddersfield 39, Hunslet 4
Hull 31, Wakefield 2
Leeds 32, Bramley 2
Liverpool 11, Othelens 26
Oldham 3, Warrington 31
Salford 9, Wigan 18
York 2, Featherstone 13

Rugby Union

Aldershot Command 26, St. Thomas's Hospital 6
Kings College Hospital 9, London Hospital 3
Roslyn Park 12, Army Fifteen 9
—Reuter.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Defending Champion

Tony Ricketts, who is expected to encounter stiffer opposition than usual in the defence of his amateur golf championship title at Seekingjao and Hungjao over next week-end.

Regional Football Results

London, Oct. 13.

Following are the results of regional football matches played yesterday:—

South

Aldershot 5, Bristol City 1
Bournemouth 1, Reading 1
Brighton 0, Southampton 0
Charlton 1, Brentford 4
Coventry 5, Cardiff 2
Fulham 3, Clapton Orient 1
Luton 2, Leicester 0
Mansfield 4, Birmingham 1
Nottsforest 1, Northampton 0
Queen's Park Rangers 2, Chelsea 3
Southend 0, Portsmouth 0
Tottenham 2, Arsenal 3
Wallsall 3, Nottscounty 2
Watford 1, Crystal Palace 2
West Bromwich 0, Stoke 1
West Ham 3, Millwall 2

North

Bradford 0, Middlesbrough 2
Burnley 0, Manchester United 1
Bury 0, Liverpool 3
Chester 4, Tranmere 5
Doncaster 4, Hull 2
Everton 4, Stockport 2
Grimsby 3, Sheffield United 1
Halifax 5, Bradford City 1
Lincoln 4, York 2
Manchester City 3, Huddersfield 1
New Brighton 6, Crewe 2
Newcastle 3, Chesterfield 0
Preston 3, Oldham 0
Rochdale 1, Blackburn 1
Rotherham 0, Leeds 0
Sheffield Wednesday 2, Barnsley 2
Southport 6, Wrexham 2

Scottish

Albion 0, Clyde 1
Celtic 2, Falkirk 2
Dumbarton 2, Queen's Park 1
Hamilton 4, Morton 3
Hearts 1, Rangers 1
[illegible]ick 3, Motherwell 6
St. Mirren 4, Hibernian 4
Third Lanark 3, Airdrieonians 2
—Reuter.

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Ladies Hockey League Starts Towards End of November

Eleven Teams to Take Part; Amazons Drop Out Sokols Promoted; Definite Schedule to Be Set

THE Shanghai Ladies Hockey Association annual league will swing into action on November 29 with no less than 11 teams taking part, it was revealed at the Annual General Meeting of the Association held at the Y.W.C.A. on Wednesday. Local ladies' teams, however, will be beginning active play immediately when the Race Course grounds are thrown open on October 19.

Owing to the fact that the Shanghai American School will not be able to participate in the league after the middle of December, it was decided last night that a competition between the S.A.S. and other members of the Association will be conducted on similar lines of the contest held last season.

In this competition, the S.A.S. will be meeting every other team of the S.L.H.A., with the goals for and against the American School being added up at the end of the fixtures. It may be recalled that the S.A.S. won the tourney last year when they registered 19 goals while their opponents were able to score 15. This season's contest will get under way almost immediately, the starting date having been set for October 25.

List of Teams

There will be an entry of six teams in the senior division of the league this year, while the second division has attracted another five elevens. Following will be the teams taking part in the league:—

First Division

In Uno; Greens; S.L.H.C.; A.S.P. "A"; Erin Villa; Sokols.

Second Division

Jewish R.C.; Jewish School; J.A.C.; Betar; A.S.P. "B".

It will be noticed that the Amazons have dropped out of the competition this season; this is a decided loss, for this team has been one of the foremost elevens in past seasons. A new entry in the first division will be the Sokols eleven, which has been granted their promotion on their excellent display last year.

A departure will be made from the usual arrangements of previous years when it was decided last night that a definite schedule of matches will be issued until the end of the season. This is a decided change from last year's plans when the programme was made up from week to week.

Standard of Play Raised

The Shanghai Ladies Hockey Association will also be making a strenuous attempt to raise the standard of league play during the coming season. A resolution was passed at yesterday's meeting to the effect that no player will be permitted to participate in league games without having first received a signed form from her captain declaring that the player has a definite playing knowledge of the game.

It is therefore proposed that all captains be responsible for the training of the members of their teams in the rules of the game. These forms, when signed by the captain, should be in the hands of the Hon. Secretary of the Association before November 10.

Appeal for Umpires

Once again, the Association will be making an appeal for umpires for their matches this season. The S.A.S. have already made a generous offer to supply all officials for matches played on their grounds, but there is still a great shortage of competent umpires. Those who would be willing to officiate during the coming season are therefore requested to get in touch with Miss L. Knoch, Hon. Secretary (Tel. 12444) as soon as possible.

The officers of last year were re-elected en bloc to serve again this season. They will comprise the following:—

President:—Mrs. J. P. Van Hengel.
Vice-President:—Mrs. F. T. McKeown.
Hon. Treasurer:—Miss E. A. Bloomfield.
Hon. Secretary:—Miss L. Knoch.

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Goods Being Moved From Indo-China

Local Merchants Hope to Diminish Losses; Cargoes Going to Hongkong

Having secured approval from the governor of Indo-China, Chinese native goods manufacturers and export merchants in Shanghai are transporting their goods worth thousands of dollars stranded in the French port to Hongkong first as it is now impossible for them to send the goods to "free China" via Haiphong, because of the Japanese move. The Shing Sheng News Agency reports that Indo-China's permission came as a result of a request made by the General Chinese Chamber of Commerce in the French port.

Following recent discussions held by Shanghai merchants whose goods are stranded in Indo-China, a representative in the person of Mr. Tsao En-hsien was sent to Indo-China, to negotiate with the French authorities for releasing goods stranded in Saigon and other parts of the French colony. Armed with an official letter from the Shanghai District Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Tsao went to Indo-China and secured co-operation of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce and Chinese Consul-General in Saigon.

After successful negotiations, approval was finally obtained from French authorities allowing the merchants to send their goods back to Hongkong. The merchants will have to submit detailed lists of their goods. Mr. Tsao, the report states, has now arrived in Hongkong from Indo-China, and in the British colony he will negotiate with shipping circles for bringing the goods to the colony first and then to Shanghai. The freight will be paid for by the merchants themselves.

Through the Burma Highway

Recent Chinese reports were to the effect that Chinese merchants had lost all hopes of exporting their goods to the interior of "free China" through Indo-China in view of the changed situation there. Meetings have been held among them for sending their goods to Chungking-controlled areas through the Burma highway which is going to be reopened soon by the British government. It was then suggested that Hongkong shipping circles would be approached on the latter transportation project.

Judging from all recent reports appearing in the Chinese press, the reopening of the Burma route is as important to Chungking as it is to Shanghai manufacturers and exporters, to say nothing of its effects on British and American trade. Chinese traders here, according to all press accounts, are suffering tremendously from the Japanese blockade of the sea coast, especially the Chekiang coast where even third-party shipping business has been restricted.

Cathay Cup Final Postponed

By "The Chaser"

Saturday's rain prevented the Hungjao Polo Club from playing off the final of the Cathay Cup tournament which was to have been played yesterday afternoon. It is understood, however, that the match has been postponed until Tuesday, when the two finalists will meet over four chukkers on handicap. The first round of the tournament was played last Sunday when four teams were seen in action and two of which were subsequently elminated. The two teams in the finals are Krikoriantz's and R. B. Moller's. The former team comprise of Krikoriantz, Williams, Lacks and Taylor while Moller's team consists of R. B. Moller, C. B. Moller, A. V. White and Hughes.

The two teams appear to be fairly evenly matched and the difference in their strength will be accounted for by the handicap.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

Rumour Rumblers:
Unpleasant Creature Described

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—During the past week I have been assailed on many sides by that unpleasant creature The Rumour Rumbler, which is an unwitting accomplice of the Fifth Columnist and is easily recognized by its cry of "Oh, I say, have you heard?" In appearance it is most unattractive, it consists largely of a mouth in which the tongue is continually rolling round and occasionally darting out, the ears are big and very nearly meet behind and slightly above the mouth, with just sufficient space in between to permit the passage of rumours up to the recording apparatus, which occupies the space normally taken up by the brain cells. It has small beady eyes and a chin which slopes straight from the mouth to the neck, allowing uninterrupted passage of saliva from the corner of the mouth into the boots. Perhaps Sapajou will oblige at this point by inserting a small sketch.

To give an idea of how rumours get around let us imagine the story of an incident which, shall we say, took place in happier times some years ago.

As a comely and popular Miss was not seen on one particular Saturday night at The Tower, Farrens, The Park, or any other of the popular resorts where she was wont to grace with her presence, the vacuums of the Rumblers were disturbed, particularly as it was also whispered that her boy friend Joe had been seen on that occasion treating himself most liberally to strong potions of nectar at the bar of the Casalero and consorting with the luring serving wenches at that place. It was not long before it was all about Town that the young Miss having tired of her life of gaiety had retired to the seclusion of some distant cloisters, and Joe was drinking himself to death.

Not so, the truth of the matter was—her Pa, at one time a successful merchant, was going through evil times and the Hongcow, The International Town and other Banks had refused to increase his overdraft; this made it necessary for the junior members of his family to go into the cruel world and earn a living. Unfortunately she had been so busy developing her "Ping" that she had no time to waste on reading, arithmetic or even typewriting and so she could not find employment in any office, finally she was forced to accept a position as a serving wench at the bar of the Casalero where she could exert her "Ping" to its fullest extent. She had started to work there on the particular Saturday night in question. Therefore Joe very rightly decided to attend at the Casalero, where he plied himself as aforesaid. This, of course, made her exceedingly popular with the management. So much so that it was not long—but enough of the story since my point has been made.

The moral which I am driving at is—a lot of people in Shanghai would be well advised to bear in mind that a lot of nonsense would not find passage around town if they were to think before they speak and act as carriers of alarming stories.

Anti-Rumour Rumbling.

Shanghai, Oct. 13.

Shanghai's Floods:
A Remedy Suggested

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Writing as an engineer who has no experience whatever in such matters but, one who is interested in the numerous suggestions which have recently been submitted relative to Shanghai's constantly recurring floods I note that no matter in which way relief may be attempted an exorbitant outlay must be anticipated.

As to the cause of these floods I remember well an evening some ten years ago, when I listened to, what appeared to me to be, an excellent discourse on the subject by one of our oldest Yangtsze River pilots. His remarks included—"There must always be a tendency for the river to rise abnormally on the Shanghai frontage. If you examine the course of the river at this point it will be apparent that just there the outward flow of the river meets, with maximum effect, the banked-up waters due to typhoon influence" He mentioned his own observations in the upper reaches and all went to show that at Shanghai's frontage the rise was very greatly aggravated due to the "hair-pin bend" at this location.

As each successive flooding comes along I have felt inclined to greater belief in the above theory and if such is the major cause, then, why not treat the matter in a way that would give the fullest relief. (See sketch)

The suggestion of an artificial cut may at first sight appear colossal and probably bristling with arguments against, but, why not (?) if the city can be assured of high-and-dry conditions.

Mechanical Engineer

Shanghai, Oct. 12.

A Public Nuisance:
And a Touch of Sarcasm

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—I wish to draw your attention to the splendid open air latrine that the Public Health Department has co-operated in establishing on Ezra Road, just east of Toyo Murakami. It is really ideal in many respects, good surroundings, you are always assured of some interested spectators, drainage facilities are no problem, the pavement does the job admirably, and last but not least, the smell is permitted to integrate freely over a maximum area to the pleasure and comfort of the surrounding community. I hope that more people will inspect this mile-stone in civic progress.

Lenard Komor.

Shanghai, Oct. 11.

Bet for Decision:
£50 Stake for War Fund

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Could any of your readers answer these questions?

(a) Is there a swing bridge over the Manchester Ship Canal at Warrington?
(b) Is the place on the other bank of the canal from Wilderspool, Warrington called Stockton Heath.

As a child I visited relatives who lived at Stafford Road and I have been given rides on this swing bridge, but last night I met a Lancastrian who says that the nearest swing bridge to Warrington is at Runcorn and that the town on the other bank of the canal is not Stockton Heath but Newton Heath.

The British War Fund benefits by £50 as a result of this difference of opinion.

Quarter Lancastrian.

Shanghai, Oct. 13.

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11.30 Broadcast in Hindustani
12.00 Dance Music
12.45 News Bulletin in English
1.00 B.B.C. recorded talk if available, following by Light Music
1.30 News Bulletin in German
2.00 Light Music
3.00 Woman and Home, including commentary on "This and That" by Mrs. Lester Arnold and "This Week in the Garden" by W. J. Kerr, Esq.
4.00 Dance Music.
4.30 Chinese Programme in Mandarin and Shanghai dialect
6.00 Polish Programme
6.30 Dance Music
7.00 French Programme, including "Actualites et Nouvelles"
7.45 News Bulletin in English
8.00 "London After Dark"—Variety programme from recordings with Ronald Frankau, Florrie Forde, Norman Long, Sandy Powell and Gracie Fields, Sophie Tucker, The Laughtermongers and Jack Hylton and his Band
9.00 Songs in Russian. Miss Julie Klimm and Mr. Keisha Makovieff
9.30 Late News Bulletin in English
9.45 Topical Comments on B.B.C. recorded talk if available
10.00 Dance Music, by Michael Goldstein and his Band, relayed from the Tower Night Club, Shanghai
10.30 Russian Programme
11.15 German Programme
11.45-12 Dance Music relayed from the Tower Night Club

Tomorrow, October 14

2.00 Light Music
3.00 Woman and Home—Musical Selections
6.00 Spanish Programme
6.30 Netherlands Programme
7.00 French Programme, including "Demie Heure de la Femme" by Mme. Chiffon
8.00 Symphony Concert:—
Leonora Overture No. 3 ....Beethoven
Violin Concerto in D Major op. 35 ....Tschaikowsky
Saint Antoni Variations on a theme by Haydn op. 56A ....Brahms
9.00 Airs from North of the Tweed and More Songs of Scotland

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1.00-1.15 News in French
1.15-2.00 Light music
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect)
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Chinese (Mandarin)
6.50-7.20 Light music
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.00 Light music
8.00-8.15 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
9.30-11 Concert:

Overtures and pieces arranged for the violon and celo.

The Fantastic Shop (Rossini), Spanish Dance (de Falla); Sad Landscape (Goeyens); Slavonic Dance (Dvorak); Sibelius' "Valse Triste;" "Patrie," overture by Bizet; Perpetual Movement (Ries); Harlequin (Popper); Massenet's "Elegy;" "Sadness of Dulcinea," from Massenet's Don Quixote;" Chopin's Nocture in E flat; Sicilian melody by von Paradis; Owen's "Invocation"; "Meditation" from Massenet's opera "Thais"; Quaint Legend (Jongen); Adagietto from Bizet's "Arlésienne"; Tijuca (D. Milhaud); Debussy's "Minuet," "The Girl with flaxen hair," "Bells" and "Romance"; Corcovado (Milhaud); Overture to Cherubini's "Anacreon."

8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière: *The History of French Music:*
French music in the Middle Ages: Religious music and Gregorian anthems. This is the first of a series of talks on French Music to be given every Monday, at 8 p.m. by Mme Claude Rivière.

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9 p.m. on GSV—News Bulletin
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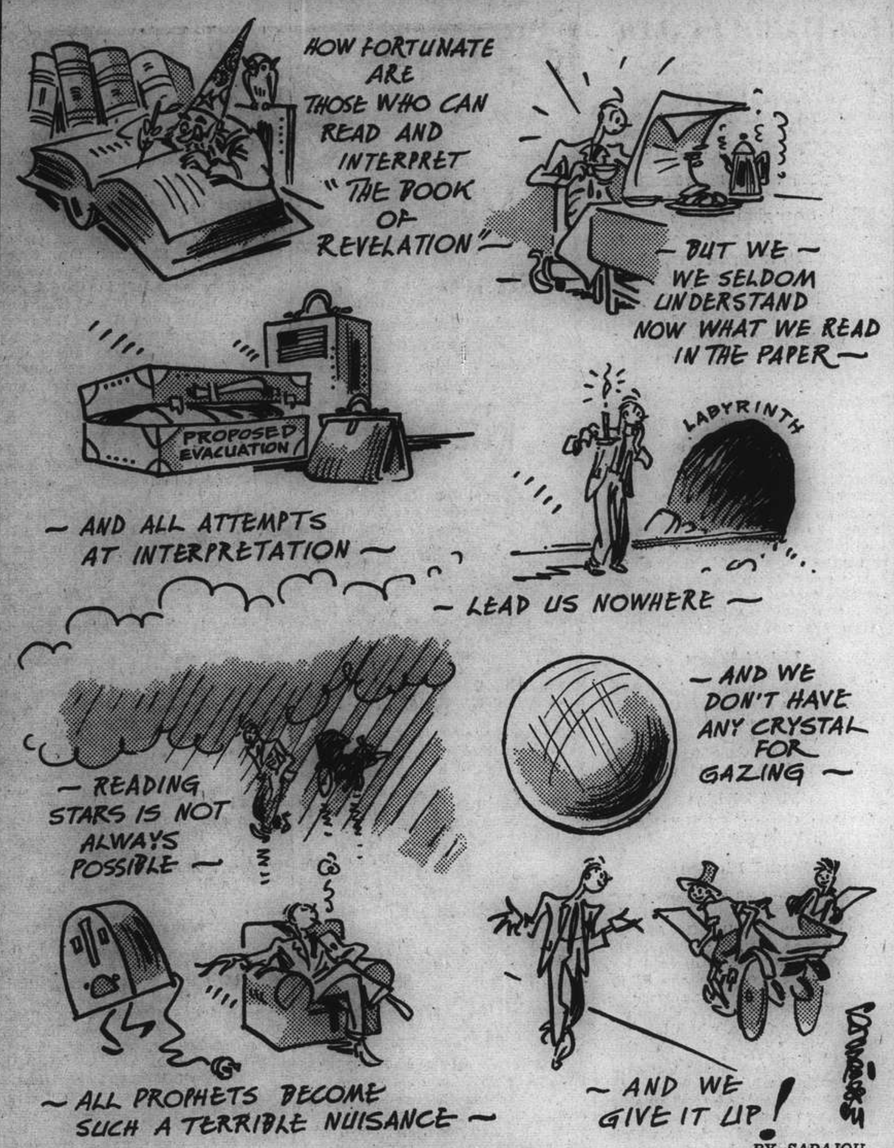
HOW FORTUNATE ARE THOSE WHO CAN READ AND INTERPRET "THE BOOK OF REVELATION"—
— BUT WE — WE SELDOM UNDERSTAND NOW WHAT WE READ IN THE PAPER —
PROPOSED EVACUATION
— AND ALL ATTEMPTS AT INTERPRETATION —
LABYRINTH
— LEAD US NOWHERE —
— READING STARS IS NOT ALWAYS POSSIBLE —
— AND WE DON'T HAVE ANY CRYSTAL FOR GAZING —
— ALL PROPHETS BECOME SUCH A TERRIBLE NUISANCE —
— AND WE GIVE IT UP!
BY SAPAJOU

Thinking of the Future

Rome Claim; Only 21 Dead in September

Rome, Oct. 13.

The Italian Government announced yesterday that only 21 Fascist Blackshirt militiamen were killed in action in Italian East Africa during September.

The announcement said that an additional 34 Blackshirts were wounded and five others are missing.—United Press.

Americans Warned on Racial Prejudice

Attacks Condemned by New York Governor

New York, Oct. 13.

Americans were warned here last night against strong racial prejudices which may arise in the United States as a result of the European war.

The warning was sounded by the New York Lieutenant Governor, Mr. Charles Poletti, during a speech delivered before a large crowd celebrating Columbus Day.

Referring to the alleged "whispering campaign" against the Republican Presidential candidate, Mr. Wendell Willkie, because of his German ancestry, Mr. Poletti declared: "Any such attacks deserve the condemnation of every right-thinking citizen. No American should be made to suffer prejudice or discrimination because of his racial origin."—United Press.

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Lesson Sermon
First Church of Christ, Scientist.

Are Sin, Disease, and Death Real? was the subject of the Lesson Sermon read in all Churches of Christ Scientist throughout the world yesterday. Golden Text:—Psalms 68.20. "He that is our God is our God of salvation; and unto God the Lord belong the issues from death."

Among the citations which comprised the Lesson Sermon was the following from the Bible:—Isaiah 51:4,5. "Hearken unto me, my people; and give ear unto me, O my nation: for a law shall proceed from me, and I will make my judgment to rest for a lightof the people. My righteousness is near; my salvation is gone forth, and mine arms shall judge the people: the isles shall wait upon me, and on mine arm shall they trust."

The Lesson Sermon also included the following passage from the Christian Science textbook. "Science and Health with every sort—and it will flee from you. Error is opposed to Life. We can, and ultimately shall, so rise as to avail ourselves in every direction of the supremacy of Truth over error, Life over death, and good over evil, and this growth will go on until we arrive at the fulness of God's idea, and no more fear that we shall be sick and die." (Page 406).

Seventy Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News" of October 14, 1870

Sometime ago, the Council called attention to the Bye Law in the new Land Regulations, forbidding people to drive without lights, between sunset and sunrise. The order was a very necessary one, and should be enforced. A carriage driving up such a crowded thoroughfare as the Maloo, for instance without lights, is highly dangerous. Thus far, however, the Council's notification has been much neglected. They should insist on its being observed.

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

MAYOR FU SIAO-EN

The widespread expressions of horror and condolence in connection with the murder of Mayor Fu Siao-en on Friday morning serve to indicate the very great respect in which he was generally held throughout all sections of Shanghai, for during the period of almost two years in which he has held office, there cannot be the slightest doubt that he rendered valuable services not only to the area which he had under his direct control but to the International Settlement and the French Concession as well. Mayor Fu was very severely criticized when he announced his intention of assuming the post of Mayor of Greater Shanghai, but as this journal pointed out at the time, Mr. Fu at no time owed loyalty to the Nanking Government under Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, and for years had sought refuge in Dairen. In commenting upon his acceptance of the office it was further said :—

If Mr. Fu Siao-en in deciding to assume office has done so for the service of his own ends he must stand condemned. On the other hand this journal pointed out some time ago that the holding of such office in occupied territory may be actuated by the most praiseworthy of motives. There are precedents which justify the contention, and the case of the famous M. Max, the burgomaster of Brussels, during the years of the German occupation of Belgium, is a striking example of the kind..... If similar motives have inspired the new Mayor to undertake work which will be difficult, and at any rate for the time being earn for him the opprobrium of at least a section of the Chinese public, he may in the long run be vindicated. He alone knows his reasons for taking the step he has, but if they are indeed inspired by the real desire to be of assistance to his own race they may prove to be entirely good.

Mr. Fu Siao-en consistently claimed that he was animated with the desire to serve his own people in the singular conditions brought about by the Japanese occupation of this area, and there cannot be any gainsaying of the fact that during his tenure of office he was able to do much not only for his own people, but for all sections of this great city of Shanghai. He was not able always to move with the speed which the foreign authorities would have liked to have seen, but no one realized better than Mr. Fu himself the manifold difficulties he had to encounter, and the fact that he was able to do so well, to remove many causes of friction, which a man less happily placed would have been unable to do, supports the view that he was genuinely inspired by a desire to be of service to his fellow nationals in the predicament in which they found themselves. His actions during the past two years clearly establish the truth of his original claims.

It is important that this should be pointed out in view of the suggestions that the crime which led to his untimely death was murder committed by an old servant for some reason best known to himself, or that it has a political background. Allegations that his murder was a political one are already being made, though up to the present there is no evidence available to prove this to be the case. Should, however, this turn out to be true nothing but the severest condemnation can be meted out to whoever is responsible. During the past three years Shanghai has seen far too much of political assassinations. Not only that, it has had proved to it, by first hand experience, that this course of conduct is as hideous in its criminality as it is foolish in its utter futility. The war of assassination which has been carried on has brought about no results of permanence whatsoever. Men of conviction of the probity of their intentions and the sacredness of their cause,—no matter how misguided they may have been,—have sprung into the places of those who have fallen as casualties in this underground struggle. The only finality about it is the occasional death of an individual.

For the rest, if by their actions men are to be judged, Mayor Fu comes out of the two years of his administration more than a little creditably. The office he assumed in October, 1938, was bound to be a difficult one, one which only a man of his courage and fixity of purpose could have sustained in the manner which he did. At no time was he blind to the dangers he ran, but he faced them boldly in the belief he was serving his fellow nationals. That he expressed on more than one occasion to this journal, and on the fruits of his labour must judgment be based. It is because only one judgment is possible that the expressions of various public men have taken the form they have. In Mayor Fu's death Shanghai and its environs have suffered a sad blow. He truly worked for the communities situated therein, and will be remembered for the last two years of his life which were devoted to real service.

THE GROWING CHANGE

The British offensive in the Channel against Cherbourg, the endeavours of the German press to wean their readers from the idea of a short decisive and victorious war to that of a prolonged struggle, and the allegations that conditions in the British Isles are far worse than those which the Germans are themselves undergoing indicate that a change is coming over the situation. That opinion is corroborated by the statement that the invasion of Britain is off, and the fact that the Axis Powers are showing increased activity in the Balkans,—the trend to the south-east which is the classical resort after failure along the Channel. That change has been developing gradually, and was first perceived by neutral observers. Thus on September 17 in the New York "Post" Vaughan Henry cabling from the French-Spanish frontier quoted neutral diplomatic representatives from Paris and Bordeaux as saying that the assurance which permeated the Germans in France with regard to their operations against Britain have given way to uneasiness and doubt. The stiff resistance of the British, he said, has dispelled much of the cockiness of the Nazis, growing tenseness and irritability are evident, especially amongst the higher officers and there is no more talk of "lunch in Paris, and a flight to London for tea."

If further evidence were wanted of the growing opinion on the Continent that the British are holding their own it is to be found in the writings of the Press in unoccupied France. An example appeared in "L'Action Française" quoted by the Vichy correspondent of the New York "Herald Tribune" :—

> Despite the terrible experience revealed by the new form of war, and although the security born of feelings that the islands were protected by a maritime barrier which could not be crossed, has totally disappeared, nevertheless Britain's *moral* doesn't seem to have weakened up to now. As tested metal the old British tenacity resists the ordeal. Nobody can tell whether England will survive the duel to death in which she is now engaged but she will not collapse like a weakened organism. The spring is intact and does not crack.

About three months ago French newspapers like "L'Action Française" were predicting the speedy downfall of Britain before Hitler's armies. That was a belief which Hitler confidently shared with Mussolini, and the recent meeting in the Brenner Pass was clearly for the purpose of readjusting schemes in view of the failure of the enemy plans.

Nothing would be more fatal at the present time than to seek to exaggerate the importance of the change which is coming over the scene. Much will yet have to transpire before its full significance can be fully realized, but it is a demonstrable fact that the German air offensive against Great Britain has clearly failed to get the quick results which its designers expected of it, and has driven the enemy to seek new methods of carrying on the struggle. The reasons for the failure of that offensive are plain for all men to see. Hitler made the great mistake of turning his attention after Dunkirk to the task of smashing France, which is now clearly shown to have been in no position to threaten the German armies. Had he struck straight at Britain he would have found her not nearly so well prepared as she has now become, and the result is that the much vaunted military genius of Hitler has been found to be not quite so perfect as his blind admirers would have everyone believe.

The second great factor is the *moral* of the British people themselves. In this connection the New York "Times" published the following on September 16 :—

> In London a few days ago a "Times" correspondent saw an old man "pull his dead son out of the rubble of a demolished house," lay the body gently in a waiting ambulance, then turn, and without a word begin "digging again in the stones for the rest of his family." He was one of the many who took cruel blows without a whimper. The correspondent wrote :
>
> "One simply cannot convey the spirit of these people. Adversity only angers and strengthens them. They are tough in a way we Americans seldom understand. That curious gentility among their menfolk confuses us. We understimate them."

If people who speak the Anglo-Saxon language, and consequently should be better able to appreciate the spirit of the British people in times such as these, cannot do so, how much more must such people as the Germans fail? It is the *moral* of the British which is bringing about the change which is becoming noticeable, which enables them to withstand the blows of the enemy and prepare to strike back as they have done at Cherbourg, where the British Navy has proved that no matter what high falutin' claims the Germans may make concerning command of the Channel, they cannot keep the Navy out of it, nor British airmen out of the skies above it.

Then and Now

Today, while Hitler's armies stand on the French, Belgian and Holland shores possibly still waiting for a chance to invade Britain, is the 874th anniversary of the battle which marked the last successful invasion of England by a foreign army always excepting those later ones in the times of King John, and James II. William of Normandy indulged in no *Blitzkrieg* after he landed at Pevensey on September 28, 1066, and seems to have spent his time consolidating his position during the sixteen days in which King Harold, who had defeated invaders at Stamford Bridge, and having heard the news of William's coming, hurried southward gathering what troops he could on the way. He arrived at Senlac about six miles in from the coast, with a motley force of infantry, consisting chiefly of shire levies, mostly destitute of armour and equipped with improvised weapons, and his own picked guards or *huscarles*. William commanded his own vassals, and also barons, knights and adventurers, with archers and arblasters and heavy armoured cavalry. William's panzer-divisions in the shape of his armoured cavalry did not come off so well against the English positions where Danish axes, halberts, and bills were indeed the answer to the horse and armour, and it was only when the Bretons fled from the scene and some of the English followed in pursuit, enabling the Norman cavalry to fall on them and destroy them, that William, by pursuing the same tactics, was able to wear down the English resistance, until Harold *huscarles* made the final and useless stand around their lord. The English were ill-equipped for the fight, but nevertheless it was a hard fought field upon which the invaders rested that night before going about the business of the Norman Conquest. Why was Duke William able to succeed in his invasion? For precisely the same reasons why Hitler is unlikely to do so. William had sufficient command of the Channel to be able to land his forces unopposed and dispose of them in readiness for the decisive battle. He was better equipped, and the time between his unopposed landing and the actual battle gave his troops a rest which was denied Harold's. Hitler does not command the Channel and is extremely unlikely ever to be able to do so. The troops which would engage him are not away fighting a battle at Stamford Bridge, but are in the south of England, in strongly fortified positions waiting for the enemy to endeavour to land, with the knowledge that it will be made extremely hazardous and costly for them. There would be no rest of over a fortnight, but fighting from the very moment when the enemy at sea came within the reach of the British guns, some of which, be it remembered, can shell the French coast just as can the Germans shell the British. The problem which Duke William faced, formidable as it must have seemed in his days, is as nothing compared with that which Hitler has to solve, and the chances of the latter ever being able to do so recede with every day which passes. Hitler will have no opportunity to fight a battle of Hastings, for, even if he aimed at Pevensey or any other low-lying section along the Channel coast, the fact is that the battle would be joined long before the enemy reached the beaches, with the result that the decisive battle would be fought not six miles inland, but probably a similar distance at sea, though of course that is where the water-walking boots would come in handiest.

STRAY NOTES

Weihaiwei, Oct. 3.—Autumn has come like a bolt from the blue: with few exceptions Swallows and Swifts have left us: flowers are withering quickly and even poor Gertrude (the telephone wire spider) died last night: this morning I found her being carried off by a gang of black-coated ants to their own particular parlours: from parlour to parlour seems to be the span of a spider's life, and the ants are the grim reapers of the insect world. The hares are with me in greater numbers than ever (but my gardener insists on calling them "lobbits"): I am told that they are attracted by parsley, but they turn up their noses at my abundant supply and seem to prefer my late lettuces: unlike Pop-eye the Sailor they will not eat spinach which I could well spare them: they concentrate on root-tops and lettuce . . . which brings me to an amusing point. When protecting their crops from hares, the Chinese use very little netting and leave many holes: the net is supposed to represent a trap which the hare fears; and in spite of my protests the gardener refuses to do the job in a thorough manner; so our hares just push themselves through the holes and nibble the lettuces to their hearts' content. How often I wish I could quote to my gardener that ancient jingle which is supposed to teach us to be *thorough* in everything we do! And I wonder how many of the "Moderns" remember it?

For the want of a nail the shoe was lost:
For the want of a shoe the horse was lost:
For the want of a horse the rider was lost:
For the want of a rider the battle was lost:
By the loss of the battle a kingdom was lost:
And all for the want of a horse-shoe nail!

It's just like that with my lettuces . . . one hole in the net and they are lost.—E.S.W.

DEMOCRACY LIKE HEALTH

Sum of Hopes, Faith and Charity

Democracy is like health. It is nothing. It is the absence of pain and sickness. It only becomes something when pain comes and a man remembers how pleasant it was not to be in pain. In a word it is life itself. It is breathing and eating and being and becoming something. It is being alive instead of being part dead. It is a world where every man feels something like the way only one man felt in the world of Alexander the Great, who was just one bright-eyed little man who held his head somewhat on one side. Democracy is limited merely by the ultimate potentialities of all men in the world and all their descendants. It is the total sum of hopes, of faith and of charity. It is humble and omnipotent. Those who wish to get fancy about it may say that it is God, writes David Cart in "Life."

Naturally it is harder to define Democracy at any one moment than to define such crude obvious programmes as Nazism, Fascism or Communism. For these are as limited as the brain of one man. They have all been defined and explained. There is no future in them whatever except the murder of every other kind of brain. The proponents of these programmes generally do not like their fellow men for what they are. They feel with wonderful sinderity that they are able to decide what is best for other people and they are resolved to give it to them, whether the people like it or not. Notice that they do not especially think of giving it to themselves. They expect to be on the giving, not the taking, end. They may be right or they may be wrong but there is to be no judge. In a world where God will not speak they are willing to be God.

In the daylight of sanity these are sick people. They are unhappy in their personal lives. They want more power than they have. They feel the thrill of power tingling in their veins. But this pleasant neurotic tingle of overpowering ambition is a poor qualification for a position o power. It would be more nearly correct to say that men in power should be picked for their total lack of tingle. Hitler and Mussolini and Stalin are full of tingles, dark surges of power and ruthlessness.

These sick men sincerely want to see the world run right, just as Alexander and Genghis Khan and Napoleon did. Anybody who thinks they will run it right if they have the chance should review the history of mankind.

Only Since England Ruled the Seas

Democracy is a shy growth. It occurs only where there is an absence of fear. It survives only where it is protected by an overwhelming power. It has had its great growth only since 1714, since England ruled the seas. The peculiar English even encouraged the revolt of the American colonies. It is not often remembered now that English members of Parliament said then in the House of Commons that the Americans were fighting for English liberties as well as for their own (against the crazy King George III) and they referred to Washington's armie as "our armies."

The revolution of the French would have had no chance of survival against the armies of Europe's monarchs but for the genius of Napoleon. Then Napoleon killed French Democracy from within. The democracies of Scandinavia, Belgium, the Netherlands were allowed to survive only because it was British policy to keep Europe divided in small, impotent nations. To these add Switzerland, but the Swiss first earned their freedom because the Swiss phalanx was by far the most formidable fighting mass in Europe.

The South American republics, including those that can be called democracies, have survived under the protection of the powerful U. S. And the U. S. got its start behind the protection of a great ocean. It did not neglect seapower. But Americans have been misinformed by their history books. They are told that their growth into power and freedom was inevitable—manifest destiny. They are not told that they won freedom from the British Empire largely because Louis XVI gave them guns and money and troops, that they almost broke up under the Articles of Confederation, that Jefferson almost did not beat Burr for President, that the Confederacy should have won at Gettysburg, that the British Navy kept the world stable from 1815 to 1914.

Luck helped the American colossus past its difficult times. Luck let the American people have the time and room to develop their greatness. It was not luck that they knew what to do with their opportunities. It was Democracy, the rule of the crowd that kept leaders from strangling America with their fixed and limited personal ideals.

But there comes a time when the living free men have no longer any time or grace to make mistakes. Such a time must always come, and perhaps often, for a great, rich powerful Democracy. It seems to have come at last for the U.S. Democracy can be overthrown. A man can be swindled and end in the poorhouse or the river. God does not and never did guarantee heaven on earth to men. God takes it away quickly from fools and sluggards.

Under Democracy, however, your child is a Revolution far superior to that of Hitler or Stalin. He is a new beginning of wisdom. No law compels him to believe even in what you believe. No ward heeler can take him out of the fifth grade and assign him to lifelong farm labour. No stool pigeon can send him to concentration camp because he argues too much. No black-shirted officer of the elite who likes his girl can have him shot. Under Democracy the small boy who is now 2 or 5 or 10 has a chance to grow up to be something greater than his father. He will slowly change his world. And when he is 70 and ready to die, though he may not realize it, his world will more closely resemble the dream he had when he was 20.

IN PARENTHESIS

"Paddling"

SINGLE gals paddle their own canoes; after marriage they paddle their husband.

* * *

Short Weight

A pal tells of the girl who weighed only 85 pounds, but she's still some man's heavy date.

* * *

Dry Country

THE mayor of a tough border town was about to engage a preacher for the new church.

"Parson, you aren't by any chance a Baptist, are you?"

"No. Why?"

"Well, I was just going to say that we have to haul our water twelve miles."

* * *

From Here and There

MANY a pert goes out to flirt and comes back expert.

When two girls kiss each other it's like a couple of prizefighters shaking hands.

"What's that bump on your head from?"

"Oh, I have water on the brain and it just came to a boil."

"Every time I pass your house I see you sitting in the window."

"Well, someone has to look out for the family."

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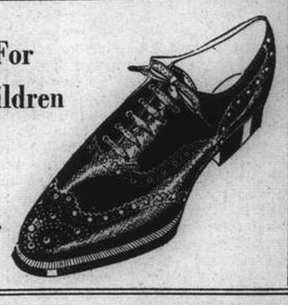

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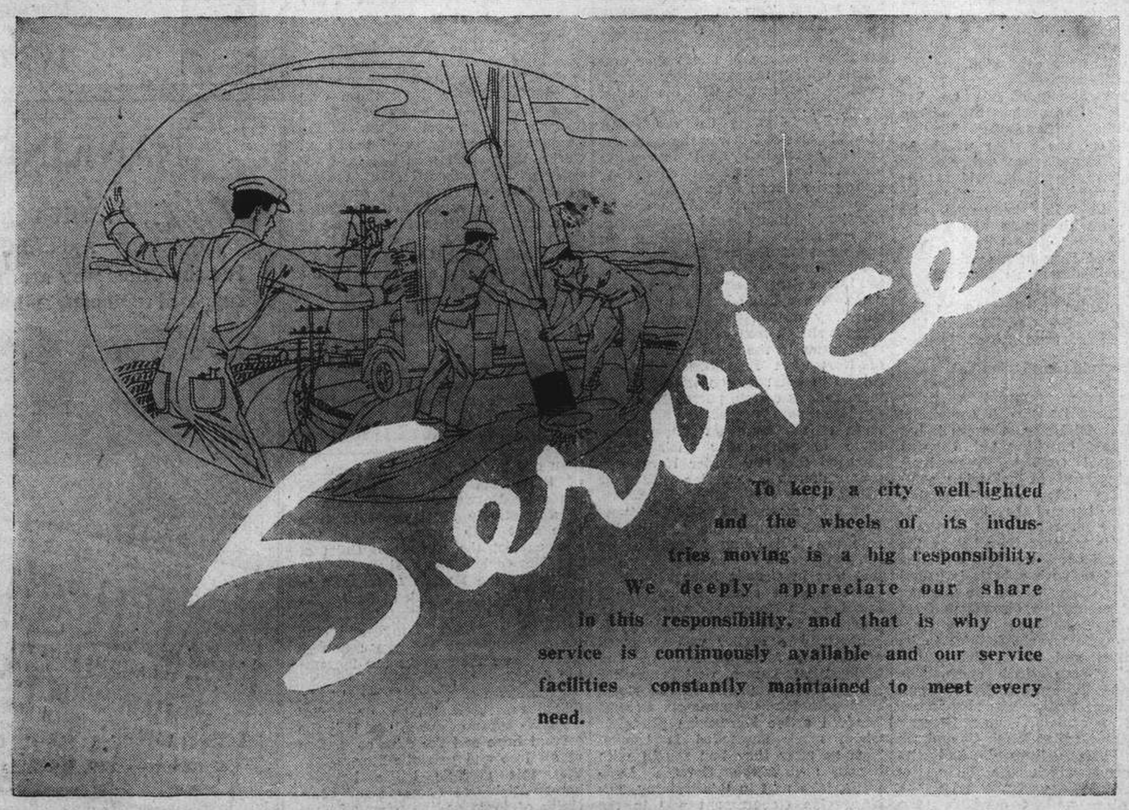

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Nazi Puppet Government Rejected in Norway

Full Text of King's Proclamation Shows Up German Move; Increased Assistance to Allies

"TRANSOCEAN" cables from Norway recently carried the news that the German Reich Commissar for Norway, Terboven, who only a few years ago held the position of a minor bank clerk in a town in the Rhineland district, in a broadcast from Oslo on September 25 had decreed that the King of Norway, Haakon VII, the Royal House and the Country's legal National Government, presided over by Mr. Nygaardsvold, had been deposed and that a new regime had been instituted. Terboven further made it known that the four major political parties, namely: the Conservative party, the Liberal party, the Agrarian party and the Labour party had been dissolved, and that in the future Norway was to have only one party, "the National Union", which has the notorious ex-Major Quisling as the "Fuehrer".

Norway has through several decades been governed in accordance with the same parliamentary principles which apply in the "mother-country of parliaments," England. By virtue of this free form of government the country had progressed materially, culturally and socially until it had become in certain respects one of the leading nations in Europe. The German invasion of April 9 of this year put a sudden stop to all liberty and happiness in a country which before had been characterized as the "peaceful corner of Europe."

A Puppet Regime

The temporary German rule-by-force in Norway has, with supreme contempt for all traditions and for the ordinary man's feelings of liberty, in vain endeavoured by various means to force the country's popular King and his legal Government, composed of representatives from the above mentioned four major political parties, to cease the struggle against the invaders. When these attempts did not lead to any positive result Terboven then decided, in accordance with instructions received from his lord and master, and with the usual German lack of psychology and understanding for other people's way of thinking, to prop on its feet a "puppet régime." The news services have already briefly informed the world of this fact.

In this connection the "North-China Daily News" approached the Norwegian Consulate-General in Shanghai in order to obtain an authoritative declaration regarding the matter. In the absence of the Consul-General, Mr. T. Knudtzon, on an official journey to Chungking, this journal had an interview with the Acting Consul-General, Mr. Otto Kildal, who has served with the local Consulate-General for a period of about eight years. In reply to a question asked in order to obtain further details of this new German action in Norway, Mr. Kildal pointed to the recent proclamation addressed to the Norwegian people. That proclamation was adopted by the country's legal Government in London at a meeting of the Cabinet presided over by King Haakon. The Consulate-General has now received the complete text of this proclamation which may prove of interest to the readers of this journal and is therefore given in full:—

Proclamation

"The German 'Reich Commissar' in Norway announced on September 25 in a broadcast from Oslo that he had taken the following steps:

"The King and his House have been deprived of all their rights in Norway. The Government presided over by Mr. Nygaardsvold has been deposed and the Reich Commissar has himself appointed a new ruling body to take over the government of Norway.

"The Reich Commissar pretends that he has obtained the adherence to new system from the leaders of the political parties of the country. In reality this constitutes a sheer usurpation of power by a foreign aggressor. The new ruling body has no other foundation but that of the German conquering force in Norway and it will be compelled to govern only according to the orders of its German masters. Already important parts of the administration of the country have been placed directly under the German authorities. This affects both the internal and the foreign policy, the judicial system and economic matters. German tribunals render judgments in Norway. German police control Norwegian citizens, and all the military power is in the hands of the Germans, while the Norwegian defence forces have been dissolved. The new ruling body has no independence whatsoever and does not represent a free and independent state. This means virtually that the first and most sacred article of Norway's Constitution has been thrown aside. The People have lost the right to be masters in their own homes. They are not any longer permitted freely to organize any political activity.

"The German Reich Commissar states that he has conducted negotiations with representatives of the Norwegian Storting. But he has found it impossible to obtain a resolution from the Storting in favour of the system which he desired. Not a single member of the Storting has placed himself at the disposal of the Reich Commissar by entering the ruling body set up by him. It is with shame and sorrow that one must note that he has been able to find Norwegians willing to accept appointment as members of such a puppet régime and thereby becoming guilty of betraying the first Command of the Constitution: The liberty and independence of Norway.

Disunion and Conflict

"These men represent a party which adorns itself with the proud name National Unity, whereas it has never meant anything but disunion and internal conflict. They have never succeeded in gathering sufficient voters to elect a single member to the Storting and they have betrayed every conception of national thought the moment they betray the national independence. But a régime established on such a basis is bound to collapse the very day the German army of occupation disappears from the country. As long as the Norwegian people remain faithful to its Constitution and to its liberty the day of victory shall come. The struggle for the cause of freedom and independence shall not be abandoned.

"The King remains King of Norway even if the German Reich Commissar declares him dethroned. And the Government which the King has appointed in accordance with the Constitution and to which the Storting in its last meeting unanimously gave its vote of confidence, is still the legal Government of the country and will continue to do its duty in accordance with the mandate given it by the Storting. In the name of the people and on behalf of the people the King and the Government will carry on the fight until the country has regained its liberty and independence. It is their national duty and they know that they have the Norwegian people, strong and determined, behind them when they in such manner, also outside the boundaries of the country, work and fight for its vital interests. In the certain knowledge that they are the true representatives of the people's will to liberty, they call to the Norwegian people at home: Stand firm and remain faithful to Norway's free Constitution and together we shall win the victory for all Norwegians."

Supported by Patriots

Mr. Kildal said that the dignity and confidence which characterize this proclamation will receive the entire support of all free, patriotic Norwegians, and that the urgent appeal which the proclamation directs to his countrymen will find an echo in their hearts despite the fact that Norwegians in occupied Norway at present are unable to express their true feelings. All Norwegian newspapers are thus at present under German censorship and many papers do not appear, as they have refused to submit to this censorship. All letters are opened and censored. Broadcasting and other modern means of communications are also of course, under German control. This condition will exist so long as the German occupation of the country lasts. But the Germans are making a great mistake if they believe that this silence and this apparently passive attitude on the part of Norwegians in occupied Norway is to be interpreted as any recognition of the methods of force which the Germans have put into effect against their Aryan "brothers." The cables have already carried the news of the cold reception accorded the new "puppet régime," and, as the proclamation puts it: "The entire system will collapse like a pack of cards as soon as the German occupation of Norway is over."

"And," said Mr. Kildal, "the fervent hope and belief of all Norwegians is that the day is not far off when the armour of the Totalitarian Powers will be pierced and Right and Justice once more will be enthroned in the High Seat."

Replying to a question if it was correct that Terboven had also decreed that the Norwegian three-coloured flag is to be replaced with a new flag which is to be red with a yellow cross, Mr. Kildal said that he had read the cable the contents of which are probably correct.

"Also in this respect," Mr. Kildal declared, "the Nazi invaders have perpetrated a new psychological and major stupidity if they believe that this profanity of the beautiful Norwegian flag of liberty will be tolerated by the Norwegian people. Every student of Norwegian history knows that after many parliamentary struggles in our country in the course of the last century everybody rallied round the red-white-and-blue flag of the cross, as the symbol of a free and independent nation. Nothing could therefore provoke popular opinion and hurt the feelings of every individual in Norway more than this recent outrage by which the Reich Commissar has provided our country with a new 'flag.' The flag poles everywhere in Norway, however, will remain empty, and no German threats will induce the Norwegians to hoist this new 'flag'."

Rally Round the King

Mr. Kildal then declared that all free Norwegians as one man have rallied roung their hero King Haakon VII, the members of his Royal House and his National Government and were endeavouring to the utmost of their power to render their Allies all the assistance and support within their means. This assistance consists first and foremost in that their great, modern Merchant Marine, with an available tonnage of about four and a half million registered tons, works in close co-operation with the British authorities. During the days immediately following the occupation of vital parts of Norway the Germans certainly tried by all means to prevent the fleet from continuing sailing the Seven Seas.

In this connection it may be mentioned that faked radiograms were dispatched by the Germans in the name of Norwegian owners to the ships requesting them to proceed to Norwegian, German or neutral ports. When this action did not produce any results, the German forces did not shrink from sending out false radiograms to the ships in the name of Norwegian Legations and Consulates in different countries advising them to seek certain ports. But none of these attempts succeeded and nine-tenth of the Merchant Marine continue to sail under their three-coloured flag and under Norwegian supervision in co-operaion with their Allies.

That the means and will to continue the battle against the Totalitarian rule are still living forces on the Norwegian side is also shown by the fact that in Canada intense work is proceeding in connection with the creation of a Norwegian Air-arm. In charge of this task is Colonel Klingenberg, who earlier was the head of the Air force in Norway, and Major Riiser-Larsen, well known for his exploration flights to the North Pole with Roald Amundsen. Several hundred active Norwegian pilots, of whom many succeeded in leaving Norway after they had fought with honour against the German *Luftwaffe*, take part in this training. The Norwegian Government will in the near future take delivery of more than one hundred American bombers of the latest type which will be flown by Norwegian pilots and will in a relatively short space of time take part with their Allies in the war against the Germans. Units of the Norwegian Navy share in the watch off the English Coast, and in England itself thousands of Norwegian soldiers are now gathered. These men accompanied their King and the Government after the evacuation of Narvik, and their ranks are increasing daily.

"The cause of a free Norway," Mr. Kildal concluded, "stands or falls" with the cause of our Allies. It is the fervent hope and the deep conviction of all free and patriotic Norwegians that this gigantic battle between human Rights on one side and principles of force on the other will result in victory for the former."

Doing His Bit

An ex-Cathedral School boy, Keith Starling, is seen above (left) with a friend in Weston-Super-Mare, doing his bit to win the war by collecting old iron, paper, etc., from houses in the town.

Utilities Strike Continues

M. Favret Non-Committal On Settlement Reports; Chinese Press Optimistic

There was no change in the strike at the Compagnie Française de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai and transport was still paralyzed in the Concession as no trams or buses were out in the streets. The power plant, too, was being run by the skeleton staff of Russian strike-breakers.

Questioned about the reports appearing in the Chinese press, saying that an early settlement of the strike may be expected since the company has accepted the six demands presented to the administration by the strikers, who held a meeting in Nantao on Saturday afternoon, M. J. Favret, general manager of the company, said that he had no statement to be made regarding these reports. He, however, did not deny them.

According to the "Central China Daily News," a pro-Wang Ching-wei organ, which nearly became the victim of a bombing outrage when several men deposited a hand-grenade on the window sill of the premises occupied by the paper on Thursday morning, the administration of the French company has signified its wish to accept the six basic demands presented by the strikers.

Alleged Demands

These were said to contain the following:—

1.—That the newly-formed labour union should be recognized by the company and that it should be issued with $400 per month by the company.

2.—That the 28 workers, connected with the case of Chen Toong-tsang, an inspector of the company, are released as well as the others arrested during the present strike.

The other demands specified that the workers receive an increase in pay and that no employee is dismissed without reasonable pretext. It was also said that the strikers had demanded that workers, hired on time basis, are given half month's pay upon their resignation and that a holiday be given to the workers on Sunday, with the "hired on time" workers still getting their pay.

It is also reported that the company conveyed their willingness to accept the demands to the French police, who in their turn notified the "mass movement" authorities of Nanking. The latter, it is alleged, will act as mediators.

Strike Widespread

The "Central China Daily News," which predicted a few days ago the spreading of the utility strikes, stated yesterday that the settlement would either be reached today or tomorrow. This, however, was not confirmed by M. Favret, who declined to make any statement on the issue.

The present strike is one of the biggest ever experienced by the French utility company, since even the well-paid Chinese employees have joined the strikers. Apart from the office staff and the employees of the waterworks, the rest are now out, forcing complete disruption of transport service.

The power plant of the company is being guarded day and night by French police and there is no fear that this service will be paralyzed as it is said that the regular staff and the temporary Russian workers are capable of running the service.

Reservists Report to The Augusta Today

Celebration at Club Last Night

Shanghai U.S. Fleet Reservists, who have recently been called back to duty, have been undergoing medical examinations, and all those who have passed satisfactorily have been instructed to report to the U.S.S. Augusta in the course of the next week. Unmarried men of the reserve will go aboard the cruiser today, it is understood, to receive a refresher course, while the married men will be given until the end of the week to wind up their affairs here. Although it is believed possible that the reservists may sail with the Augusta when she leaves Shanghai for Manila, this is not definite.

A celebration was held at the U.S. Fleet Reserve Club last night at 7 o'clock, when all the members of the club gathered for a final banquet for the 21 reservists who are leaving shortly. About 40 members of the club remain, however, and it is expected that it will continue to exist.

Colleges in Yunnan To Move Again

New Treks Following Threat By Japanese in Tongkin

Chungking, Oct. 13.

Ten thousand Yunnan students are now ready for another long march to new campuses as a result of Japanese occupation of Indo-China and aerial bombing of the province.

Among the first to move will be 3,500 students and 900 members of the faculty of the South-West Associated University at Kunming. Forty thousand tons of property will be transferred. They will go either to Sichang in Sikong province or to Szechuen.

Tunchi University and the Shanghai Medical College at Kunming will move to Chenning in western Kweichow, while the National Yunnan University will move to Chaotung in north-eastern Yunnan, birthplace of Governor Lung Yun.

The National Sun Yat-sen University, formerly in Canton, is being moved from Chenkiang southward to Kunming and back to Lihsien in northern Kwangtung near the Hunan border. Hwachung University from Wuchang, the only missionary institution in Yunnan, will remain at Tali in western Yunnan.—Reuter.

Crew of Japanese Ship Mutiny

Chinese Seamen Attack Officers; One Thrown Into River, Other Wounded

After beating a Japanese officer aboard their steamer with an iron bar, causing the victim to drop unconscious, and throwing another Japanese officer into the river after tying him up with a rope, the Chinese crew of a Shanghai-bound and Japanese owned steamer staged a mutiny in which they succeeded in escaping with $5,000 in notes.

According to the "Shun Pao" and other Chinese press reports, the Japanese steamer, the Tien Li No. 2 belonging to a Japanese firm the Chinese name of which is Oa Ti Trading Company, was a victim of looting by its own Chinese crew after entering Woosung at 11.30 p.m. on Thursday.

Arriving from Hankow, the ship was steaming into this port when suddenly the Chinese foreman in the engine room stopped the ship. A Japanese officer was about to enter the engine room to make inquiries when he was waylaid by the mutinous Chinese crew, who best him severely with an iron bar.

He collapsed on the deck while the crew caught another Japanese officer aboard, bound him up with a rope, and threw him into the Whangpoo. The crew then stole the money and escaped long before Japanese authorities had been informed of the matter.

The unconscious Japanese officer was later rescued and taken to a Japanese hospital in Hongkew. The Japanese are questioning other members of the crew who did not take part in the mutiny.

Japanese Preserve Photos For Thousand Years

Tokyo, Oct. 12.

So that the 30th century Japanese can get a good idea of how his ancestors lived, photographs printed on special paper are to be preserved for 1,000 years in temples, shrines and museums in various parts of Japan, the "Asahi" states.

The Japan Camaramen's Association is responsible for this plan, the idea of which is to show pictures of the present era in Japan.

For this purpose a special kind of paper has been manufactured, closely resembling the paper used for writing with the brush.

Six hundred photographs will be selected and fifty sets will be made of each picture.—Havas.

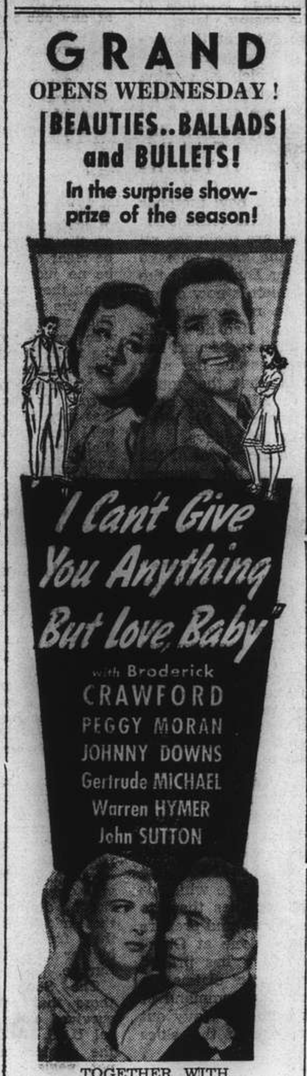
Encoffining Ceremony For Late Mayor Fu

Mayor Fu, who was killed on Friday morning in his Scott Road home, left a large family, many of whom were present at the encoffining, which took place in a courtyard of the house. A $50,000 reward has been offered for the killer by Mayor Fu's relatives.

A private watchman, named Yu Len, was stabbed to death after a fight with two burglars outside premises at 210 Gordon Road yesterday morning at 4 o'clock. Yu Len was making his rounds of an inside lane with another watchman when they surprised two Chinese coming out of a house. The watchmen immediately grappled with the burglars, and in the ensueing fight Yu Len was killed. The murderers made good their escape despite the efforts of the other watchman to stop them.

TO OPEN PRY UP CENTER TOP.
Packed Expressly for Export
Grape-Nuts
Made of Wheat
A FOC
"ECONOM
"THERE'S A REASON" FOR GRAPE-NUTS
Genuine Grape-Nuts
13 Ounces Net Weight 369 Grams
IT COMES TO YOU
FRESH
IN THE SEALED TIN
A CRISP, DELICIOUS
BREAKFAST
Here's a breakfast that's all nourishment—delicious nourishment. It's a breakfast that's always fresh, appetising, delicious too. There is no lost flavour, no waste when you buy Grape-Nuts.
GRAPE-NUTS
AND IT STAYS
CRISP
TO THE LAST PORTION

NANKING— OPENS WEDNESDAY!
Why!... WHY DON'T THEY LET A FELLOW ALONE?
It's the other way around—girls are supposed to be perfect—but men aren't.
SOL LESSER presents
OUR TOWN
FROM THE PULITZER PRIZE PLAY BY THORNTON WILDER
Starring
WILLIAM HOLDEN * MARTHA SCOTT
FAY BAINTER - BEULAH BONDI - THOMAS MITCHELL
GUY KIBBEE - STUART ERWIN - FRANK CRAVEN
Directed by SAM WOOD - Released Thru United Artists



OPENING TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, at 6 p.m.

WEIDA HOTEL

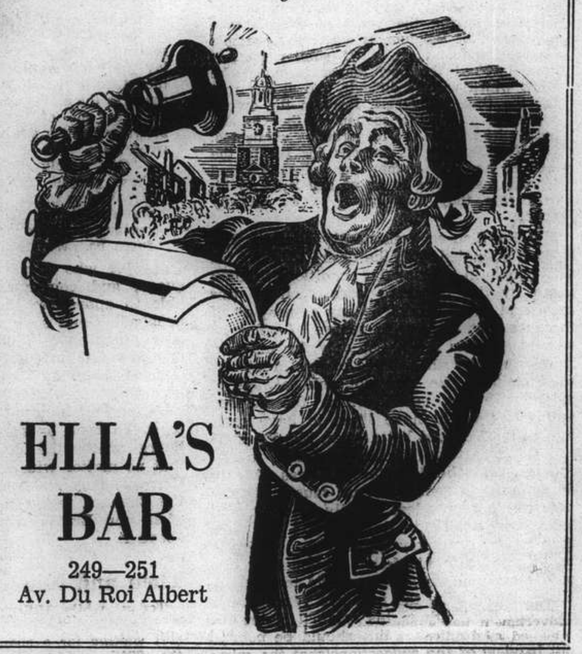
BALL-ROOM

Management

993 Avenue Joffre

Hear ye! Hear ye! Hear ye!

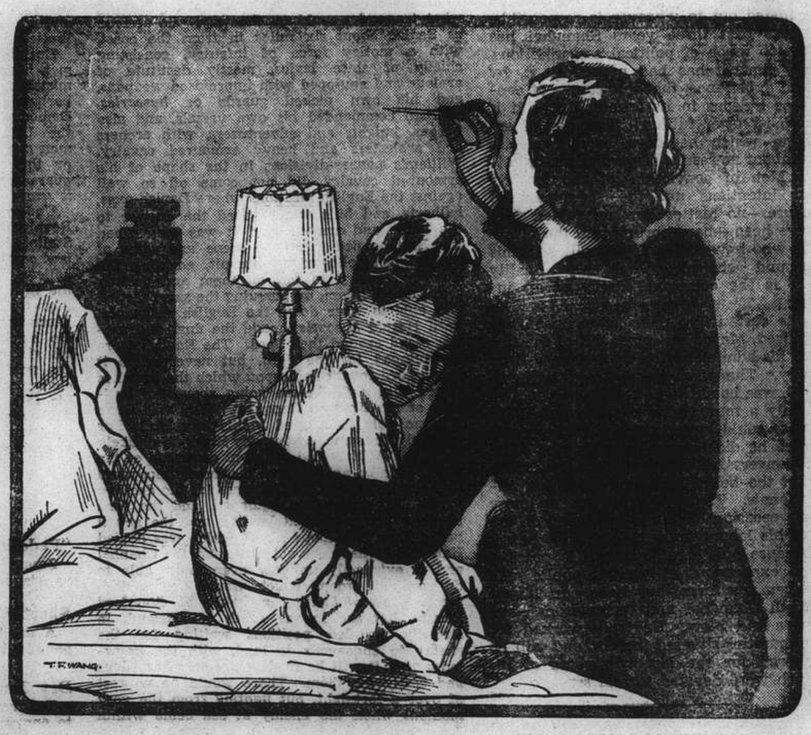
Watch for Grand Opening of



ELLA'S BAR

249—251 Av. Du Roi Albert

MOTHER'S ANGUISH



when her dearest treasure is being endangered by an insidious disease which could oftentimes be avoided by the mighty powers contained in small tablets.

WAKAMOTO

safeguards family's happiness by cutting short diseases at its very root.

胃腸營養

若素

愛子以道

愛子之道，莫貴小兒健康，莫重體質之強弱，莫至關係其將來之幸福，莫過於為父母者不可不預為之培植以造成將來之健全體格也。若素含有各種珍貴營養分，正在發育期中小兒必需之長威素，能補助胃腸之消化，除疾病，壯腦健胃，實為小兒之良藥也。

FROM DAY TO DAY

In view of the current epidemic of bubonic plague in Changchun, the special manœuvres of the Manchoukuo army, scheduled to take place in October, have been cancelled.

Members of the British Women's Association are reminded that today is the last day for receiving Jumble, which should be sent straight to the Union Church Hall.

A Chinese rice shop at 19 Connaught Road was raided by three Chinese, two of them armed, at 12.15 p.m. yesterday. The robbers intimidated the occupants and succeeded in taking away $400 in cash.

Three unarmed bandits got away with almost $600 in jewellery when they entered 47/30 Wayside Road at 9 a.m. yesterday. No alarm was raised and the robbers were not hindered in their escape.

Mr. Eiji Amau, Japanese Ambassador to Italy, made a pilgrimage to Premier Mussolini's family chapel in Rome on Saturday morning. Accompanied by Colonel Moriakira Shimizu and Italian officials, the envoy laid a wreath tied with red and white ribbon, representing Japanese colours, at the chapel.

The cheap sale of coal started by the Shanghai Coal Merchants' Guild will commence today and will last for three days. Small boiled water shops on which most Chinese depend for the supply of drinking water will buy their quota of cheap coal from the various member shops of the guild. This is the fifteenth cheap sale conducted by the guild.

Catholic bodies in Chungking on Tuesday received a message from the Vatican stating that within a few days, a weekly broadcast in Chinese will be made through the Vatican Broadcasting Station, says a Chungking message to the "Cheng Yien Pao." The station at present broadcasts in 10 different languages, and for the benefit of Chinese Catholics, is including a Chinese-language programme.

The Industrial Section of the Shanghai Municipal Council reminds owners of apartment houses in the Settlement south of Soochow Creek and east of St. George's that if they wish their boiler attendants to receive instruction in safe and economical boiler minding, they should instruct these employees to register today at 7 p.m. in the branch health office, 340 Hankow Road. Opportunities to attend the classes will be given in order of application.

The results of the contribution campaign in respect to the "winter clothes fund" for Chungking, by Chinese in Shanghai on the Chinese Independence Day (October 10) have surpassed the original goal, according to reports published by the leading Chinese dailies here yesterday. Some time ago, Chungking started the movement for collecting $20,000,000 for making winter uniforms for soldiers and also winter clothes for refugees. Shanghai was to contribute $500,000.

The Shanghai Special Municipal Government has announced that the planned celebrations in honour of the second anniversary of the Municipality's establishment have been cancelled out of respect for the late Mayor Fu Siao-en. The expenses amounting to $20,000 which had been appropriated for the anniversary ceremonies of the Shanghai Special Municipality, will be devoted to the relief of the poor, it is understood. Meanwhile the surviving members of the Mayor's family have received a telegram from Mr. Wang Ching-wei, expressing his personal sympathy and condolences.

The Rev. Angel Aguado, Spanish Franciscan, of Yenan Vicariate, who was appointed visitor general of the Order for the Philippines some months ago, has just returned to North China from the Islands. He is now *en route* for his mission having completed his assignment abroad. Two more priests of the Order have finished the two year language course at the Peiping House of Studies and will leave for their respective missions in the near future. They are the Rev. Eunan Deeney, destined for the Prefecture Apostolic of Suihsien, Hupeh, and the Rev. Marius Schneider who is destined for the Vicariate of Shohchow.

Another fierce typhoon hit Formosa at the same time that Shanghai was suffering from floods. The typhoon, having begun moving toward the island September 29, at about 8 p.m., hit Taiwan near the Garampi promontory, the southern tip of the island. While the typhoon raged across the island, the highest wind velocity at Takao was 30 metres and at Taihoku 18 metres per second. Heavy rain continued for more than 10 hours on that day throughout Taiwan, brought by the typhoon, which moved toward Mako in the Boko Islands, west of Formosa. Considerable storm and flood damage is reported from many parts of Formosa.

One of the main features in the observance of the Nichiren festival, annual celebration of a Buddhist sect in Japan, will disappear this year with the ban on the sale of sake, which is usually consumed in large quantities by observers of this rite. The Nichiren festival has usually been a boisterous one, large crowds working themselves up to a high pitch of excitement, stimulated by religious and alcoholic fervour. The authorities, however, have decided to allow the sale of rice along the route leading to the temple, for many pilgrims come from far-away places to participate in the religious ceremonies. Eating stalls will remain open so as to allow the worshippers to obtain some nourishment after their long march.

A memorial hall in honour of the late President Hsu Shih-chang is nearing completion in Peiping and a dedication ceremony will be held on October 18, the President's birthday. The building has for some time been in the course of construction, sponsored by the Szu Ts'un Cultural Society, of which the late President was the original founder. A library adjacent the memorial hall is also to be formally opened to the society's members and their friends. A valuable collection of Chinese books will be housed in the library including the complete literary works of the late President, of which twenty-eight kinds have already been donated to the library by the President's grandson, Mr. Hsu Lu-chan.

SHIPPING NEWS

The Toa Kaiun Kaisya Line's ss. **Myoken Maru**, is scheduled to leave Shanghai at about 1 o'clock today, sailing for Yokohama, by way of Osaka and Nagoya. The freighter has been docked at the company's Hongkew Wharf since her arrivel here three days ago.

* * *

The fast freighter ss. **Needwood**, chartered by the T. K. K. Line, which arrived in Shanghai on Thursday from Tientsin, via Chefoo and Tsingtao, is due to leave again on her return trip to the north this morning. The steamer is tied up at the M. B. K. Upper Wharf in Pootung.

* * *

The ss. **Shanghai Maru**, Toa Kaiun Kaisya Company's express liner on the Shanghai-Nagasaki run, arrived in Shanghai yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, and tied up alongside the T. K. K. Yangtszepoo Wharf. The steamer will sail again for Japan at 8.30 this morning, carrying mail and passengers.

* * *

The N. Y. K. Orient-California express mail liner ss. **Nitta Maru** arrived in Shanghai yesterday morning at 11 o'clock from Manila and Hongkong, and docked at the T. K. K. Wayside Wharf. She is scheduled to sail at 6 a.m. today for San Francisco and Los Angeles, calling on the way at Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

* * *

The ss. **Nagasaki Maru**, Toa K. K. express liner, is due to make port tomorrow from Nagasaki direct, with mail and passengers. She will dock at the company's Yangtszepoo Wharf at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The liner will leave Shanghai on the next day, on her return voyage to Japan.

* * *

The ss. **Tokiwa Maru**, of the N. Y. K. Line, is due to enter port today, according to the latest information. She arrives here from Yokohama, via Osaka, Kobe, Moji and Sekito, and will sail for India on leaving Shanghai. The freighter brings a shipment of general cargo for local discharge.

* * *

The ss. **Hoten Maru**, of the D. K. K. Line, arrived in port yesterday afternoon from Tsingtao and Dairen, berthing alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf, where she will remain for two days. The express liner will make her return voyage to the Northern ports at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, carrying mail and passengers. Mail will be closed at the Post Office at 7.15 tomorrow morning for ordinary letters.

* * *

The round-the-world liner ss. **President Garfield**, which arrived in Shanghai yesterday morning at 11.30 tying up at the lower buoys 14 and 15, is scheduled to leave port again this morning at 10.30, after a 24-hour stay. The Garfield, which is bound for New York and Boston, by way of Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Cape Town and Trinidad, arrived here from New York via Havana, Christobal, Balboa, Los Angeles, San Francisco and Kobe. Passengers were brought ashore from the vessel by a tender, which arrived at the Customs Jetty at 12.30 yesterday. The last tender for the liner leaves the Custom's Jetty at 8.30 this morning.

* * *

The ss. **Kobe Maru**, 7,500-tons, is scheduled to arrive in Shanghai on her maiden voyage on November 1 to reinforce the Shanghai-Nagasaki route, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday. The Toa Kaiun Kaisha placed an order with the Mitsubishi Dockyards at Nagasaki last autumn for the vessel to operate on the Japan-China run. Launched last July, the Kobe Maru has since been fitted out with cabins, machinery and necessary equipment. Sailing from Kobe, the shuttle steamer will make her first call at Shanghai on November 1 and a reception will be held on board the new vessel the following day. The Kobe Maru has a speed of 22 knots and is constructed throughout of Japanese material by Japanese workmen.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From Los Angeles
P C'lidge 30/9 22/10
Vassholm — 25/10
Dona Nati — 28/10
K'kura M 25/9 8/11

From Seattle
W Cuseta 30/9 5/11

From Honolulu
P C'lidge 9/10 22/10
K'kura M 3/10 8/11

From Manila
P Pierce 21/10 31/10

From Yokohama
Ta'ta M 13/10 17/10

From Kobe
H'kawa M — 15/10
Taiyo M 15/10 17/10

From Nagasaki
N'saki M 14/10 15/10

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen
D'ren M 14/10 16/10

Vessels Discharging

GLENORCHY. The m.v. Glenorchy from London & Ports. This vessel is now discharging all her cargo (except Opium and Munitions of War), at the Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their cargo. (Consignees of "Bulk Cargo, will further be required to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst it is being landed). All claims against this vessel must be sent in within fourteen days from date of vessel's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risk of Fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of cargo. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Holt's Wharf, on October 18, at 9.30 a.m. Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd. Agents. 14-10

TAMESIS. The ms. Tamesis from New York via ports is now discharging her cargo at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their bills of lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be born by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf at 9 a.m. on Oct. 18, 1940, when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents 17 Canton Road, Telephone 11369. 16-10

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N. Y. K. LINE

Orient-California Line
via Honolulu
TATUTA MARU ..... Oct. 24
YAWATA MARU .... Nov. 7
KAMAKURA MARU .. Nov. 18
*ASAMA MARU .... Nov. 27
*Sailing from Kobe
TATUTA MARU .... Dec. 16

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
EIHAN MARU ..... Oct. 19
EIKAWA MARU .... Oct. 28
HIE MARU ..... Nov. 12

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
SADO MARU ..... Oct. 27

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
KITANO MARU ..... Oct. 25

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Durban, Cape Town and Lisbon.
SUWA MARU ..... Dec. 1
Beyond Bombay Suspended

Japan-Bombay Line
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
HARUNA MARU .... Oct. 24

Orient-South America Line
West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
YASUKUNI MARU .. Oct. 28

Shanghai-Kobe-Yokohama Line
TATUTA MARU ..... Oct. 24
YAWATA MARU .... Nov. 7

81 The Bund **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA** Telephone 12041
General Passenger Agents, Cunard—White Star Line

TOA K. K.
Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure (Shanghai Time)
SHANGHAI MARU	Oct. 13 ..... (Yangtzepoo Wharf)	Oct. 14 at 8.30 a.m. (Yangtzepoo Wharf)
NAGASAKI MARU	Oct. 15	Oct. 16 at 8.30 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU	Oct. 18	Oct. 19 at 8.30 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU	Oct. 20	Oct. 21 at 8.30 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

		Departure (Shanghai Time)
TAIYO MARU	Oct. 18 ..... (Wayside Wharf)	Oct. 21 at 7 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
TAIYO MARU	Oct. 30	Nov. 2

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Sagoland 20/10
Tatuta M 24/10
Hokkai M 26/10
Sado M 27/10
Dona Nati 31/10
Yawata M 7/11
Hokuroku M 12/11

For San Francisco
P Pierce 1/11
P Coolidge 6/11
P Taft 15/11

For Manila
P Coolidge 23/10
West Cuseta 7/11

For Hongkong
Tatuta M 16/10
P Coolidge 23/10
Kamakura M 9/11

For Kobe
Taiyo M 21/10
Tatuta M 24/10

For Nagasaki
Nagasaki M 16/10
Shanghai M 19/10

For Dairen
Hoten M 15/10
Dairen M 16/10
Tsingtao M 20/10
Hoten M 23/10
Dairen M 26/10
Tsingtao M 29/10

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Antai	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Tamesis	Manila	Dodwell
Kasiwa M.	Tsingtao	K.U.K.
Pres. Garfield	Japan	A.P.L.
Myoko M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Mosna	Tientsin	O. Thoresen
Nitta M.	Hongkong	N.Y.K.
Myoken M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Shanghai M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Hoten M.	Dairen	D.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Tikugo M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Eldorado	Pana.	E. Asiatic
Hakka M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Haitung	Nor.	T.K.K.
Anshing	Jap.	T.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Augusta	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B

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ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 16	Oct. 18 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 18	Oct. 20 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 21	Oct. 23 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 24	Oct. 26 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 27	Oct. 29 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 29	Nov. 1 at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)
ss. CHOHEI MARU ..... Departure: Oct. 18 at 11 a.m.
ss. MANZYU MARU ..... " Oct. 22 at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE (Freight only)
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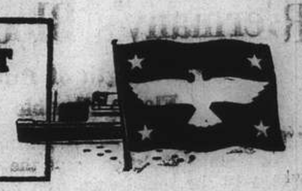

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Germany's Blockade Hopes

Strength of Britian's Increasing Merchant Fleet; Flexible Import Policy Possible

FOR the second time Germany is attempting to starve Britain into submission, says the "Economist" of August 17. In 1914-18 she relied chiefly on the sinking of ships by submarines. This time her chief weapon is the bomber, allied to the submarine and the mine, and, according to reports, long-range guns commanding the Straits of Dover. While continuing to harass our shipping on the high seas by raiders, she now bases her main hopes on bombing ships in and near ports, handling and storage capacity in ports and railway tracks and roads leading out of ports. This second attempt to cut us off from the rest of the world will fail, if we can clear the air around Britain of German bombers in time, just as we cleared the sea of submarines in the last war before our food and raw materials supplies gave out. We must be prepared for terrific attacks, for Germany will press them to the limit of her power, knowing that in aircraft production time is on our side. We must be prepared for increased shipping losses, for growing difficulties in loading and in discharging ships in ports, for hold-ups in the distribution of commodities inland.

As regards the shipping capacity at our disposal, there is no need for immediate concern. The virtual cessation of our short-distance trade with Continental Europe, which, in the past, accounted for 30 per cent. of our total trade, and the virtual closing of the Mediterranean to our ships, by lengthening the average voyage per vessel, has considerably reduced the carrying capacity per gross ton of merchant shipping. But the ocean-going tonnage at our disposal has been substantially augmented by the accession of the greater part of the vessels owned by the countries defeated by Germany and by the new vessels completed in our shipyards. The increase in the merchant fleet available to us far exceeds the tonnage sunk by the enemy. Indeed, taken all in all, our capacity to import and export is now as great as it was at the outbreak of the war, in spite of the considerably greater average length per voyage.

Intensification of Attacks

Since July, it is true, the rate of loss has tended to increase with the intensification of bombing attacks on convoys. Between September 3, 1939, and June 2, 1940, 19,614 gross tons of merchant shipping were lost per week; during the four weeks ended July 28 the average weekly rate of loss was 52,993 gross tons. At the rate of those inflicted in July, our losses would reach about 2,755,000 gross tons per annum, which exceeds our annual building capacity by about 1,250,000 gross tons. But, in addition to the new vessels built in this country, we can draw on the output of overseas shipyards, and we can buy and charter additional foreign vessels, while further enemy ships will no doubt also fall into our hands. During the next few months, therefore, even a still higher rate of loss would not seriously impair our war effort. So far as shipping capacity is concerned we therefore have a substantial margin of time for the defeat of the Nazi bombers before our position becomes serious.

It is impossible to foresee at this early stage the effect of Germany's bombing attacks. The Nazis are already trying hard to drive our shipping out of the Channel and to render the southern and south-eastern ports unusable. Their plan of campaign may be attempt to make us give up the use of certain ports easily accessible to them and then to smash them and their rail and road approaches if they are no longer seriously defended. Next, they may intend to concentrate on some of the remaining and by then congested ports and to repeat the same tactics there until our ability to carry on trade is seriously impaired. Moreover, by forcing the coastal traffic on to rail and road they may hope to congest our inland transport with the final intention of rendering us unable to carry on.

Fortunately, the coast of this island is dotted with ports, and, as the tables below show, both our overseas and coasting trades are well distributed.

Volume Can be Increased

In an emergency the volume of goods handled in individual ports can be increased quite appreciably. Similarly, the carrying capacity of our railways is at least as big as in 1929, since when they have been consistently underemployed. The number of steam locomotives has declined from 23,368 in 1929 to 19,646 in 1938; but the hauling capacity per engine has risen, reflected in the increase in the average weight per locomotive from 46.13 tons to 49.94 tons. Again, while the number of railways wagons declined from 686,047 to 649,984 between 1929 and 1938, their carrying capacity has increased from 7,685,000 tons to 7,806,000 tons; moreover, the pooling arrangement will ensure increased efficiency in their use and greater flexibility in their distribution. Lastly, the fleet of goods vehicles at our disposal is now much greater than it was in 1929; the number of these vehicles in use in Great Britain rose from 339,000 in September, 1929, to 495,000 in September, 1939; and their average carrying capacity has risen more than their number.

It is impossible to calculate the proportion of our total port facilities we could do without for any length of time without crippling our war effort. But in view of the fact that the potential handling capacity of our ports and inland transport facilities is appreciably in excess of the current volume of traffic handled, the safety margin is likely to be quite appreciable.

Transferable Traffic

It is quite clear that Germany does not possess the means to bomb all the ports and all the approaches to them all the time. If they were to render the use of certain ports temporarily impossible we could direct our traffic temporarily elsewhere, pending repairs, without, however, giving up their defence. If they were then to transfer their attacks elsewhere we could revert to the former ports. Our policy, in fact, must be to maintain facilities, if possible, in all the chief ports; our system of defence must be flexible. We must be ready to transfer aircraft, dock labour and repair gangs from one port to another at short notice; and, in defence, our Air Force has the advantage of holding the inside position. Our import policy, too, must be flexible. If we were to be forced, temporarily, to cut down total imports, we should then eliminate those which are temporarily least essential. If our food stocks are high, as they are at the present moment, we must be ready to give priority to raw materials and munitions.

The submarine was conquered in 1917-18. There is no reason why the bomber should not also be defeated. But the task will not be easy, and we must leave nothing to chance. We must be prepared to face and solve serious problems. But, by taking all possible precautions now, there is no reason why we should not be able to hold out until the attack is finally driven off.

Land Prices Reach New High in Japan

Due to Record Wave Of Speculation

Tokyo, Oct. 12.

A record wave of speculation in country land, greater even than during the boom years of the World War, has caused farm and paddy field prices to shoot up to new records, the Asahi stated today.

According to an investigation carried out by the Hypothec Bank, the value of ordinary farmland last March was Yen 422 per tan (about 245 acre), 23 per cent higher than in March last year. Paddy fields were quoted at Yen 687 per tan, 19.3 per cent. higher than last year.

Commencing upon the outbreak of the China Incident, the Asahi added, the advance in prices was fostered by the rise in agricultural rates (especially for rice and cocoons) and the increased circulation of low-interest money.

Another factor in the recent spurt has been the purchase of farmland and paddy fields by industrial interests for the construction of factories.

On the other hand, farmers have been recently increasing their land and paddy fields, an increase in agricultural production being urged by the Government.—Havas.

All-Commodity Index

Washington, Oct. 12.

The Department of Labour's all-commodity index of wholesale prices during the week ended October 4 advanced 1 per cent. to 77.8 per cent. of the 1926 average.

This was compared to 77.7 per cent. for the week ended September 27 and 79.0 per cent. for the corresponding week of 1939.—United Press.

Reports of Machine Tools Shipments Minimized

More Supplies from U.S. To Russia May Be Advised

Washington, Oct. 13.

State Department officials today minimized reports that the United States had released $7,000,000 worth of machine tools to Soviet Russia in order to win the latter's co-operation against Japan.

The shipments were first stopped by President Roosevelt's proclamation subjecting machine tools to export licensing control in accordance with domestic defence requirements, but officials said that by the first weeks of August when the Soviet Ambassador to Washington, Mr. Constantine Oumansky, began talks with Undersecretary of State Sumner Welles, a large volume had already been cleared for Russia.

It is presumed that further shipments will be released to Russia subsequently upon the recommendation of Lieut.-Colonel Russell Maxwell, of the Army and Navy Munitions Board, but it is understood that there is still a considerable amount of Soviet purchases for which export licenses have not yet been granted. It is generally believed that the question discussed between Mr. Welles and Mr. Oumansky in August did not make for any substantial progress as successive Soviet demands have been made. The recent assumption of the talks following Japan's alliance with the Axis Powers has attracted considerable attention but there are still no signs of any agreement involving political co-operation between the United States and Soviet Russia.—Domei.

Large Prize For Inventor Of Synthetic Rubber

Tokyo, Oct. 12.

A prize of Yen 10,000 has been offered by the Invention Society of Japan for the discovery of a suitable synthetic rubber, the local press announced today.

The new product must not contain any natural rubber or be obtained by a process already known. It must be of a better quality than natural vulcanized rubber. Another specification is that it must be manufactured from raw materials obtainable in Japan.

Patent rights for their products will belong to the contestant.

This contest, which is open to all Japanese subjects, ends on December 15.—Havas.

White Committee Asks More Aid to Britain

(By Air Mail)

New York, Sept. 13.

The White Committee to Defend America by Aiding the Allies urges the dispatch to Great Britain of 25 flying fortresses and as many combat planes as possible with 20 torpedo-boats, according to a report in the "New York Herald-Tribune" this morning.

The White Committee is headed by William Allen White, editor of the "Emporia Gazette," Kansas, whose editorial at the outset of his career on "What of Kansas," took the whole of the United States by storm, and established his international and national reputation.

In the course and since this war began, he has consistently urged that the United States should defend herself by aiding Great Britain and the Allies to stop the German war machine before the Nazi menace in the sign of the swastika and the Axis, should imperil the Western Hemisphere.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Statistical Data Concerning Leading Stocks

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Name of Stock (No par value except where indicated)	Dividends: Annual rate	Dividends: Date of 1st quarterly payment	Book value	Earnings or Deficits: 5 yr Average 1926-30	1937	1938	1939	Yield on basis of price in %
Adams Express	0.30†	Irregular	12	—	0.62	0.16	0.29	5
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	1†	Irregular	18	—	2.10	D 1.04	1.49	5
Allis Chalmers	1.25	Irregular	33	—	4.42	1.44	2.09	4
American can	4	Feb. 15	48	6.29	6.08	4.35	6.22	4
Am. and Foreign Power	—	—	—	1.43	D 8.77	D 8.66	D 8.88	nil
Am. and For.P. $7 cum.Pref.	1.05	Mar. 15	110	23.49	7.11	6.83	6.21	7
Am. Locomotive	—	—	6	4.20	4.75	D 4.90	D 4.45	nil
Am. Radiator	0.45†	Irregular	10	1.84	0.68	D 0.08	0.34	6
Am. Rolling Mill	—	—	28	2.46	2.55	D 1.16	0.69	nil
American Smelting	3	Feb. 28	38	7.27	6.54	3.24	4.36	7
Am. Tel. and Tel.	9	Jan. 15	127	1.30	9.76	8.32	10.18	6
Am. Tob. "B"	5	Mar. 1	24	6.00	5.04	4.89	5.42	7
Am. Waterworks	—	—	10	2.80	1.14	0.38	0.95	nil
Anaconda Copper	1.75†	Mar. 25	59	4.97	3.62	1.10	2.33	8
Atch., Top. & S. Fe	—	—	260	19.16	0.60	0 83	0.94	nil
Auburn Automobiles	—	—	3	9.72	D15.00	D 1.73	—	nil
Baldwin Locomotive	—	—	37	—	0.32	D 1.09	0.41	nil
Baltimore and Ohio	—	—	126	11.36	D 1.20	D 6.04	D 1.55	nil
Barber Asphalt	(10)	Irregular	32	—	1.91	D 0.85	1.29	7
Barnsdall Oil	0.60	Feb. 1	7	—	0.85	1.26	0.76	8
Bethlehem Steel	4.50	Irregular	122	7.06	7.63	D 0.70	5.75	6
Boeing Airplane	—	—	5	—	0.45	D 0.77	D 4.55	nil
Borg-Warner	1.35	Irregular	16	—	3.63	D 0.01	2.43	7
Bklyn. Manh. Tran.	—	—	—	6.78	4.09	D 1.25	D 1.22	nil
Canadian Pacific Rly.	—	—	40	3.11	0.30	D 0.32	D 0.32	nil
Case, J. I.	—	—	152	14.53	13.98	8.89	D 1.87	nil
Chase Nat. Bank	1.40	F.A. 1	32	4.04	2.03	1.96	1.80	4
Chesapeake & Ohio	2.62½	Jan. 1	51	5.67	4.43	2.62	3.49	7
Chrysler	4.75†	Mar. 13	40	4.69	11.66	4.32	8.47	6
Columbia Gas and Electric	0.20	Irregular	12	2.08	0.57	0.31	0.46	4
Commercial Credit	3.75	Mar. 31	29	—	7.10	4.60	4.01	12
Commonwealth & Southern	—	—	5	0.67	0.18	0.08	0.13	nil
Consolidated Edison	2	Mar. 15	45	4.50	2.17	2.09	2.22	8
Consolidated Oil	0.80	Feb. 15	18	—	1.48	0.55	0.55	13
Continental Oil	1	Jan. 30	20	0.64	2.97	1.00	1.35	6
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	2	Mar. 15	21	nil	3.95	3.75	3.29	12
Douglas Aircraft	3	Irregular	21	1.50	1.99	3.76	4.81	4
Dupont de Nemours	8†	Mar. 15	42	5.17	7.27	3.75	7.66	5
Eagle Picher Lead	0.20†	Irregular	14	—	0.40	—	—	2
Electric Bond & Share	—	—	19	2.15	0.42	0.18	0.24	nil
Elec. Bond & Share $6 Pref.	6	Feb. 1	—	—	7.31	—	—	8
Flintkote	1.00	Irregular	13	—	1.50	1.21	2.11	6
General Electric	1.60	Jan. 25	11	1.81	2.31	0.90	1.43	3
General Motors	4†	Mar. 12	19	4.83	4.38	2.17	4.06	8
General Railway Signal	—	Irregular	16	7.99	1.58	D 0.85	0.34	nil
Glidden	(1.10†	Irregular	23	—	2.62	D 0.29	1.70	8
Goodrich Rubber	1	Irregular	26	2.09	D 2.35	0.14	3.51	8
Goodyear Tire and Rubber	1.25	Mar. 15	26	5.12	1.95	1.34	3.20	8
Great Northern Ry. Pfd.	—	—	157	9.47	4.04	1.03	3.47	nil
Greyhound	1.45†	Jan. 1	9	D0.16	1.59	1.43	1.79	13
Int. Nickel	2	Mar. 30	14	0.85	3.31	2.09	2.39	7
Int. Tel. and Tel.	—	—	30	3.45	1.60	1.10	0.76	nil
Kennecott	3	Mar. 30	32	3.67	4.60	2.10	3.14	10
Lockheed Aircraft	1	Irregular	9	—	0.51	0.67	4.04	4
Loew's Inc.	2	Mar. 30	56	6.71	5.47	5.65	5.37	8
Montgomery Ward	2.75	Apr. 15	34	2.51	3.41	3.50	4.91	7
Nat. City Bank N.Y.	1½	F.A. 1	27	4.12	2.00	—	2.25	4
Nat. Dairy Products	0.80	Jan. 2	13	3.58	1.53	1.69	1.97	6
National Distillers	2	Feb. 1	22	—	3.86	3.85	3.43	9
Nat. Power and Light	0.60	Mar. 1	22	1.74	1.36	1.28	1.12	8
New York Central	—	—	142	12.63	0.99	D 3.13	0.70	nil
North Am. Aviation	1	Irregular	3	—	0.14	0.56	2.06	8
North American Co.	1.20*	Jan. 2	21	4.47	1.95	1.55	1.84	6
Pacific Gas and Electric	2	Jan. 16	30	2.83	3.71	2.42	2.84	7
Packard Motors	—	—	3	1.11	0.20	D 0.17	0.04	nil
Paramount Pictures	0.15	Irregular	17	—	1.56	0.55	1.08	3
Pennsylvania Railroad	1.50†	Irregular	89	7.01	2.07	0.84	2.43	7
Phillips Petroleum	3	Mar. 1	38	3.69	5.42	2.03	2.21	6
Public Service of N.J.	$2.45	Mar. 30	24	3.15	2.61	2.34	2.88	7
Pure Oil	0.25	Irregular	22	1.77	2.15	0.38	1.11	3
Radio Corp.	0.20	Irregular	nil	1.32	0.41	0.30	0.35	4
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	2.30†	Jan. 1	15	3.04	2.82	2.37	2.56	7
Schenley	—	—	33	—	5.04	2.46	2.52	nil
Sears Roebuck	4.25	Mar. 16	47	5.03	5.58	4.18	6.60	5
Socony Vacuum Corp.	0.50†	M.S. 15	22	—	1.82	1.29	1.09	6
Southern Pacific	—	—	123	10.19	0.20	D 1.81	1.63	nil
Standard Brands	0.40	Jan. 2	4	1.53	0.73	0.62	0.51	6
Standard Gas & Electric	—	—	—	6.59	D 0.86	D 2.49	D 1.34	nil
Standard Oil of N.J.	1.75*	J.D. 15	49	3.47	5.64	2.86	4.27	5
Texas Gulf Sulphur	2.25	Mar. 15	15	5.21	3.02	1.81	2.04	7
Union Carbide & Carbon	2.30†	Jan. 2	30	3.40	4.81	2.77	3.86	3
Union Pacific Railway	6	Jan. 2	—	17.53	6.15	6.62	6.74	7
United Aircraft	2.75	Irregular	12	—	1.52	2.05	3.53	7
United Airlines	—	—	8	—	D 0.53	D 0.66	0.21	nil
United Corp.	—	—	3	0.55	0.32	0.07	0.07	nil
United Gas Improvement	1	Mar. 23	11	1.29	1.09	0.99	1.07	9
U.S. Rubber	—	—	24	nil	2.21	0.43	2.91	nil
U.S. Steel	2	Irregular	119	12.90	8.01	D 3.79	1.83	3
Vanadium	1†	Irregular	29	4.59	2.22	0.61	3.25	3
Warner Bros. Pictures	—	—	18	1.84	1.48	0.41	0.36	nil
Westinghouse Elec.	4.50†	Feb. 28	71	7.22	7.53	3.38	5.18	4

*Plus extras D Deficit E Est †Dividends are for the latest four quarters

First Step to Anglo-American Cooperation Welcomed

Majority of Press Opinions on Exchange of Destroyers for Bases Fully in Favour

(By Air Mail)

New York, Sept. 4.

EDITORIALS across the country approve with varying degrees of enthusiasm the exchange pushed through by President Roosevelt of fifty over-aged destroyers for naval and air bases on British territories on the Atlantic seaboard. Full appreciation of the historical and strategical significance was shown but there was considerable criticism that the President went over the heads of Congress expressed in Republican organs following the lines laid down by Mr. Wendell Wilkie, the Republican Presidential candidate in his speech last night.

"Most Americans will want to throw their hats in the air and cheer over this news," says the "Newark Star Ledger" in its comment. "It is gratifying to know that at last we really are giving Britain all possible aid short of direct participation in the war. The President has done a magnificent thing although in a doubtful manner."

"The country may only hope that President Roosevelt will not shade technicalities in more serious situations which might lead to our direct involvement in hostilities," declared the "Rochester (New York) Democrat-Chronicle."

The agreement "should prove of very great value to both nations," declared the "Kansas City Star."

"History will rate this timely trade second only in importance to that of Jefferson's purchase of Louisiana," stated the "New Orleans Times-Picayune."

"While the destroyers involved are being termed obsolete, they are that only to the extent of being useless for long range service," commented the "Memphis Commercial Appeal" which added, "for British defence or for convoy service in English home waters they will serve admirably and particularly in the English Channel."

"It (the agreement) contributes towards the direct strengthening of Great Britain which is so vital for the maintenance of those safeguards upon which the American people have so long depended," the "Birmingham Age Herald," said.

Clarification of U.S. Stand

"It makes our official neutrality, already highly diaphanous, well-nigh transparent as a cover to non-belligerent co-operation on the side of Great Britain," it was admitted by the "Baltimore Sun" which added strongly that "Hitler may or may not decide to take notice of the gradual clarification of our long-established position. The choice is his. If fifty destroyers are not enough we should provide more if, in the opinion of our experts, they can be spared. We are acting in this matter in our own selfish interest in taking the course which insures the defence of the continent on which we live. The man who attacks our course on the ground that Hitler may not like it is a man whose notions of the realities of the world are strangely warped. We are a free people and it is our nature to want to live in a free world. We can command the necessary period of preparation only if Great Britain is able to hold out."

"This should have been done long ago," declared the "San Francisco Chronicle." Delay has been perilous and we hope the destroyers get to Britain and the English Channel in time to be of full service. In procrastination with this necessity the Administration has been taking needless risks."

"We have got two things we want," declared the "Desmoines Register" in its comment. "First is the strengthening of the British Fleet at the weakest point in destroyers which at least somewhat increases the chance of the war being kept on the far side of the Atlantic. Second is the strengthening of our own position in this hemisphere."

Greatest Single Service

"Destroyers are a small price to pay for the advantages we gain," stated the "Washington Post." "Great emergencies call for courageous action. In the present emergency the two great English-speaking democracies have shown they possess the requisite vigour and foresight and determination to act boldly and promptly."

"One of the greatest defence strokes made on behalf of the protection to this country," said the "Atlanta Constitution."

"President Roosevelt performed the greatest single service of his years as President," declared the "St. Louis Star-Times."

"We have for some time believed that we should give England every possible assistance without sending boys overseas for if England wins, our fear of war in the immediate future will be over," said the "Pittsburgh Post Gazette."

"The United States should have the air and naval bases provided in the agreement as points vital to national defence," stated the "Detroit Free Press."

"International law makes it clear that a neutral may not transfer any part of its own military establishment to another nation at war," observed the "St. Paul Pioneer Press" which added that "practically such violation does not become an act of war unless the other belligerent chooses to treat it as such. President Roosevelt has decided rightly."

"It would be a good arrangement," said the "Philadelphia Record" supposing "if President Roosevelt had given the destroyers and got nothing in return, for the British Fleet has been and still remains the first line of United States defence in the Atlantic and without it we would have to divide our navy. In days to come this masterstroke of combined good will and good business will be put down in history books as a great moment in American statesmanship."

Weekly Market Review

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Though volume of trading continued small, stock prices on Wall Street during the current period under review declined. In the opening session of the week, irregular conditions prevailed, with the Far Eastern situation the paramount obstacle to any price advances. On Tuesday, heavy selling developed near the close, as operators became unsettled by the State Department's warning to American citizens to leave the Far East. At mid-week, further moderate selling appeared to be well taken, as market leaders resisted pressure. On Thursday, the list opened better, following the Japanese denial that a crisis was impending, but buying interest remained negligible, with caution increased late in the day on reports of Nazi troop movements in Rumania, and disturbing news from Egypt.

As measured by the Dow-Jones 11 Commodity Index, commodity prices registered some improvement. Wheat futures at Chicago ruled quiet, but firm, with offerings of cash grain still light. The nearness of the price to the loan level is restricting selling, but speculative interest is also lacking, and no improvement in flour sales has been noted. In the corn market, cash interests bought December, which was probably against sales of forward shipments. Distant months were under pressure. Trading in the cotton market was quiet. Impreving sales of cotton goods at steady to firm and advancing prices, are keeping sufficient price-fixing orders in the market to offset light hedging. On the belief that shipments may be interrupted before artificial domestic production has attained a satisfactory volume, there was speculative buying of rubber, which, for the first time since late June, passed the 20 cent level. Reflecting the easiness in the stock market, hide futures declined, despite the strong statistical position.

The magazine "Iron Age," in their current issue, foresees the output for steel this year as 65,000,000 tons, a new high, assuming the maintenance of the present rate. All branches of the industry are expanding in activity, excepting tinplate. Third quarter United States, steel shipments are estimated at 1,000,000 tons above the previous period. The steel ingot capacity of the United States is now reported to be 83,000,000 net tons. Bethlehem Steel, according to a late cable despatch, is expanding its plant with Government financial assistance amounting to $53,000,000. General Motors reported September sales at 124,692 units, the best September since 1939, with 9 months earnings estimated at $3 a share before Excess Profits Taxes. The President of Goodrich Tire & Rubber has stated that there are 10 months supplies of crude rubber on hand, while 18 months supplies will be needed in order to develop sufficient synthetic rubber to make the United States independent of natural rubber. Canada is restricting the exports of copper, excepting to the British Empire and the United States. Completion of the Lockheed expansion programme on January 1 should give that company an annual output capacity of $75,000,000.

The Market in Figures

	Thursday Oct. 3	Oct. 10	Change
D.-J. average for 30 Indust.	135.09	130 39	off 4.70
D.-J. average for 20 Rails	29.37	28.60	off .77
D.-J. average for 15 Utilit.	22.00	21.45	off .55
D.-J. average for 40 Bonds	90.59	89.92	off .67
D.-J. 11 Commodity Index	53.25	53.93	up .68

Commodity Index

Chicago Wheat	82	82⅞
Winnipeg Wheat	70½	70
Corn	57⅝	58¾
Cotton	9.58	9.49
Rubber	19.53	20.00
Hides	10.31	10.70
Sugar	.82½	.83
Cocoa	4.11	4.15

Business

	Previous	Latest
New York Times Business Index	106.5	106.0
Steel operations (% of capacity)	92.6	94.2
Carloadings (carloads)	822,000	806,000
Elec. power prod. (kw. hrs.)	*2,670,000	*2,641,000
Aver. daily oil prod. (bbls.)	3,800,000	3,489,000
Automobile output (cars)	95,990	105,153

*000 omitted.

Stock Outlook: The growing likelihood of practical near-term developments, continues to make the New York stock market vulnerable at present levels. On the other hand, any improvement in the foreign situation is likely to be reflected in higher prices.

Local Commodities Reviewed

Improvement on Coal Position Expected; Silk Filatures Closing

A review of the week-end Chinese reports regarding the main commodities in Shanghai reveals that hope is entertained for better facilities for transporting coal to Shanghai during the winter, but the price of coal balls needed for Chinese cooking has just gone up due to hoarding; uncertainty prevails in the highly priced rice market; the price of salt will go up to-morrow and almost no hope is held for the recovery of the silk business here, owing to lack of cocoons resulting from the blockade.

A report from Nanking published by the "Sin Shun Pao" indicates that the coal shortage in this part of the country may have been settled in view of the resumption of the Hwai Nan Railway service on October 10 in Anhwei province where abundant coal is produced. The railway was used exclusively for transporting coal from Anwhei to the outside world, but its service was suspended soon after the outbreak of hostilities. Anhwei is said to be producing 4,000 tons of coal daily.

Coal Balls Up

There was a rush to coal shops in the Settlement on Saturday for coal balls as their price suddenly went up (from $7 to $7.20 per picul). The increase in price is attributed by the "Central China Daily News" to hoarding. It is recalled that on the pretext of having difficulties in transporting coal to Shanghai owing to the trouble in Indo-China, the price of coal went up some time ago, but coal merchants did not increase the price of coal balls, not wishing to aggravate the situation when the price of rice was going up.

The same paper reports that as from to-morrow the price of salt will be increased from $13.50 per picul to $14. While mentioning no reasons for the increase, it is stated that Shanghai originally depended on east Chekiang (now blockaded) for the supply of this commodity. Since the war, the Shanghai populace has been using the "*se yen*", literally meaning "private salt", smuggled into the port. Its price has been going up steadily but it is said that the cost is only $1.20 per picul.

Desperate Silk Position

No hope is held for the arrival of cocoons for Shanghai's silk filatures, most of which have ceased work because the east Chekiang blockade has stopped supplies. Among the latest silk filatures to close its doors is the Tung Cheng Silk Filature at 857 Ferry Road, it is reported. The establishment did booming business during the past year since its resumption, but it has now to suspend operations because no cocoons are forthcoming. Negotiations have been concluded with a shipping firm for sending its workers to their native districts, with the management paying two-thirds of their travelling expenses.

The high price of rice is still a menace to the majority of people here, without great price reduction being announced. Settlement authorities are apparently paying close attention to the matter, judging by the report that official representatives will attend the meeting to be held to-morrow by the Shanghai Rice Price Fixing Committee which has been asked to fix the price of both native and Saigon rice.

Auto Show Opens In New York

New York, Oct. 13.

The Forty-First annual Automobile Show opened in Grand Central Palace here last night displaying the latest models of 26 different makes of automobiles, light trucks and automobile accessories.

Ford, Mercury and Lincoln cars were diplayed for the first time in many years. In recent years the Ford Co. usually has held its own exhibit.—United Press.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Oct. 12.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

Japan	81¼	London	1/5 31/32
New York	333	2 mths	1/5 31/32
Shanghai	22½	„ sellers	1/5 31/32
Hongkong	84¼	„ buyers	1/6 1/32
		Japan 2 mths	
		„ sellers	83¾
		„ buyers	77

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	Oct. 12.
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months 1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months 1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months 2 3/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months 3 1/16%
Call money	7/16%

—Reuter.

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Correspondents in all parts of the world

Thousands of Nazi Troops March Into Bucharest

Contingent Declared "Specialists" Sent to Train Rumanian Army in German War Methods

Bucharest, Oct. 13.

GERMAN military occupation of Rumania became a reality to residents of the nation's capital late yesterday when thousands of German troops entered the city by train, truck and aeroplane.

Between 3,000 and 4,000 German troops entered Bucharest late in the afternoon coincident with the arrival of additional hundreds of German troops at the local aerodrome in large Junkers transport planes such as participated in the German invasion of the Norway and the Lowlands.

The majority of German troops arriving here yesterday were said to be "specialists," such as ground crews for aerodromes being taken over by the Germans.

Scores of truckloads of German anti-aircraft guns and machine-guns also arrived with German forces reaching Bucharest yesterday.

The thousands of German troops entering Rumania were described by German circles here as a "German military mission." The German forces, including hundreds of German planes, which have arrived in the past week, "are only intended to reorganize and train the Rumanian Army in the German style of warfare," they said.

German forces arriving here yesterday were headed by Cavalry General Hansen who was greeted by the Rumanian Army's chief of staff and the Rumanian Foreign Minister.

"Advised to Ask" Aid

"The Rumanian Government," said an official communique issued here last night, "has been advised to ask the help of Germany in instructing the Rumanian Army in new methods of warfare.

"The Premier, Gen. Jon Antonescu, has found the idea an excellent one and has accepted it. In accepting this appeal with goodwill and friendship, Germany has decided to send a military mission to Rumania.

"The first group of this commission arrived in Bucharest today. While they were passing through Transylvania, they were enthusiastically greeted as the representatives of Germany."—United Press.

Officers Welcomed

Bucharest, Oct. 13.

The first German troops which have been sent to "instruct the Rumanian Army" arrived here yesterday, according to an official communique.

General Antonescu, Dictator-Premier, staged a fulsome welcome for the headquarters staff of the German forces. Officially described as a "military mission," the Germans consisted of 30 high officers under Cavalry Commander General Hansen, who headed the Nazi army of occupation in Holland; three major-generals and 11 colonels.

The Rumanian Chief of Staff welcomed them at the Bucharest Station and others who greeted them were the Iron Guard leader, Foreign Minister, and the German, Italian, Japanese and Spanish Ministers with Military Attachés.

The Chief of Staff, General Joanniciu, in a speech welcoming the Germans, expressed admiration for German arms and hoped for permanent collaboration between the German and Rumanian Armies. General Hansen replied that the Germans had responded to a "voluntary call" to reorganize the Rumanian Army.

20,000 Said Arrived

It is estimated that 20,000 German troops have now arrived in parts of Rumania. Several trainloads evidently crossed Hungary while many others arrived at Danubian ports in barges. Later German air officers landed at the military airport of Banesa just outside Bucharest, headed by 20 flying officers under Air General Speidel.

During the past few days German aircraft pilots and technicians have been arriving in Rumania in a constant stream. Rumanians only learned of the coming of the German forces through a communique in last night's newspapers.

Attache's Home Shot At

Hundreds of revolver shots were fired by Iron Guard members into the garden of a villa rented by the British Air Attaché and Mr. John Reed, Legation Secretary, on Friday night. A shower of bullets struck a wall and shattered windows. Shots came from grounds of a house next door, which formerly belonged to Madame Makda Lupescu, mistress of former King Carol.

Iron Guardists continued firing sporadically for some time despite representations immediately made to the authorities. The latter declined to intervene, saying the Iron Guardists were shooting at "suspects in the garden." Nobody was injured.—Reuter.

Berlin Comment

Berlin, Oct. 13.

German officials told the press last night that the D.N.B. report of German troops arriving in Bucharest could be considered as an official German communique.

Aside from this statement, however, official quarters in Berlin refused to comment on the Rumanian situation.—United Press.

Balkan Situation Said Clearing

Confirmation of German Invasion of Rumania Indicates Policy

London, Oct. 13.

The situation in the Balkans is gradually becoming clearer, says Reuters' diplamatic corresponent. This is notably true about the German invasion of Rumania, which is now officially confirmed. That development at least commits Germany to a line of policy which can be more or less foreseen.

It is a definite step towards domination of the Balkans and incidentally may mark abandonment for this year at least of plans to invade Britain.

Once the German hold in Rumania has become completely effective, which is likely to be a matter of weeks rather than days, the problems of Yugoslavia, Bulgaria and Greece will have to be tackled. It is not as easy a game as Rumania. There has been no question of bribing Yugoslavia. She will probably have to meet demands for passage of troops backed by an ultimatum.

Bulgarian Temptation

But Bulgaria is likely to be tempted by an offer of a strip of territory on the Aegean at Greece's expense. It is noteworthy that despite Italian pressure, Bulgaria, as reflected by the press, has declined to be dazzled by her offer. The Bulgarian Government maintained correct and friendly relations with both Yugoslavia and Greece.... Also her attitude towards Turkey has been steady and German propaganda, like the Italian, has made little headway.

With German troops occupying Rumania in force and large German air forces just across the border, the position may alter, but here are certain imponderable factors, like the attitude of the Soviets, which might influence the situation in the opposite sense. This is still a secret of the Kremlin.

Meanwhile Turkey has announced her attitude in a strong declaration which will give the Germans and Italians food for thought. This message, reflecting the official view, warns Germany that two million Turkish bayonets stand across the path to the Bosphorus and the Middle East. It is a timely reminder that Turkey is not only bound by treaty to Britain but means to honour her obligations to the full.—Reuter.

Border Incident Reported

Bucharest, Oct. 13.

Tension between Rumania and Hungary mounted last night following reports of a new border clash lasting many hours.

The new incident was reported only a few hours after the Hungarian Government appealed to Germany and Italy to intervene in "rapidly worsening" relations between the two Balkan nations.

Reports received here said that Hungarian troop units had crossed the Rumanian frontier yesterday to seek the release of Hungarian frontier guards alleged to have been "captured" by the Rumanian Army "on Rumanian territory."

The Rumanian news agency, Universal, reported that the clash between Rumanian and Hungarian forces lasted "many hours." Hungarian casualties were placed at three dead and three seriously wounded.—United Press.

Yugoslav Leaders Hopeful

Belgrade, Oct. 12.

Yugoslavia has remained out of the limelight in recent times, and her leaders hope that she will continue to do so and become a sort of oasis of peace and relative security in the present international turmoil.

Nevertheless, despite the repeated assurances which the Axis powers gave Yugoslavia regarding respect for her integrity, no undue optimism prevails in Belgrade. Recent events in Rumania which led to Hungarian and Bulgarian revisionists resuming their activites most vigorously, have darkened the horizon in the Balkans.

Yugoslavia is continuing progressively with her domestic policy, the recent characterstics of which have been the exclusion of freemasons and Jews from public life and Business Activity.

As far as Yugoslavia's economic situation is concerned, Germany's influence has been growing considerably of late. An example of this is seen in the present work of the Permanent German-Yugoslav Economic Committee, whose task it is to reach an agreement on trade and clearing transactions between the two countries.—Havas.

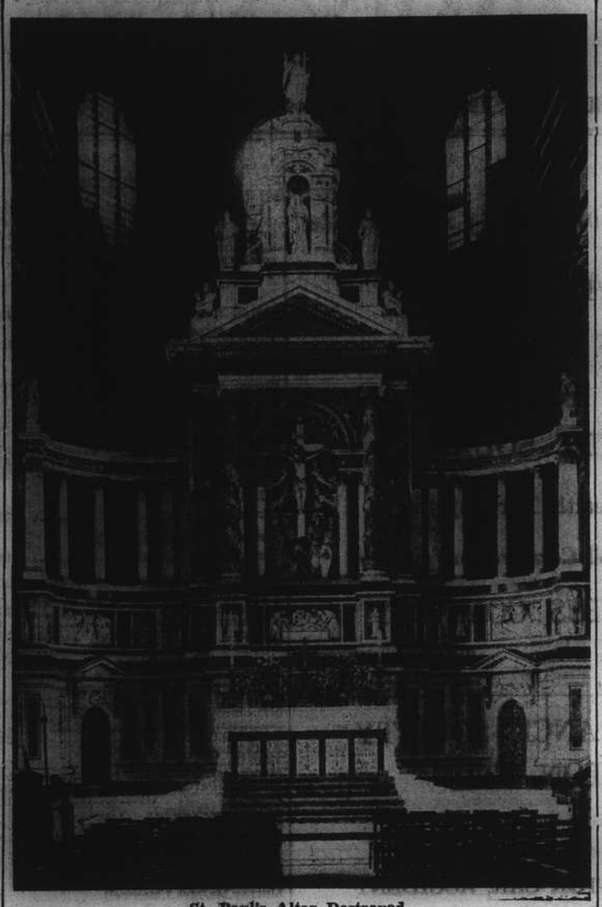
Greece, Turkey Receive Oil

Bucharest, Oct. 13.

The export of oil products from Rumania to Turkey and Greece has not been stopped, but the Rumanian Government has taken steps with a view to institution of a rigorous control in order that these products should not change their country of distination, it is stated in authoritative quarters.—Reuter.

Private Watchman Killed

An encoffining ceremony was held yesterday afternoon for the late Mayor Fu Shiao-en at his residence on Scott Road. Both foreign and Chinese members of Shanghai's community attended, including Mr. T. Horiuchi, the new Japanese Consul-General in Shanghai. Representatives of the Shanghai Municipal Police and the French Municipal Police were also present.



St. Paul's Altar Destroyed

The high altar of St. Paul's Cathedral in London which was destroyed by a Nazi bomb. The roof of the Cathedral is said to have been made unsafe, and work has been commenced to strengthen it.

Mr. Roosevelt Presses for More Speed in Rearmament

Best Way to Avoid Attack is to Be Ready to Meet One, Declares President in Address

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 13.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt received a 21 gun salute as he arrived here on Columbus Day yesterday to inspect local factories and steel plants participating in the national rearmament drive.

Thousands of residents of the city turned out to cheer the President as he drove through the beflagged streets of the city in an open automobile.

The keynote of the speech delivered later in the day by the President was the need for speed in the production of defence materials.

"Still More Speed"

"The best way to avoid attack," Mr. Roosevelt declared, "is to be ready to meet one. That is why the steel plants have told their men one thing—that what we should work for in speeding up production is still more speed.

"The quicker the better. I give you this message. Speed up all you can."

Aboard his special train en route here early yesterday, President Roosevelt told the press that the United States could avoid being drawn into the vortex of a world-wide war, but urged speed in the development of the rearmament programme so as to make America invincible.

Mr. Roosevelt said he recognized the difficulties and dangers of maintaining a non-belligerent status with the world at war, but boldly stated that he had confidence that the United States could keep out of war.

Columbus Day Marked

With the President taking the lead in observing Columbus Day by visiting the Ohio city named after Christopher Columbus, the entire nation celebrated with parades and speeches.

Business houses and markets were closed and a legal holiday declared in most states.

In New York City thousands of persons joined in a colourful parade in which the American Legion and other social, political and patriotic groups participated.

The parade ended at Columbus Circle where Mayor Fiorello LaGuardia, speaking at the base of the large statue of Columbus, called on Americans to unite in defence of the Western Hemisphere discovered by Columbus.

Meanwhile, the Knights of Columbus and several Italian groups held another parade in honour of the 447th anniversary of the discovery of America.—United Press.

Negro Attack Made On Mr. Willkie

Coloured Democrats are Reminded of Candidate's German Descent

Washington, Oct. 13.

The negro division of the Democratic National Committee yesterday began issuing pamphlets bringing attention to the fact that the Republican Presidential candidate, Mr. Wendell Willkie, is of German ancestry.

The pamphlet also alleged that in the past Mr. Willkie engaged in anti-negro activities in his native town of Elwood, Ind.

Meanwhile, the national committee of the Democrats For Willkie organization charged that Democratic leaders "have descended to a smear campaign."

Willkie's Parentage

"Willkie's father was born in Germany," said the pamphlet issued by the negro division of the Democratic Committee. "Willkie's grandfather also was born in Germany. The parents of Willkie's mother were born in Germany. And Willkie's wife was born in Kentucky of German parentage. His whole background is Germany.

"Hitler in his book 'Mein Kampf' stated; 'Negroes are lower than apes.' He says that France should be destroyed because France was 'polluted by negro blood.'

"Willkie was never a candidate for public office until the present international situation arose. Willkie was nominated at the Republican convention in Philadelphia by the Hitler formula known as 'blitzkrieg'."

Said "Unscrupulous"

Mr. Allan Valentine, director of the Democrats For Willkie movement, said the pamphlet issued by the negro Democrats was an "unscrupulous attempt to make the voters think that Mr. Willkie is running for the Presidency simply in order to help Hitler."

Regarding the charge that Mr. Willkie was nominated by "blitzkrieg" tactics, Mr. Valentine said: "This charge comes from a little group of ambitious men who nominated Roosevelt by acclamation at the Democratic convention in Chicago."

"These charges and slurs against Mr. Willkie, who enlisted in the American Army the day the United States entered the Great War, who fought against Germany, who volunteered his services to defend negro soldiers before court martials in France, and who fought the Ku Klux Klan in Indiana, establish a new low in these efforts to conceal the menace of the third term 'grab' for Roosevelt."—United Press.

Mr. H. G. Wells' Trip To U.S. Questioned

Labour M.P. Objects to Propaganda Visits

London, Oct. 13.

Mr. H. G. Wells, British author will be discussed in the House of Commons soon because of his visit to the United States, it was learned last night.

Mr. G. E. Winterton, Labour, plans to ask the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Mr. R. A. Butler, whether Mr. Wells was obliged to undertake propaganda work on behalf of Britain in the United States before being granted an exit pass from England.

Mr. Winterton will object to the sending of British writers to the United States as propagandists on the grounds that they do more harm than good. He will ask that writers leaving for America not be obliged to undertake to "engage in propaganda or make statements inimical to the national war effort."—United Press.

Passive Resistance Expected in India

Movement Likely Owing to Refusal of Demands

Wardha, Oct. 13.

It seems probable that Mr. M. K. Gandhi will send the Viceroy a letter saying that as the Viceroy is unable to concede unrestricted freedom to preach pacifism and non-violence as a Congress creed, the Congress must passively and non-violently resist the Viceroy's decision.

Any wide movement appears improbable, at first at any rate. Action contemplated is narrow and is intended to be symbolic and strictly limited to those authorized by Mr. Gandhi.—Reuter.

British Army to Have Larger Tanks

Giants Now Being Turned Out at Tremendous Rate

London, Oct. 13.

The new British Imperial Army will be equipped with bigger and better tanks states Reuter's military correspondent. Factories are now turning them out, together with mobile guns of various calibres, light anti-aircraft weapons, anti-tank devices and tractor carriers, at a rate unprecedented in history.

A few months ago the old British Expeditionary Force escaped from Dunkirk in shirts. Today they are a completely mechanized and high efficient army trained to higher level than ever before.

The lessons of dive-bombing and tank combat at close quarters have sunk in and now they have rested their one desire is to resume contact with the enemy. When this happens it will be on better terms. British factories are beating Nazi "panzer" corps in superlative quality of equipment.

When the new army joins the navy and R.A.F. on expeditions like that at Cherbourg on Thursday, the enemy may have cause to regret the technique of total war which he himself invented.

One R.A.F. pilot commented that when he was over the target at Cherbourg the Navy let fly with broadsides and the effect was like a hundred thunder storms. German warships and submarines known to be at Cherbourg made no attempt to counter-attack, which was quite the most significant feature in a most successful operation.—Reuter.

U.S. Said Not to Be Blackmailed

"New York Times" Urges Japan to Recall Mr. Hanihara's Experience

New York, Oct. 13.

There is as little likelihood now as there was 16 years ago that the United States can be "blackmailed," says the "New York Times," discussing American-Japanese relations.

"It is a few months more than 16 years since Ambassador Hanihara informed Secretary of State Hughes that adoption of legislation nullifying the gentlemen's agreement and checking Japan's immigration would involve the peril of 'grave consequences,' to American-Japanese relations," the paper states.

"The Japanese press, under the most rigid censorship is today making no effort merely to imply, as Mr. Hanihara did, the suggestion of retaliation. On the contrary the United States is being loudly threatened with Pacific war if aid to Britain and China continues. But if the totalitarian Japanese memory were not so short, the experience of Mr. Hanihara might suggest a lesson.

"The United States has often been willing to be wheedled and cajoled, it is occasionally deceived. There however is as little likelihood it can be blackmailed now as there was 16 years ago."—Reuter.

Japan's Position

Tokyo, Oct. 13.

Comparing Japan's present position in the face of Anglo-American pressure to a man near a fire, "who must sweep off falling embers whether he likes it or not", the "Chugai Shogyo Shimpo," leading commercial daily declared editorially today that the paper was "neither optimistic nor pessimistic" regarding the tendency of urging the government to renewed efforts to meet the situation.

Stating it was "beyond comprehension" why the United States advised the evacuation of U.S. Nationals from the Far East, the daily declared, "If it isn't bluff, it clearly bespeaks other intentions."—Domei.

French Fears

Lyons, Oct. 12.

Burma "may become the main battlefield in a war between Great Britain and Japan", M. Lucien Romier, prominent French journalist, declared today in an article appearing in "Le Figaro."

"Should the British suffer a serious defeat," M. Romier added, "the repercussions would be considerable. It would mean the arrival of the Japanese in the vicinity of the Gulf of Bengal and near India's borders."

The writer described Burma as one of two pearls recently colonized by Britain and fully controlled by her, the other being Anglo-Egyptian Sudan. These two members of the British Empire have had their resources fully developed during the past thirty years.

In conclusion, M. Romier described Burma as "the principal and most ardent centre of Buddhism."—Havas.

Philippines Army Head Urges Aid to Britain

History of Defeat Said Summarized in Delay

Manila, Oct. 13.

Perhaps the most significant statement affecting the war made for some time in the Philippines was that by General Douglas MacArthur, former chief of staff of the U.S. army and at present military adviser to the Philippines, when he urged speedy aid to Great Britain in her present conflict with Nazi Germany.

The statement was made in a cable to William Allen White, editor of the "Emporia Gazette" and member of the Committee to defend America by Aiding the Allies.

His cable follows in full:

"You have asked my military opinion as to whether the time has come for America to give continued and further aid to England in the fight for civilization. The history of failure in war can almost be summarized in two words: 'Too late.' Too late in comprehending the deadly purpose of a potential enemy; too late in realizing the mortal danger; too late in preparedness; too late in uniting all possible forces for resistance; too late in standing with one's friends.

Victory in war results from no mysterious alchemy of wizardry but entirely upon the concentration of superior force at the critical points of combat. To face an adversary in detail has been the prayer of every conqueror in history. It is the secret of the past successes of the Axis powers in this war. It is their main hope for continued and ultimate victory.

"The greatest strategic mistake in all history will be made if America fails to recognize the vital moment, if she permits again the writing of that fatal epitaph: too late. Such coordinated help as may be regarded as proper by our leaders should be synchronized with the British effort so that the English-speaking peoples of the world will not be broken in detail. The vulnerability of singleness will disappear before unity of effort. Not too late, not tomorrow, but today."—Reuter.

Hongkong Evacuation To Be Pressed

All Women to Be Out by End of Year

Hongkong, Oct. 12.

That the Hongkong Government intends to evacuate every British woman from the Colony, with the exception of qualified nurses was stressed in an interview with the "Hongkong Daily Press" by Mr. N.L. Smith, Colonial Secretary, a few days ago.

He expressed the belief that this evacuation would be completed before the end of the year.

Mr. Smith said that 250 cases had already been examined by the Evacuation Advisory Committee. The Comittee holds a public session every Wednesday to provide an opportunity to those who desire to be exempted from the evacuation measures to state their case.

Plans are understood to be undet consideration for the dispatch of another evacuee ship to Australia. Some 200 to 300 British women would leave on the vessel.—Havas.

Furnished Apartments

ROOMS, 1-4 roomed apartments, houses, furnished and unfurnished. 185A Route Vallon, Telephone 70664. -5663

SUNNY three-roomed well-furnished flat, Route Dupleix near Ferguson. Large private garden, garage. Rent $250. Price US$1,000 or close. Another unfurnished at $350 for small premium or free if together with first flat. Telephone 14859 weekdays or 73250 weekends. 11785

FIRST-CLASS four-roomed apartment, centre Settlement. Two bathrooms, excellent furniture, all conveniences. Bargain at $6,000 for quick sale. Telephone 15633. 11791

TO LET, two-roomed, steamheated, fully-furnished apartment. Bathroom, kitchen, verandah; taxes, hot water, china, crockery, cutlery. Tifeng Road. Bus 14. Foreigners only. $400. Telephone 20666. 11756

VERY attractive, bright, five-roomed apartment. Rent US$35. Two baths, steamheating, hot/cold water, refrigerator. Furniture, carpets, radio etc. to be taken over, US$550. Can be seen 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. except Sundays, 745 Yuyuen Road. -5499

THREE-ROOMED apartment, nicely furnished, good location, Settlement, furniture to be taken over. Reasonable. Foreigners only, telephone 32103, 12-2. -5692

FIVE roomed apartment, Grosvenor House, partly furnished, available November first, nine months or year. Two bedrooms, two baths. Box 3067, NCDN. -5577

Unfurnished Apartments

TWO and three-roomed flats in Settlement and Concession. Reasonable terms. Shanghai Realty Co. -5613

TO LET: unfurnished, two-roomed flat, private bath, telephone. Private residence. 190 Route Delastre. -5716

THREE-ROOMED flat, $500 per month, near Bubbling Well and Yuyuen Roads. Address Box 3079, NCDN. -5608

FOR SALE or rent: A small up-to-date 3-storey building consisting of three 3-roomed apartments and roofgarden at 108, Route Lorioz. Ask watchman for inspection and apply Trust Department, National Commercial Bank, 230 Peking Road. 11920

TO LET: two-three-roomed apartments bath, kitchen. Concession. No keymoney. Apply General Investment Co. -5302

3-2-4 room flats. No keymoney. Concession. New Central Trading Co., 2 Peking Road. 11775

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To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before October 15, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 1560, 1682, 1898, 2036, 2060, 2103, 2106, 2116, 2224, 2229, 2244, 2250, 2278, 2356, 2365, 2460, 2471, 2496, 2519, 2559, 2561, 2583, 2592, 2602, 2603, 2645, 2646, 2683, 2694, 2752.

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Positions wanted, any number of insertions	15 cts.
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Minimum of 14 words

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News," 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

Rooms Without Board

LARGE sunny room, furnished, 45 Denis Apartments. 770 Bubbling Well, telephone 33837. 11803

STEAMHEATED room. Corner Joffre and Boissezon. Immediate occupation. Lady only, or quiet couple. Address Box 3132, NCDN. -5683

LARGE, comfortable furnished room, no bathroom, separate entrance, 749 Bubbling Well. Apply Flat 318.

UNFURNISHED rooms for rent. Airy, roomy, bathrooms, hot water. No key money. Reasonable terms. Married couples or families. Apply Apt. 7, 36G, Brenan Road. 11704

TO LET, well-furnished room, south-facing, central heating, rent $210 single person only. 1376 Avenue Joffre, telephone 75681. -5382

NICE convenient rooms to let for short periods. Bubbling Well Road, telephone 36593 from 1-3 p.m. -4959

Rooms with Board

IN private, detached, British residence, situated select, quiet, western Concession district, two rooms with private bath, unfurnished, $250. Breakfast/dinner by arrangement. Box 3087, NCDN. -5607

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable double room, private bathroom, garden. Telephone 35534. -5680

TUNSIN Lodge. Double rooms, newly furnished, with all conveniences. First class cuisine. European management. Garden, garage. Two minutes from bus stop 14 and 2. 42 Tunsin Road, House 28, Telephone 22946. -5339

DOUBLE room, with private bathroom. Lane 1220/55 Avenue Road. -5261

Houses and Land

REQUIRED, premises or a piece of land about 4 to 5 acres in Hongkew district, for factory. State all particulars. Reply to Box 3144, NCDN. -5707

FOR SALE, two modern, attractive apartment buildings (each containing four flats), on small corner properties in best residential sector French Concession. For particulars address Box 3110, NCDN. 11787

EXCELLENT site for apartment or residence, vicinity Seymour and Sinza Roads, area 1.372. Reasonable price. Apply Chuin Yih Co. Room 409, 255 Peking Road. -5392

BARGAIN (price below present construction cost). Avenue Joffre. Modern 5-storied apartment building (concrete), US$16,000; Lincoln Avenue, one mow, $6,500; Route Pichon: one fun lot (including plans ready for building) $11,000; Great Western Road: mow 0.8, $12,000. Apply Krivoss Realty, 1331 Joffre, telephone 73953. 1162F

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LARGE house and garden available in the western district, 8 rooms, 5 bathrooms. Apply The Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 11842

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OFFICE/share in office best location, with telephone, required immediately. Address Box 3015, NCDN. -5484

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WANTED. Two Dachshund puppies and a copy, in Italian, of Petrarch's Sonnets. Address Box 3109, NCDN. 11792

WANTED, services of a male Thibetan poodle. Please telephone Keylock & Pratt, telephone 39997. -5709

BEAUTIFUL pedigreed brindle black male Cairn terrier for sale, to good home. 16 months old. Registered C.K.C. Box 3057, NCDN. -5561

QUIET, well-mannered pony offered to suitable rider for cost of keep. Replies to Box 3051, NCDN. -5548

JOIN the China Kennel Club ($5) and register your dog ($2.50). Non-members registration $5. Room 3, 24 The Bund. 11690

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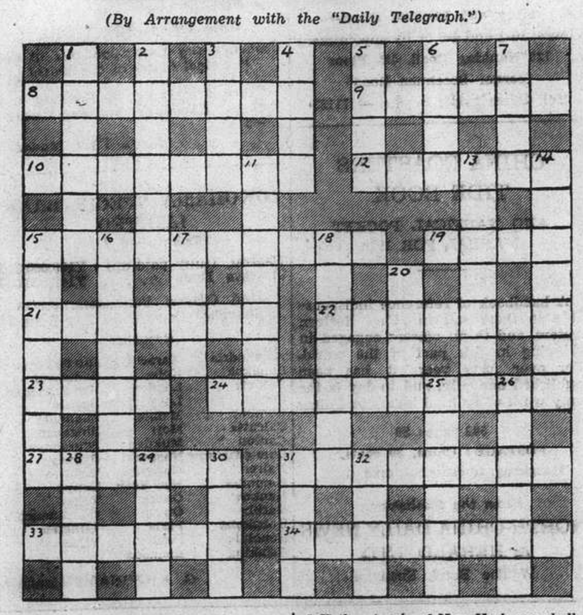
(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

8 This flower would mostly do well in the desert
9 Underground lovers could indulge their fancies by taking this
10 If this beam falls on your head it might, some consider, make you silly
12 Negligent
15 Not slow to start but too fussy altogether
19 This put an end to slavery
21 A vain fellow
22 The more it's cut the brighter it is, it's quite clear
23 Animals that may be found in 20 down
24 Fall away
27 One can see the French wave in this direction
31 A stone-age forbear perhaps, who came from a stone car
33 Items to be dealt with
34 Make the way make a road

DOWN

1 The god in this building is no doubt a 17 down
2 If the streets of New York are shelled, put it down to the presence of this vendor
3 A basis for investigation
4 Injure with more than purpose
5 This is an encouraging thing, but hardly kind
6 A sound company, evidently
7 This in coal is enormous
11 Ask yourself this friendly question, and answer it by writing in the solution
13 This is always in opposition to any motion
14 A heavenly colour
15 Wherein many things are made up, but not the man in it
16 In letters
17 See 1 down
18 An uncle in less pleasing guise
20 Part of the farm
25 One of the browns
26 Part of the body
28 An excessive celebration
29 Forbidding advice
30 Many pages
31 A fish gone all out of the straight
32 This may have struck intelligent people even in the stone age

SUNDAY'S SOLUTION.—**ACROSS**: 3, Tip-cat; 6, Plunge; 8, Reflect; 9, Hague; 10, Afield; 13, Two; 15, Eel; 17, Angers; 19, Index; 20, Chalked; 22, Keener; 23, Grudge. **DOWN**: 1, Upshot; 2, Surgeon; 3, Tee; 4, Pulse; 5, Arcade; 7, Grease; 11, Inside; 12, Leading; 14, Washer; 16, Luxury; 18, Gelid; 21, Eke.

Motor Cars and Cycles

MOTOR-CYCLE Velocette, 1935/36 model, solo 350 c/c., like new, US$125 or best offer. Telephone 75661, 1-2.30 p.m. -5614

1939 Dodge sedan, radio and heater, spare tyre, owner-driven. Must sell US$1,000. Telephone 70525. -5461

1940 Plymouth de luxe sedan, black, perfect condition, owner-driven, has always performed beautifully, for sale (including seat covers), US$1,000; Address Box 3094, NCDN. -5618

FOR SALE, one Austin 10, four-door, 1937 model, in perfect condition, US$600 or best offer. Telephone 21977 office hours, Box 3063, NCDN. -5601

1937 Plymouth de luxe sedan, light green, six-ply tyres, lifeguard inner tubes, safety glass, hot water heater, cigarette lighter, US$745 cash. Box 3056, NCDN. -5580

FOR SALE by owner, 1937 De Soto sedan, excellent condition, owner-driven, US$800 or nearest. Post Office Box 1572, telephone 70355. -5640

1930 Baby Austin, recently overhauled. New battery, tyres. Most economical car available. US$120, 361 Avenue Foch. -5704

1934/35 Terraplane, four-door sedan, perfect condition. 6 good tyres, US$360 or nearest offer. Telephone 17009 during office time, or Box 3137, NCDN. -5688

1934 Dodge coupe. Excellent condition. Radio. Will sell for US$375 or best offer. Box 3069, NCDN. -5590

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LIFT wanted daily, 6 a.m. Great Western/Tunsin/Edinburgh Roads/Bund. Box 3009, NCDN. -5470

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BACHELOR wants one-two roomed self-contained, furnished flat. Willing share house with garden. Wayside/Yangtszepoo district preferred. Telephone 52344 or Box 3149, NCDN. -5714

RUSSIAN lady with child requires room for one month, probably longer, from October twenty-first. Prefer Route Vallon district. Box 3084, NCDN. -5602

WANTED to rent, small house with garage on or near Route Frelupt. Occupation within one or two months. Willing to take over fixtures. Please send particulars to Box 3123, NCDN. -5662

ACCOMMODATION desired as paying guests by married couple, preferably with congenial private family. French Concession preferred. Garage needed. If desired can supply own furniture. Willing to pay good price for comfortable accommodation. State nationality. Please write Post Office Box 408. -5711

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FOREIGN Y.M.C.A. radio operator's class starting October 16, 6.30 p.m. Apply Educational Office, Telephone 92250. -5378

PIANO lessons. Chord system. Easy method for adults. A1 references. $25 monthly, twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -5426

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Lost

LOST One Customs stamped Delivery Order ex ss. Eurybates dated 11/9/40, B/Lading No. 13/2, mark K/181/S inside diamond and I. K. & Co. around same, cases Nos. 4/6. 3. cases alpaca plush. We hereby declare this Delivery Order to be null and void. I. Kahan & Co. -5644

LOST. Customs stamped Bill/Lading Taiyo Maru V-14 Manifest No. 234, 5 bundles carbon steel, lost and hereby declared null and void. Nichibei Shoji Kaisha. 11787

LOST, one Customs stamped Delivery Order No. 7242 ex ss. Ombilin dated 17/4/40. No marks, covering 19.554 lb rice and maize sweepings, lost and hereby declared null and void. Louis Dreyfus & Cie. 11811

LOST, Bill of Lading No. 140 stamped by the Customs, per s/s. Steel Voyager from New York, covering 5 packages lubricating oil etc., in the name of Van Shing & Co. Delivery has been stopped and the B/L declared null and void. James Magill & Co. 11792

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5525

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WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. 125 Kiaochow Road, House 7. Telephone 34663, Mr. Engel. -5665

WANTED buy secondhand furniture, carpets, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 38965, Mr. Bers, 9-7 p.m. daily. -5283

Boats

WANTED to buy, auxiliary cruising yacht. State year built, power of engine, L.O.A. and L.W.L., breadth, number of berths, etc., also price. Address Box 2993, NCDN. 11720

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 305 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. -5064

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Fine to cloudy weather with variable winds over China and over the Yellow Sea. Overcast to cloudy with local showers over the Eastern Sea.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 68.0 max. 79.0	min. 66.9 max. 80.2
„ same date last year	min. 65.0 max. 78.8	min. 68.9 max. 79.2
Rainfall .30		

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, MONDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1940 (14th day of 9th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Oct. 17, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on Oct. 29. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service

Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 3 p.m.

Next steamership mails for America and Europe: Oct. 22, 1940.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

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EVERY WEDNESDAY

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

OCTOBER

14 Mr. E. de Valera's birthday (1882)
14 First baptism, Holy Trinity Church, Shanghai (1849)

COMING EVENTS

OCTOBER

15 B.W.A. Jumble sale, 9.30 a.m.
17 Le Ballet Russe in 'Coq d'or' fantastic and amusing ballet in 3 acts, Lyc. 9.15
19 Ballet Russe 'Coq d'or' Lyc. 9.15
19 5th Rover Ball, aid of British Red Cross, Am. Women's Club, 9
20 Ballet Russe 'Coq d'Or' Lyc. 2.15, 9.15
21 Engineering Society Meeting, 5.45
24 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, SIBC, 304 Mohawk, 2
26 St. Andrew's Soc. ann. gen. mtg.
26 B.W.A. concert, 9.30
29 Vladimir Havsky, farewell concert, Lyc., 9.15
30 A.D.C. 'Tony Draws a Horse,' Lyc. 9.15
31 A.D.C. 'Tony Draws a Horse,' Lyc. 9.15

NOVEMBER

1 A.D.C. 'Tony Draws a Horse,' Lyc. 9.15
2 A.D.C. 'Tony Draws a Horse,' Lyc. 9.15
7 Jumble UC hall, Limb. Rd. 9.30 a.m.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificate No. 588 for 100 Shares numbered 708162/261 in the name of Mrs. Virginia T. Lindsley is declared to have been lost and unless its existence is notified to the undersigned within thirty days hereof the same will be cancelled in the Books of the Company and a new certificate issued in its place.

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WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Oct. 12 16.00	Oct. 12 21.00	Oct. 13 4.00	Oct. 13 9.00
Barometer (inches)	30.07	30.08	29.99	30.05
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.10	—0.03	—0.06	—0.11
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.08	—0.08	—0.08	—0.03
Wind (direction)	SSE	SE/E	WNW	NW
„ (miles per hour)	8.1	8.1	1.2	6.2
Temperature (Fahr.)	68.5°	67.8°	68.4°	70.3°
Humidity (per cent)	98	99	96	88
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	9
Rainfall (inches)	1.15	0.10	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Oct. 12	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.12	—0.09	30.09
Temp. min. 64.2° Max. 75.9°	70.1°	+2.6°	64.8°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	38.72	1.25	39.50

Time and Tide	14/10	15/10	16/10	17/10	18/10	19/10	20/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.56	5.57	5.57	5.58	5.58	5.59	6.00
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.24	17.23	17.22	17.21	17.20	17.19	17.17
Moon rises at Shanghai	16.18	16.50	17.24	18.00	18.37	19.19	20.03
Moon sets at Shanghai	3.54	4.46	5.38	6.30	7.23	8.16	9.08
Flood makes Shai. (day)	9.05	9.30	9.55	10.25	10.57	11.35	12.24
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	14.50	15.17	15.40	16.01	16.25	16.52	17.25
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	11.00	11.27	11.48	12.13	12.37	13.21	13.43
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	9.70	—	10.12	10.15	9.52	9.84	9.00

The above are zone times. Daylight saving time is one hour later.

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 12th:—Anticyclone over the Sea of Japan moving eastward. Depression over Mongolia. Low area over Yangtze Mouth. Fine to cloudy weather with southerly winds over north China and the Yellow Sea: With northerly to easterly winds to the Eastern Sea. Cloudy to overcast with showers and variable breezes over our regions.

State on the morning of the 13th:—Normal and unsteady pressures over China: high over Japan. Low area over the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head Post office Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

MONDAY, October 14.	Reg.	Ord.
Shenkaimen and Tinghai	x 9.30	10.00
Nantung	14.30	15.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Colombo)	ax15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	x 15.30	16.00
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
TUESDAY, October 15.		
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Hongkong and Canton	*20.00	8.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	9.30	10.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	19.00	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

* The night before
A Parcel mail for India, closes at 12.00 on 14th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
(Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on October 31, 1940.)

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at noon and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 11.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Kaigan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.
Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.
Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 9 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 9 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Via S.H.N.R. 12.30 p.m.; for Sungkiang and Hangchow 12.30 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 9 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 9 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Remark: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'tsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains. (for time of closing, see above).

Acknowledgments

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

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K.D.S. Hospital Fund
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Western Circle Hospital Fund
Ellen and May Jansen $15

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DINING-ROOM suite, brown teakwood, with eight chairs. Telephone 39534. 11783

SECONDHAND. Whether you want to purchase cheap furniture, carpets, or sell them, call Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -5605

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route des Soeurs. House 3. -5029

RCA Victor portable gramophone, as new, with about 50 records. Best offer. Box 3058, NCDN. -5561

BEDROOM suite, 8 pieces, glass-tops, two divan beds. Recent purchase. $500. Box 3068, NCDN. -5579

WESTINGHOUSE refrigerator, 7 cub. ft. in good working order, price US$100. Telephone 20666. 11755

SERGE: navy-blue/brown pinstripes, suitable suits and costumes, 58 inches wide, $45 yard.